



Keor MOD RI

EN

ENGLISH

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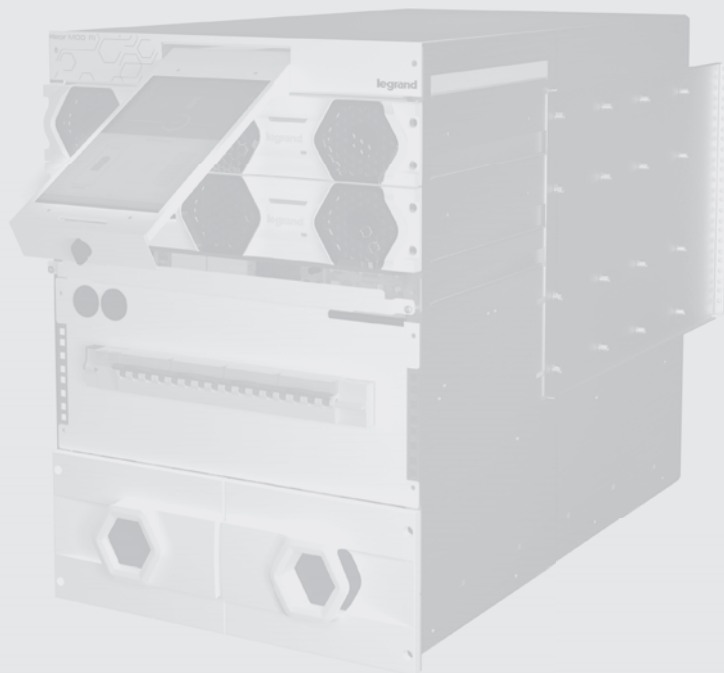


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1. Introduction



INDICATION

The instructions in this manual are intended for a **SKILLED TECHNICIAN** (paragraph 2.2.1)

1.1 Purpose of the manual

The purpose of this manual is to provide the skilled technician (see paragraph 2.2.1) with instructions for safely installing the Keor MOD RI UPS, also called “equipment” in the rest of the manual and carry out ordinary maintenance procedures.

Extraordinary maintenance operations are not dealt with because they are the sole preserve of the LEGRAND Technical Support Service.

The reading of this manual is essential but does not substitute the skill of technical personnel who must have received adequate preliminary training.

The intended use and configurations envisaged for the equipment as shown in this manual are the only ones allowed by the Manufacturer.

Any other use or configuration must be previously agreed with the Manufacturer in writing and, in this case, the written agreement will be attached to the installation and user manuals.

This manual also refers to laws, directives and standards that the skilled technician is required to be aware of and consult.

The original text of this publication, drafted in English, is the only reference for the resolution of disputes of interpretation linked to translations into other languages.

1.2 Symbols in the manual

Some operations are shown in graphic symbols that draw the attention of the reader to the danger or the importance they imply:



DANGER

This indication shows a danger entailing a high degree of risk that, if not avoided, will lead to death or serious injury or considerable damage to the equipment and things around it.



WARNING

This indication shows a danger entailing a medium degree of risk that, if not avoided, could lead to death or serious injury or considerable damage to the equipment and the things around it.



CAUTION

This indication shows a danger entailing a low level of risk that, if not avoided, could lead to minor or moderate injury or material damage to the equipment and the things around it.

INDICATION

This symbol indicates important information which should be read carefully.

1.3 Where and how to keep the manual

This manual must be kept in a safe, dry place and must always be available for consultation exclusively by the skilled technician.

It is recommended to make a copy of it and file it away.

If information is exchanged with the Manufacturer or the authorized assistance personnel, it is essential to refer to the equipment’s rating plate data and serial number.

INDICATION

The manuals provided with the equipment are an integral part of it and must therefore be kept for its entire lifetime. In case of need (for example in case of damage that even partially compromises its consultation) the skilled technician is required to get a new copy from the Manufacturer, quoting the publication code on the cover.

1. Introduction

1.4 Update of the manual

The manual reflects the state of the art when the equipment was put onto the market. The publication conforms to the directives current on that date. The manual cannot be considered inadequate when new standards come into force or modifications are made to the equipment.

Any addition to the manual the Manufacturer considers appropriate to send to the users, must be kept together with the manual of which they will become an integral part.

The version of the manual updated to its latest release is available on the Internet at <https://ups.legrand.com>

1.5 Manufacturer's liability and guarantee

The skilled technician and the operator shall scrupulously comply with the precautions and installation instructions indicated in the manuals. They must:

- always work within the operating limits of the equipment;
- always carry out constant and careful maintenance through a skilled technician who complies with all the procedures indicated in the installation and maintenance manual.

The Manufacturer declines all indirect or direct responsibility arising from:

- assembly and cabling made by personnel not qualified and authorized by LEGRAND and not fully qualified according to national standards to work on equipment presenting electrical hazards;
- assembly and cabling made without using safety equipment and tools required by national safety standards;
- failure to observe the installation and maintenance instructions and use of the equipment which differs from the specifications in the manuals;
- use by personnel who have not read and thoroughly understood the content of the user manual;
- use that does not comply with the specific standards used in the country where the equipment is installed;
- modifications made to the equipment, software, functioning logic unless they have been authorized by the Manufacturer in writing;
- repairs that have not been authorized by the LEGRAND Technical Support Service;
- damage caused intentionally, through negligence, by acts of God, natural phenomena, fire or liquid infiltration;
- damage caused by the use of batteries and protections not specified in the manuals;
- damage caused by improper unloading and transportation after delivery of the equipment;
- accidents caused by a wrong assembly of the safety protections or due to the lack of application of the safety labels specified in the installation manual.

The transfer of the equipment to others also requires to hand over all the manuals. Failure to do it will automatically nullify any right of the buyer, including the terms of the guarantee where applicable.

If the equipment is sold to a third party in a country where a different language is spoken, the original owner shall be responsible for providing a faithful translation of this manual in the language of the country where the equipment will be used.

1.5.1 Guarantee terms

The guarantee terms may vary depending on the country where the UPS is sold. Check the validity and duration with LEGRAND's local sale representative.

If there should be a fault in the product, contact the LEGRAND Technical Support Service which will provide all the instructions on what to do.

Do not send anything back without LEGRAND's prior authorization.

The guarantee becomes void if the UPS has not been brought into service by a properly trained skilled technician qualified and authorized by LEGRAND (see paragraph 2.2.1).

If during the guarantee period the UPS does not conform to the characteristics and performance laid down in this manual, LEGRAND at its discretion will repair or replace the UPS and relative parts.

All the repaired or replaced parts will remain LEGRAND's property.

LEGRAND is not responsible for costs such as:

- losses of profits or earnings;
- losses of equipment, data or software;
- claims by third parties;
- any damage to persons or things due to improper use, unauthorized technical alterations or modifications;
- any damage to persons or things due to installations where the full compliance with the standard regulating the specific usage applications have not been guaranteed.

1.5.2 Extension of the guarantee and maintenance contracts

The standard guarantee can be consolidated in a single extension contract (maintenance contract).

Once the guarantee period has passed, LEGRAND is available for giving a technical assistance service able to meet all requirements, maintenance agreements, 24/7 availability and monitoring.

Please, contact the LEGRAND Technical Support Service for further information.

1.6 Copyright

The information contained in this manual cannot be disclosed to any third party. Any partial or total duplication of the manual by photocopying or other systems, including electronic scanning, which is not authorized in writing by the Manufacturer, violates copyright conditions and may lead to prosecution.

LEGRAND reserves the copyright of this publication and prohibits its reproduction wholly or in part without previous written authorization.

2. Regulatory and safety requirements



Before carrying out any operation on the equipment, it is necessary to read the entire manual carefully, especially this chapter.

Look after this manual carefully and consult it repeatedly during installation and maintenance by a skilled technician.

2.1 General notes

The equipment has been made for the applications given in the manual. It may not be used for purposes other than those for which it has been designed, or differently from those specified in this manual.

The various operations must be carried out according to the criteria and the chronology described in this manual.

2.2 Definitions of “Skilled Technician” and “Operator”

2.2.1 Skilled Technician

The professional that will carry out the installation, start up and ordinary maintenance is called “Skilled Technician”.

This definition refers to people qualified by LEGRAND who have the specific technical qualification and are aware of the method of installing, assembling, repairing, bringing online and using the equipment safely.

In addition to the requirements listed in the paragraph below for a general operator, the Skilled Technician is qualified according to national safety standards to work under dangerous electrical voltage and uses the personal protective equipment required by national safety standards for all the operations indicated in this manual (see the examples listed in paragraph 2.3).

INDICATION

The safety manager is responsible for protection and company risks prevention according to what is indicated in European directives 2007/30/EC and 89/391/EEC regarding safety in the workplace.

The safety manager must ensure that all the people working on the equipment have received all the instructions concerning them in the manual, especially those contained in this chapter.

2.2.2 Operator

The professional assigned to the equipment for normal use is called “Operator”.

This definition refers to people who know how to operate the equipment defined in the user manual and have the following requisites:

1. technical education, which enables them to operate according to safety standards in relation to the dangers linked to the presence of electric current;
2. training on the use of personal protective equipment and basic first aid interventions.

The company safety manager, in choosing the person (operator) who uses the equipment, must consider

- the person's work fitness according to the laws in force;
- the physical aspect (not disabled in any way);
- the psychological aspect (mental stability, sense of responsibility);
- the educational background, training and experience;
- the knowledge of the standards, regulations and measures for accident prevention.

He shall also provide training in such a way as to provide thorough knowledge of the equipment and its component parts.

Some typical activities the operator is expected to carry out are:

- the use of the equipment in its normal functioning state and the restore of the functioning after it shuts down;
- the adoption of the necessary provisions for maintaining the quality performance of the UPS;
- the cleaning of the equipment;
- cooperation with personnel responsible for ordinary maintenance activities (Skilled Technicians).





2.3 Personal Protective Equipment



The UPS poses a considerable risk of electric shocks and a high short circuit current. During installation, use and maintenance operations, the equipment mentioned in this section must be used.

People responsible for operating this equipment and/or passing close to it must not wear garments with flowing sleeves, nor may laces, belts, bracelets or other metal pieces that might cause a danger.

The following list sum up the minimum Personal Protective Equipment to wear always. Additional requirements may be needed according to national safety standards.




-  Anti-accident and non-sparking shoes with rubber sole and reinforced toe
-  Protective gloves for handling operations
-  Isolated rubber gloves for operations of connection and work under hazardous voltage
-  Protective garments for electrical work
-  Protective face and head shield
-   Isolated tools

INDICATION

The skilled technician must work on electrical insulated carpet and he must not wear any kind of metal objects like watches, bracelets, etc.

2.4 Hazard signs in the workplace

The following signs must be exhibited at all points of access to the room where the equipment is installed:

-  Electric current
This sign indicates the electrical live parts.
-  How to proceed in an emergency
Do not use water to quench fires but just the extinguishers specially designed for putting out fires in electrical equipment.
-  No smoking
This sign indicates that smoking is not allowed.

2.5 Signs on the equipment

Displayed on the UPS are explanatory plates that can vary depending on the country the equipment is intended for and constructional standards applied.

Make sure the instructions are adhered to. Removing these plates and working in a way that differs from what written there, is strictly prohibited.

The plates must always be clearly read and they must be cleaned periodically.

If a plate deteriorates and/or it is no longer legible, even partially, the Manufacturer must be contacted for another one.

CAUTION

The plates must not be removed or covered. Signs in different languages are provided along with the equipment to replace those in English. No other plates may be affixed to the equipment without the Manufacturer's prior written authorisation

2. Regulatory and safety requirements

WARNING

Potential risks can be drastically reduced by wearing the Personal Protective Equipment listed in this chapter, which are indispensable. Always operate with due care around dangerous areas marked by the appropriate warning notices on the equipment.

2.6 General warnings

DANGER

The UPS works with dangerous voltages. Only skilled technicians qualified and authorized by LEGRAND must perform the installation and ordinary maintenance operations. No part of the UPS can be repaired by the operator. Extraordinary maintenance operations must be carried out by LEGRAND Technical Support Service personnel.

DANGER

Before beginning any installation and/or maintenance operation, make sure that all the DC and AC power sources are disconnected.

The UPS and the external battery cabinet, if present, must be installed with an earth connection to avoid high leakage currents. First connect the earthing cable.

Check during each installation and/or maintenance operation the continuity of the earthing system.

DANGER

The UPS is powered by its own DC energy source (batteries). The output terminals may have a dangerous voltage even if the UPS is not connected to the AC power network.

Disconnect all battery drawers and external battery cabinets before performing any installation and/or maintenance operation.

WARNING

A battery can present a risk of electrical shock and burns by high short-circuit current. Failed batteries can reach temperatures that exceed the burn thresholds for touchable surfaces. The following precautions should be observed when working on batteries:

- a) remove watches, rings or other metal objects.
- b) use tools with insulated handles.
- c) wear rubber gloves and boots.
- d) do not lay tools or metal parts on top of batteries.
- e) disconnect the charging source prior to connecting or disconnecting battery terminals.
- f) determine if battery is inadvertently grounded. If inadvertently grounded, remove source from ground. Contact with any part of a grounded battery can result in electrical shock. The likelihood of such shock can be reduced if such grounds are removed during installation and maintenance (applicable to equipment and remote battery supplies not having a grounded supply circuit).
- g) never leave live cable terminals without an insulated protection.
- h) When replacing batteries, replace with the same type and number of batteries or battery packs. There is the risk of explosion if batteries are replaced by an incorrect type.

Do not dispose of batteries in a fire. The batteries may explode.

Do not open or mutilate batteries. Released electrolyte is harmful to the skin and eyes. It may be toxic. The batteries installed inside the cabinet must be disposed of correctly. For the disposal requirements refer to local laws and relevant standards.

INDICATION

The UPS functions with TT, IT, TN-C and TN-S systems. The output neutral status is the same as the input neutral status. When the output load needs a different neutral status, it is necessary to place downstream of the UPS a suitably scaled isolation transformer that must be protected in compliance with the standards in force.

CAUTION

Do not open the battery fuse holders while the UPS is powering the loads in battery mode.

 **WARNING**

To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, the UPS must work in closed, clean environments with controlled temperature and humidity. It must be kept away from inflammable liquids and corrosive substances. The room temperature must not be above +40°C (+104°F) and the relative humidity must be a maximum of 95% not condensing.

 **WARNING**

Keor MOD RI is a category C3 UPS according to the standard EN IEC 62040-2.

The UPS is a product for commercial and industrial application in the second environment – installation restrictions or additional measures may be needed to prevent disturbances.

INDICATION

When the UPS is used for special applications such as life support systems or any other application where a product failure is likely to cause substantial harm to people, it is mandatory to contact LEGRAND to confirm the possibility of the equipment to meet the requested level of safety, performance, reliability and compliance with applicable laws, regulations and specifications.

 **CAUTION**

- While maintenance operations are being carried out, "Maintenance work in progress" signs must be affixed in the department in such a way that they can be easily seen from any access area.
- The connection of the equipment (and of any accessory devices) signs must always be perfectly grounded to discharge short-circuit currents and electrostatic voltages. The input voltage must correspond with the value shown on the rating plate. Current adapters must not be used under any circumstances. Pay attention to polarity when connecting.
- Any intervention on the equipment must be done only after it has been disconnected from the power supply network by means of a switch disconnecter and must be locked with an appropriate padlock.
- The UPS must not be turned on if liquid is leaking from the batteries.
- Depositing flammable material near the equipment is strictly forbidden. The equipment should always be locked, and only specifically trained personnel are allowed access to it.
- Do not disable any safety, notification or warning device and do not ignore any alarm, warning message or notice, no matter whether they are generated automatically or represented by plates fixed to the equipment.
- Do not run the equipment with fixed protections not installed (panels etc.).
- In case of breaking, buckling or malfunctioning of the equipment or parts of it, repair or replace immediately.
- When replacing fuses, only use ones of the same type.
- The replacement of the batteries is an operation intended to be carried out by a skilled technician.
- Keep a register in which to enter the date, time, type, performer's name and any other useful information about each and any routine and extraordinary maintenance operation.
- Do not use oils or chemical products for cleaning because they could scratch, corrode or damage certain parts of the equipment.
- The equipment and workplace must be kept completely clean.
- Upon completion of the maintenance operations, before connecting the power supply, carefully check that no tools and/or material of any kind have been left next to the equipment.

INDICATION

The skilled technician must not leave at the disposal of the operator:

- the keys for opening the rack cabinet;
- the installation and maintenance manual.

2.7 How to proceed in an emergency

The following information are general. For the specific interventions consult the regulations in force in the country where the equipment is installed.

2.7.1 First-aid procedures

When administering first aid, adhere to the company rules and the usual procedures.

2.7.2 Fire procedures

Do not use water to quench fires but just the extinguishers specially designed for putting out fires on electrical equipment.

3. Transportation and placement

3.1 Visual check

On delivery of the UPS, carefully inspect the packaging and the equipment for any damage that might have occurred during transport. Check there is no damage to the indicator on the outer label reading "Shock Watch".

If there is possible or ascertained damage, immediately inform:

- the transporter;
- the LEGRAND Technical Support Service.

Check that the equipment corresponds with the items indicated in the delivery documentation.

If the UPS must be stored, follow the instructions of Chapter 7.

3.2 Equipment check

The equipment and the relative supplied accessories must be in perfect conditions.

Check that:

- the shipping data (address of the recipient, no. of packages, order no, etc.) correspond to what is contained in the delivery documentation;
- the technical rating plate data on the label applied to the UPS correspond with the material described in the delivery documentation;
- the documentation accompanying the equipment includes the installation and user manuals.

In case of discrepancy, immediately inform the LEGRAND Technical Support Service before commissioning the equipment.

The content of the supply is subject to thorough checking before the shipment. Nonetheless it is always advisable to check that it is complete and in order on receiving the material.

The following list is general:

- 1 UPS (empty cabinet);
- 1 accessory box;
- user manual;
- installation and maintenance manual.

This is the content of the accessory box:

- 1 x Front left sliding bracket for rack cabinet;
- 1 x Front right sliding bracket for rack cabinet;
- 2 x Back sliding bracket for rack cabinet;
- Hexagon socket head cap screws M6x20;
- Cage nuts M6;
- Self-tapping screws countersunk head M4x10;
- Cable tie holders for M4 screws;
- Cable ties 200x3.5mm;
- Washers.

In case of defects and/or missing items, immediately inform the LEGRAND Technical Support Service before commissioning the equipment.

INDICATION

The installation manual must be used and consulted only by Skilled Technicians.

INDICATION

Power modules and battery drawers to be installed must be bought separately.

3.3 Transportation



WARNING

The UPS must be placed and stand in a vertical position throughout the transportation. It shall also be packed properly. Move the UPS very carefully, lifting it as little as possible and avoiding dangerous swings or falls.

Follow always the directions indicated in the symbols present on the packaging.

The equipment must always be handled by trained and instructed personnel. Comply with the safety regulations in force in your country relative to the usage of lifting equipment and/or accessories.

For any lifting, use a forklift or a transpallet with an adequate carrying capacity, placing the forks in the specific spaces of the base and making sure they come out on the other side by at least twenty centimetres.

3.4 Placement

Keor Mod RI must be installed into an empty 19" rack cabinet at least 1000 mm deep and the front posts of the rack should be positioned at the most forward attachment point possible. Install the UPS at the bottom of the rack cabinet.

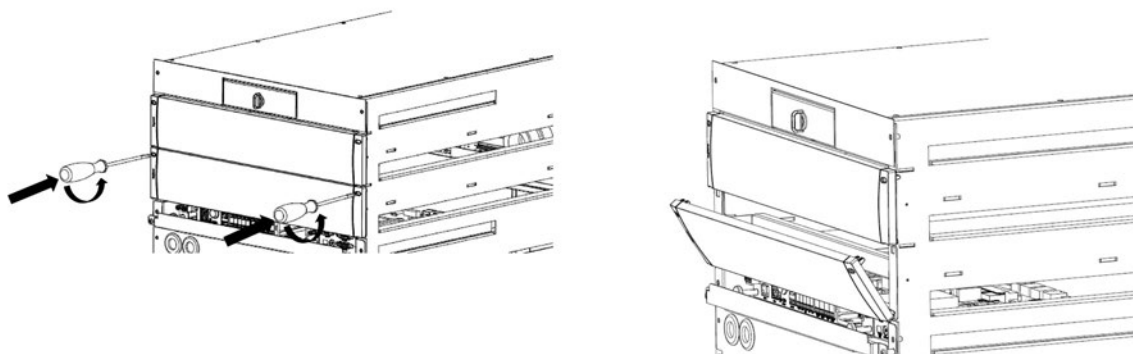
3.4.1 Power modules installation

Before the UPS is inserted into the rack cabinet, it is necessary to install the power modules. Keor MOD RI 25 has one power module while Keor MOD 50 has two power modules. For both models, it is possible to add one power module only for redundancy.

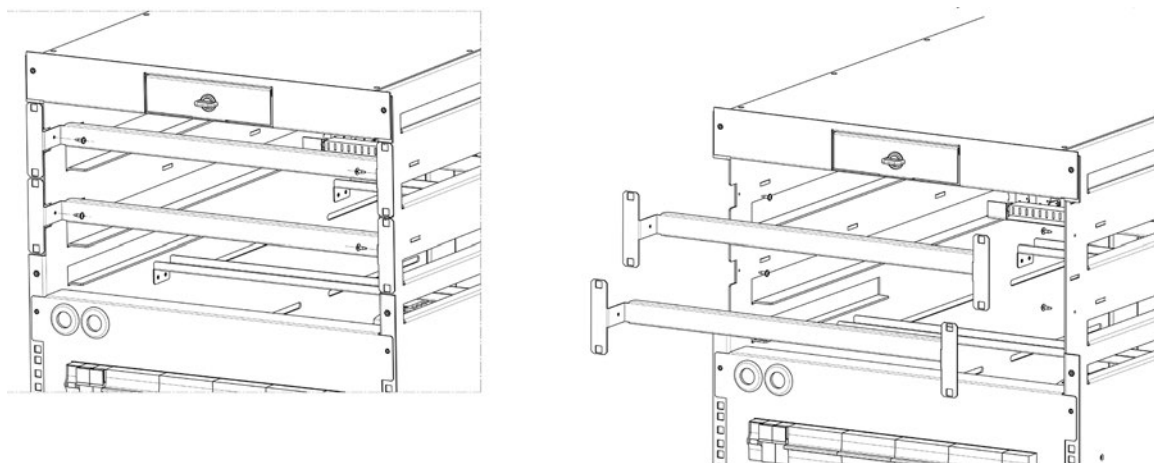
During the installation it is necessary to use the appropriate Personal Protective Equipment like protective gloves and anti-accident shoes (see paragraph 2.3).

Insert the power modules one at a time starting from the bottom.

Insert two screwdrivers in the upper parts of the plastic slot cover where the power module must be installed. Slightly turn the screwdrivers down to unhook the cover.

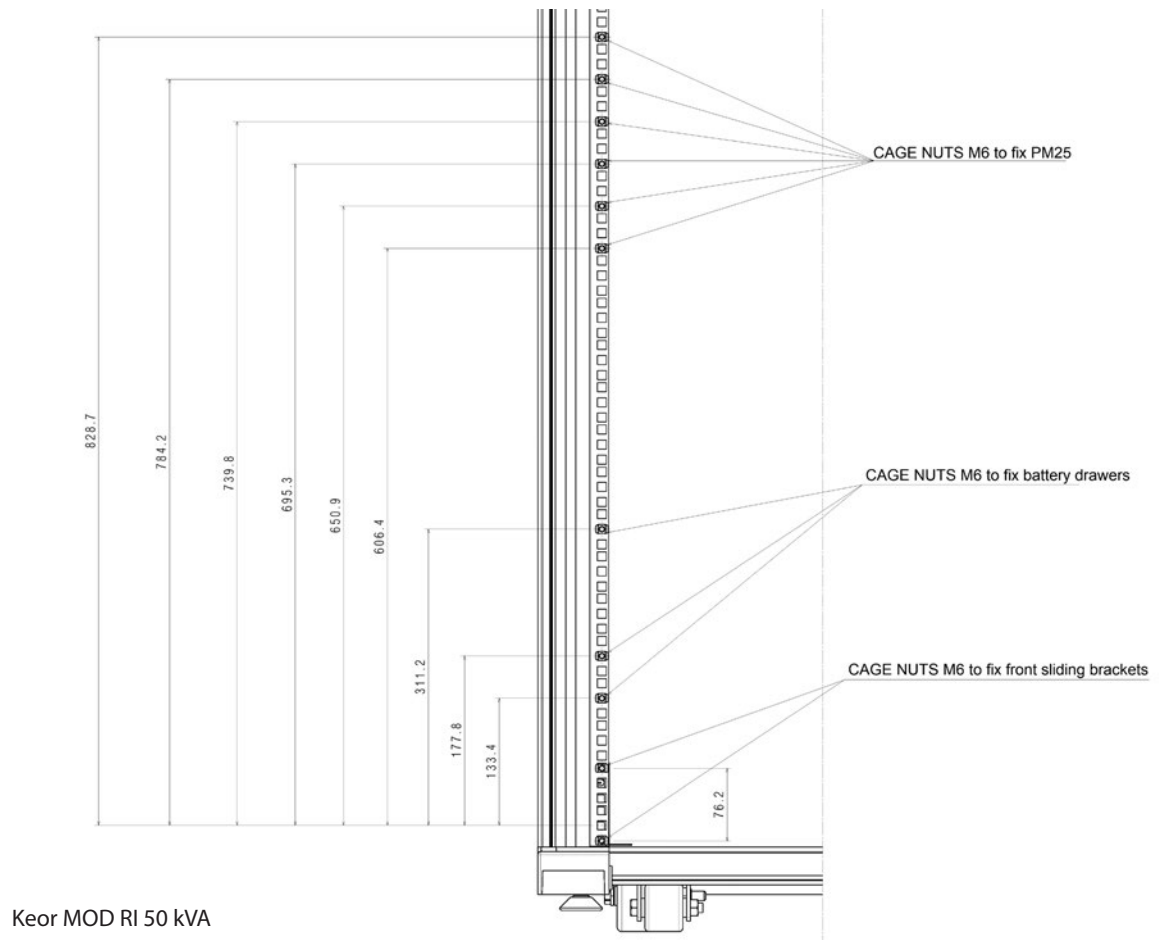
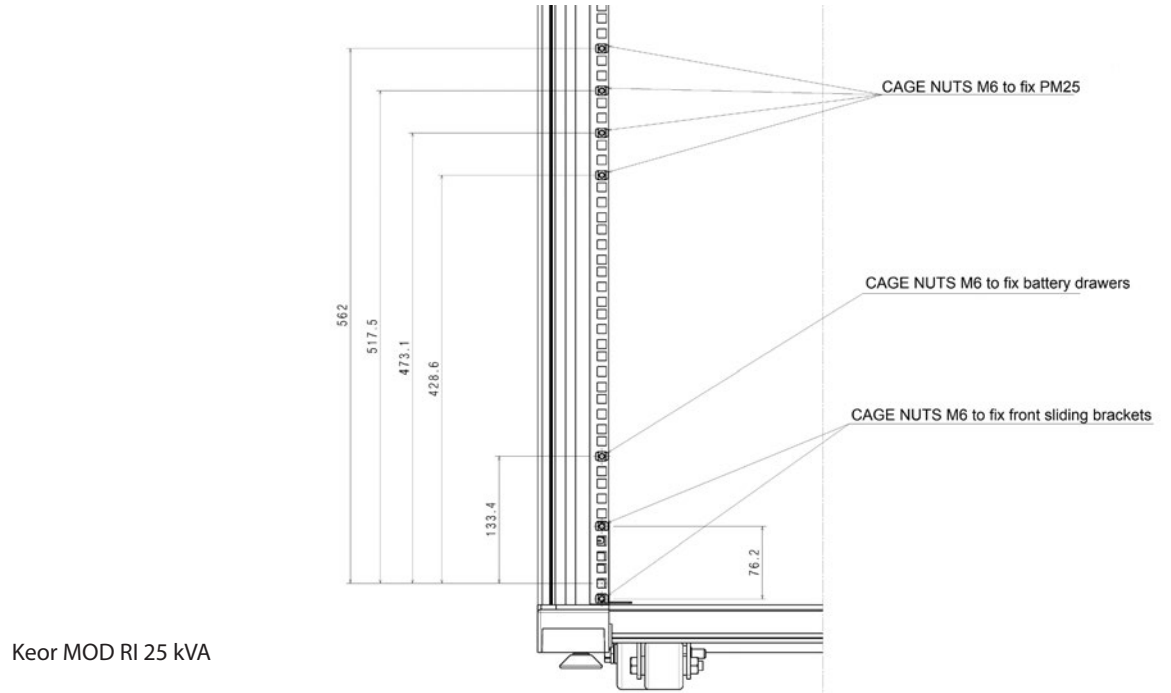


Remove the metal supports for the plastic cover panels. For the Keor MOD RI 25, unscrew 6 M3 screws to remove 2 supports. For the Keor MOD RI 50, unscrew 8 M3 screws to remove 3 supports.

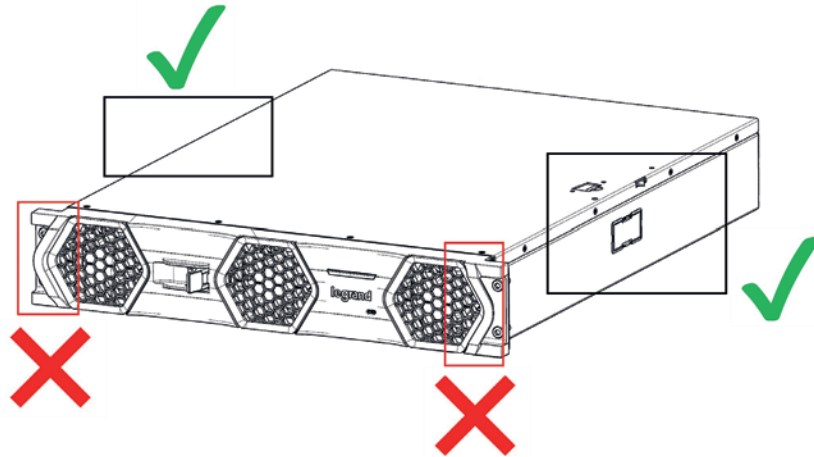


3. Transportation and placement

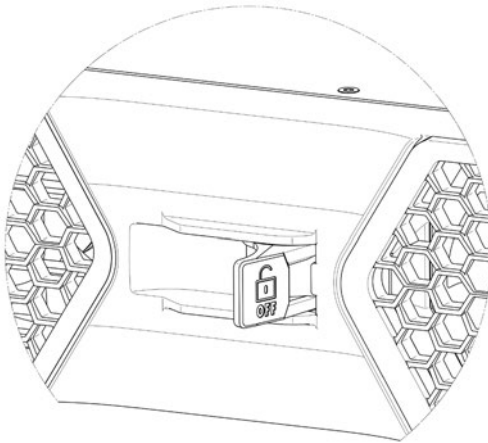
Add M6 cage nuts to the front posts of the rack cabinet according to the model of Keor MOD RI used. These cages are necessary to fix later the power modules and the battery drawers.



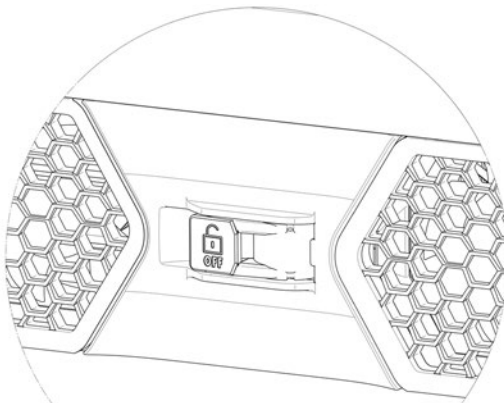
Handle the power module from his sides and never from the front.



Remove the film protector from the front of the power module. Insert the power module in the free slot, making sure that its switch in the front is open.



Make sure that the power module is abut and then close its front switch.

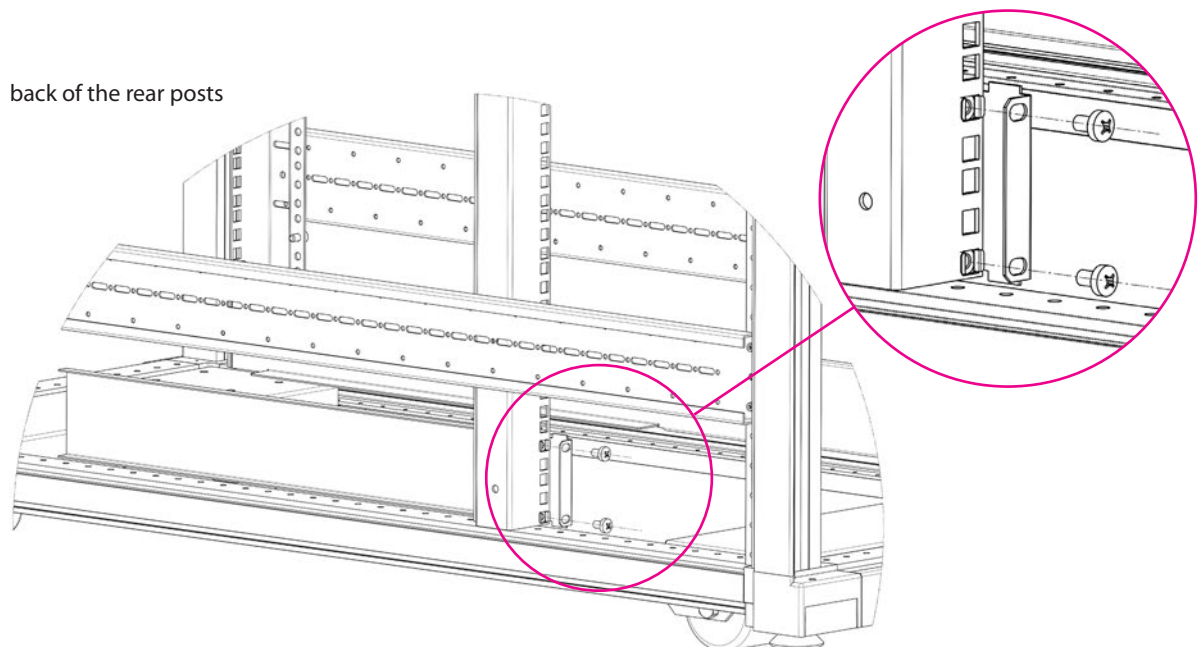
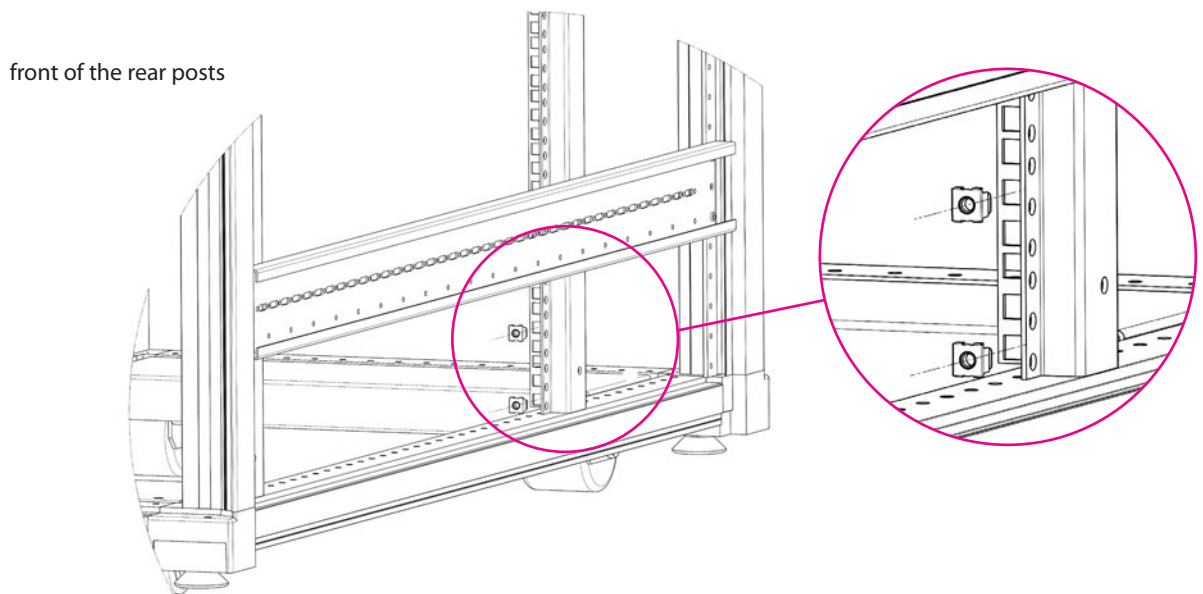


3. Transportation and placement

3.4.2 Rack cabinet mounting

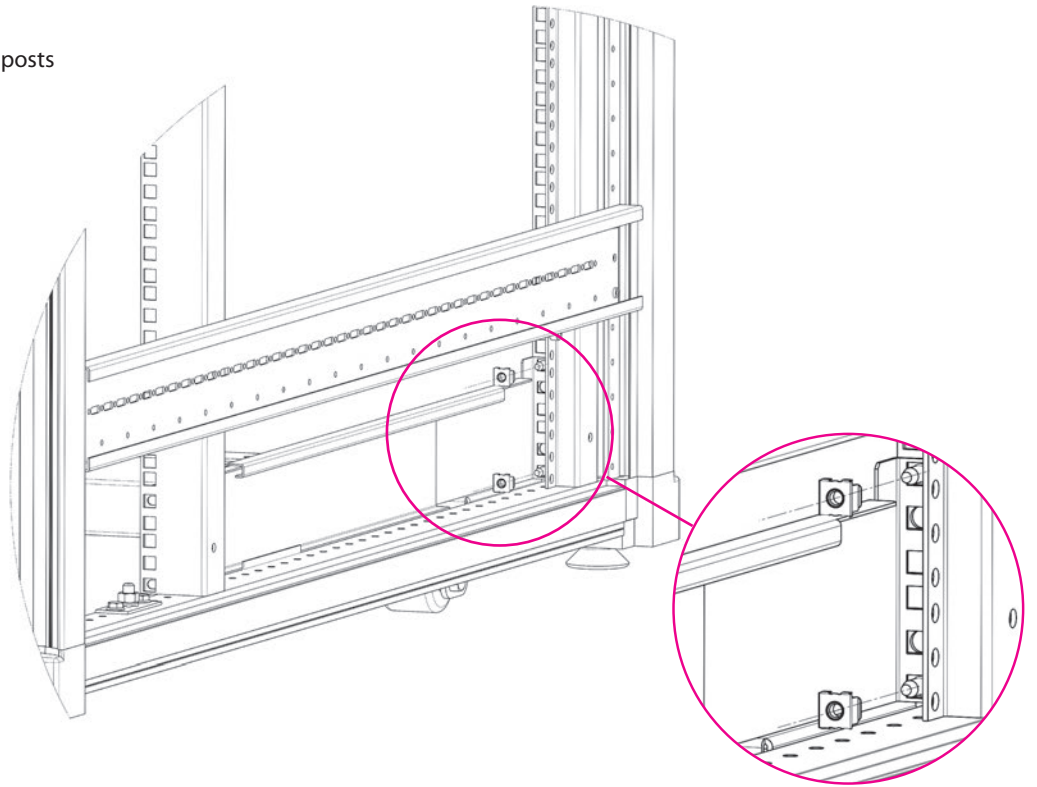
1) Fix the two back sliding brackets to the rear posts of the rack cabinet.

For each of the two rear posts of the cabinet, use two cage nuts M6 for the front and fix the bracket to the back using two hexagon socket head cap screws M6x20.

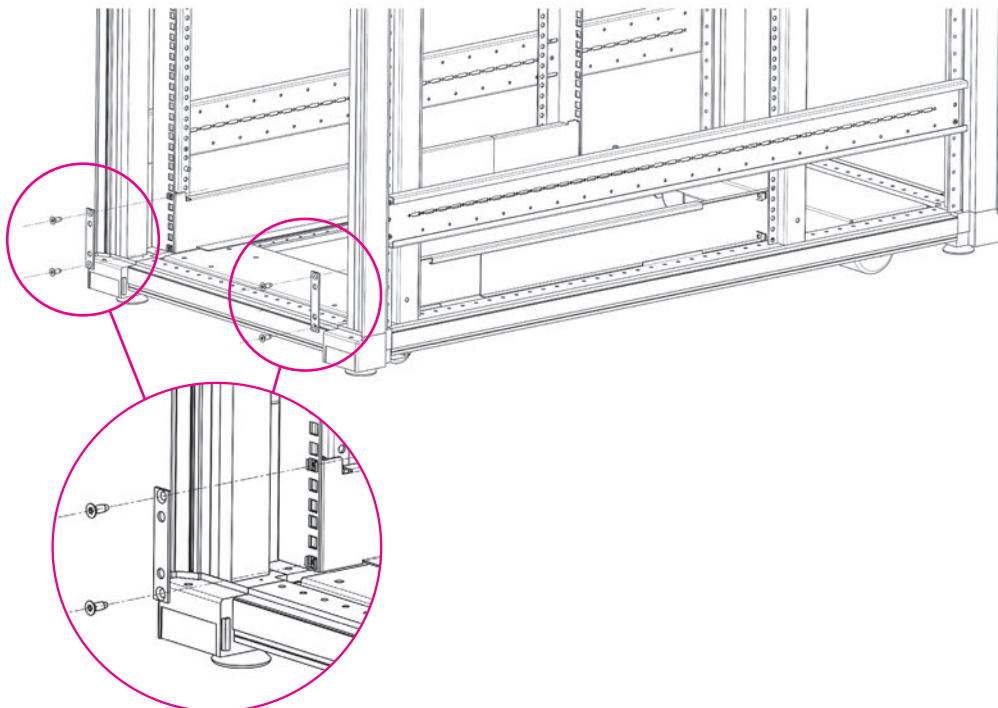


- 2) Insert the front left sliding bracket on the back sliding bracket located on the left side and the front right sliding bracket on the back sliding bracket located on the right side.
Fix the two front sliding brackets to the front posts.
For each of the two front posts of the cabinet, use two cage nuts M6 for the back and fix the bracket to the front using the provided plate and two hexagon socket head cap screws M6x20.

back of the front posts

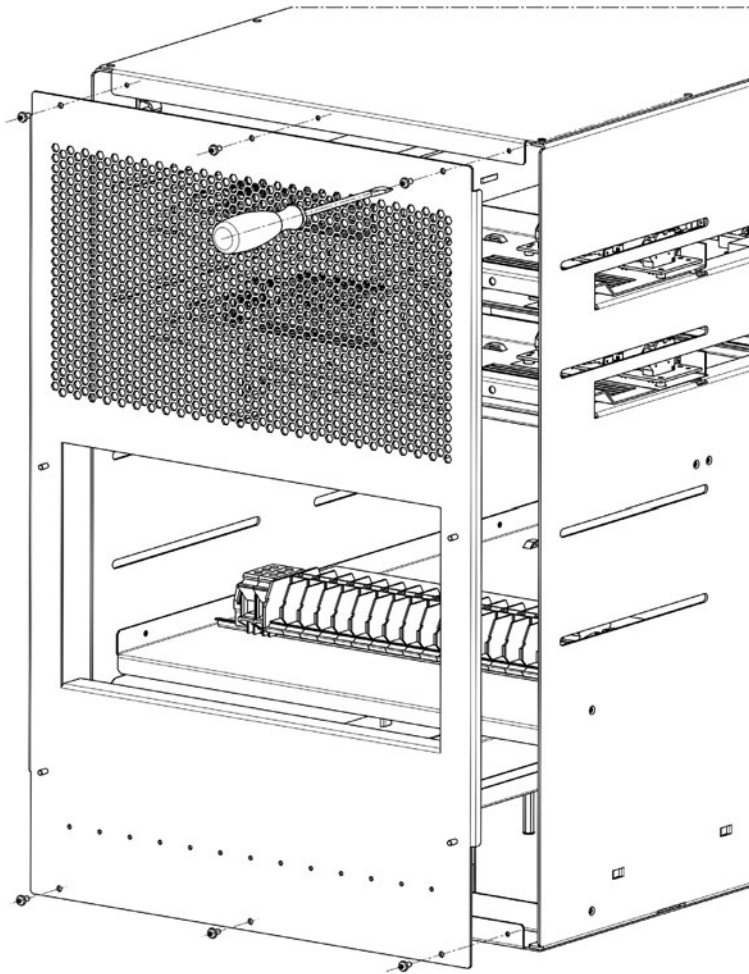


front of the front posts

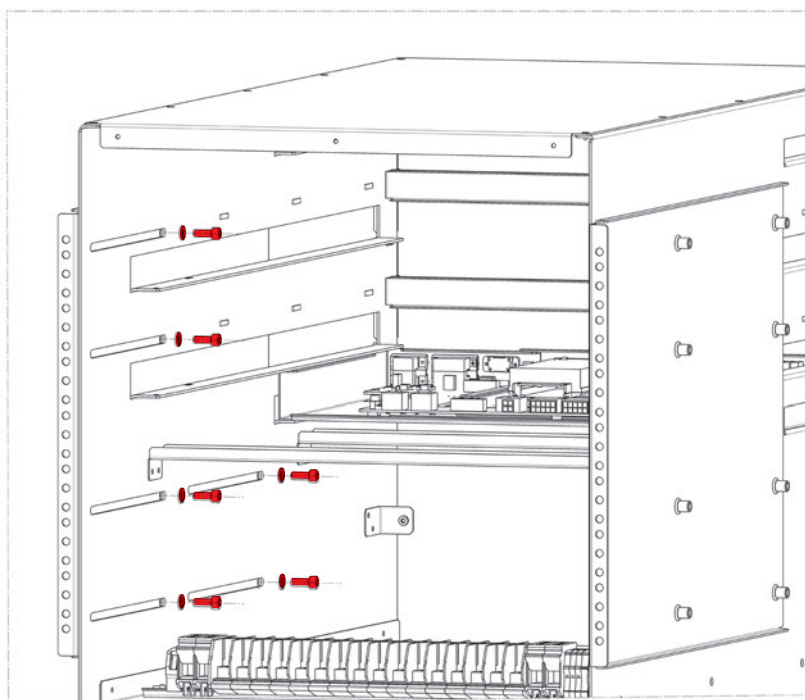
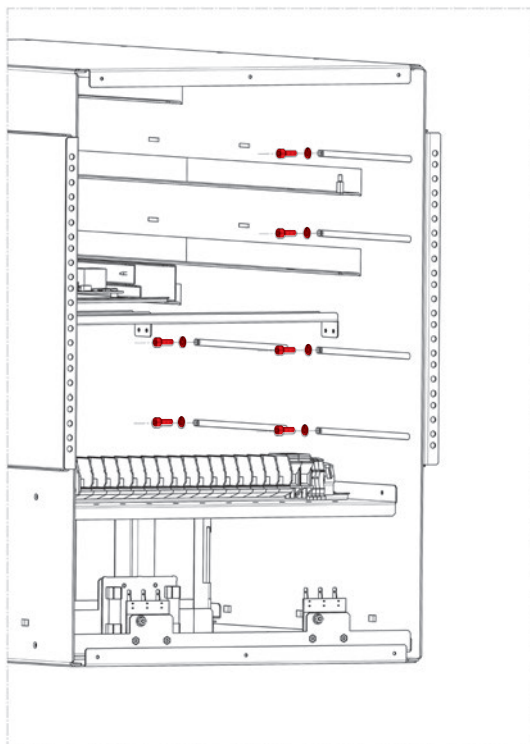


3. Transportation and placement

- 3) Unscrew the six M4x8 torx screws to remove the back panel of the UPS. At this stage, the UPS should not be inserted yet on the cabinet.

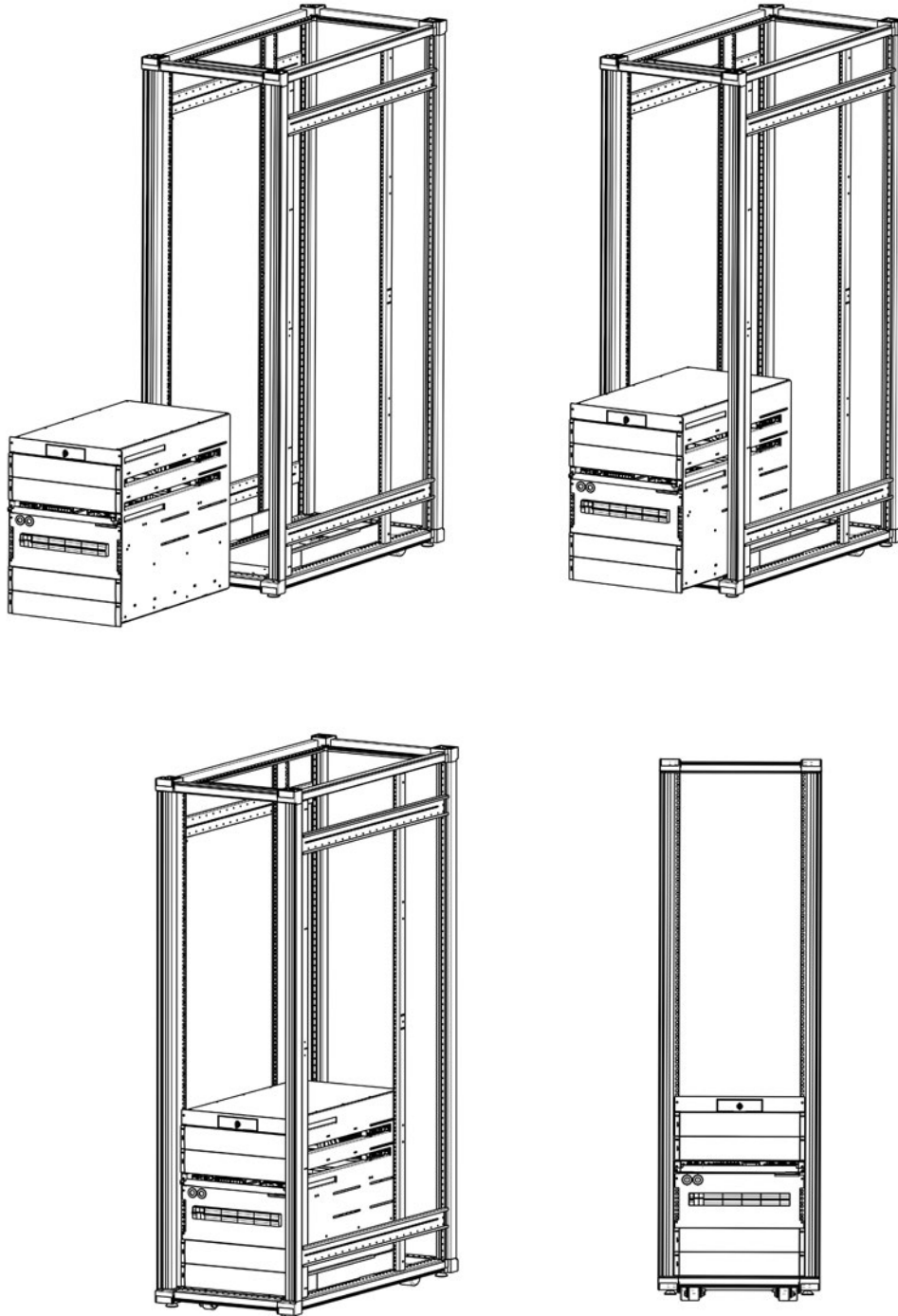


4) Remove the two lateral support brackets of the UPS by unscrewing the six M6 screws with the washer for each bracket



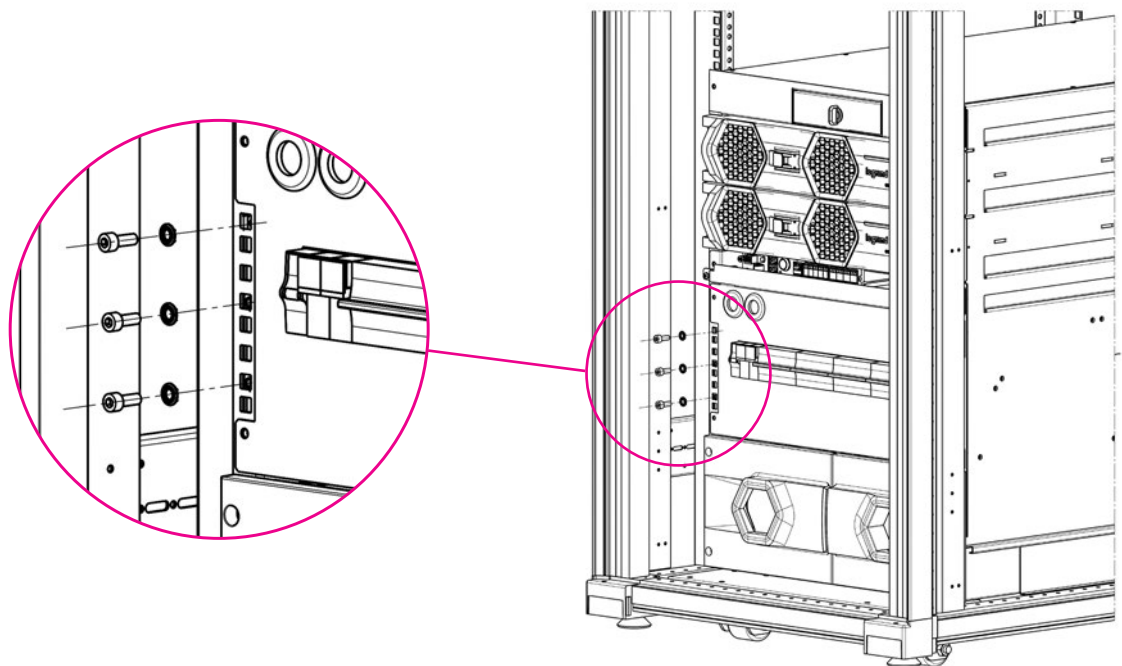
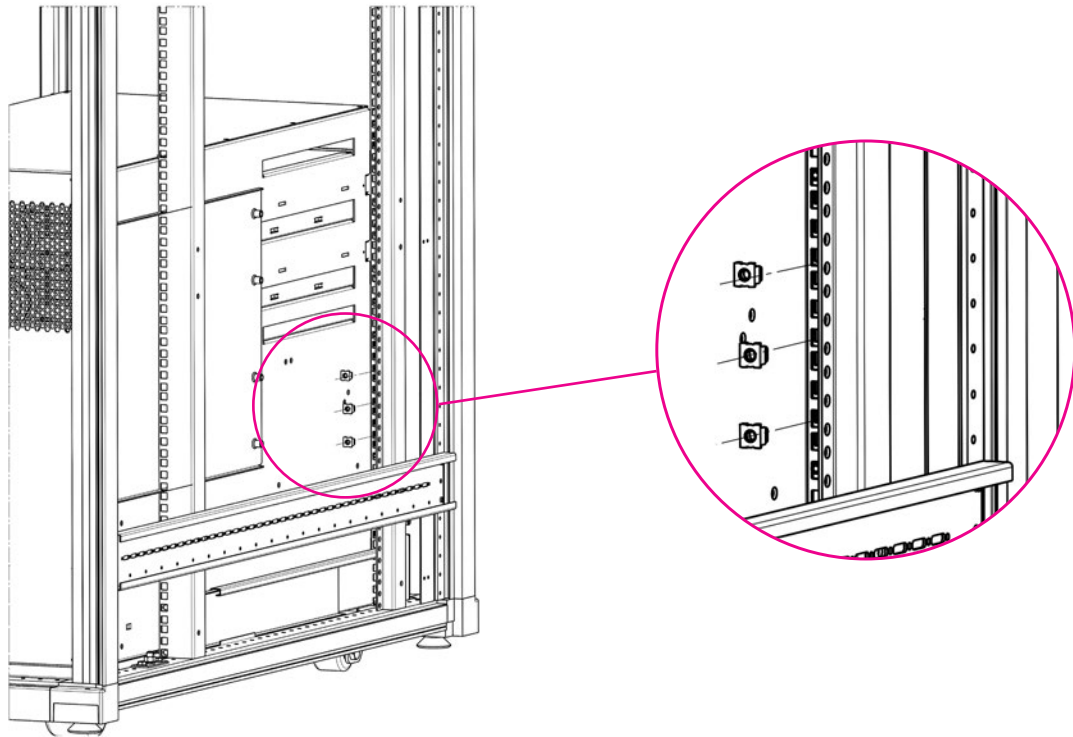
3. Transportation and placement

5) Insert the UPS at the bottom of the empty rack cabinet



6) Fix the UPS to the front posts.

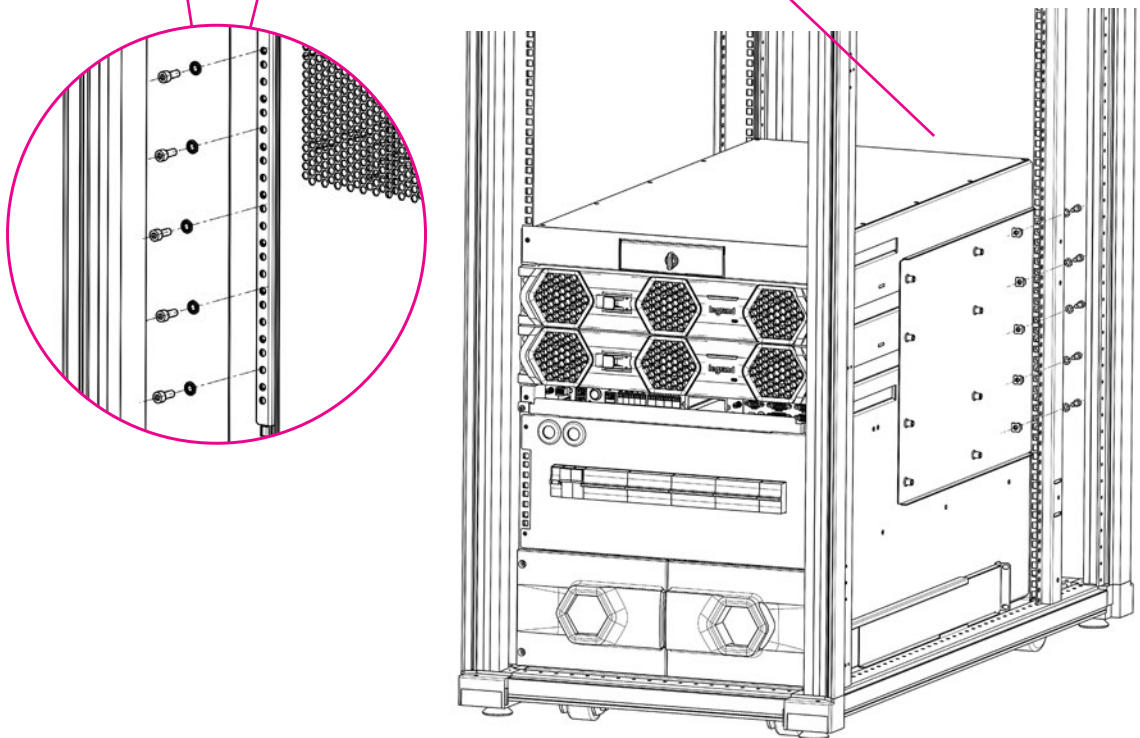
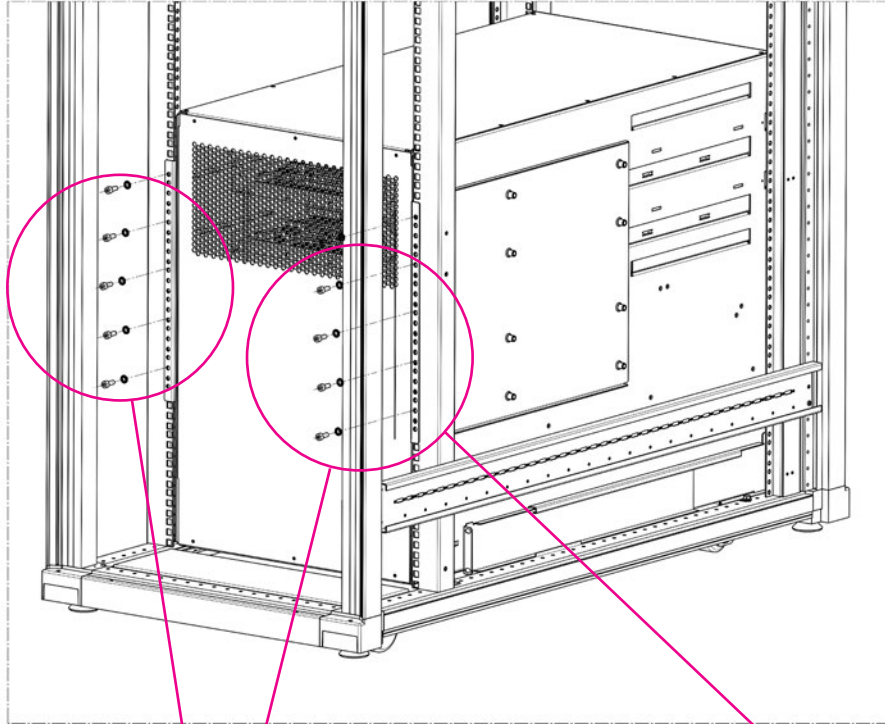
For each post, use three cage nuts M6 for the back and three hexagon socket head cap screws M6x20 with washer for the front.



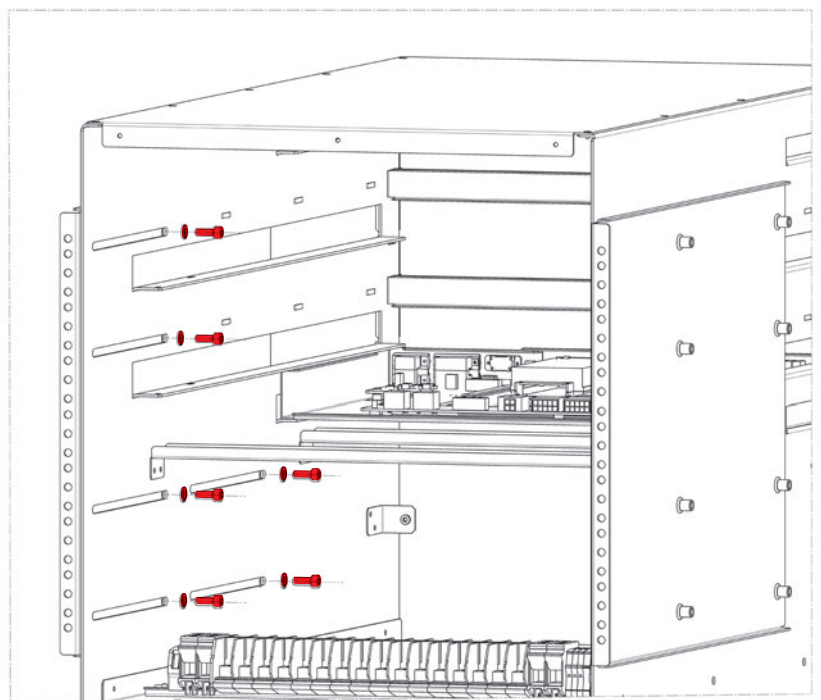
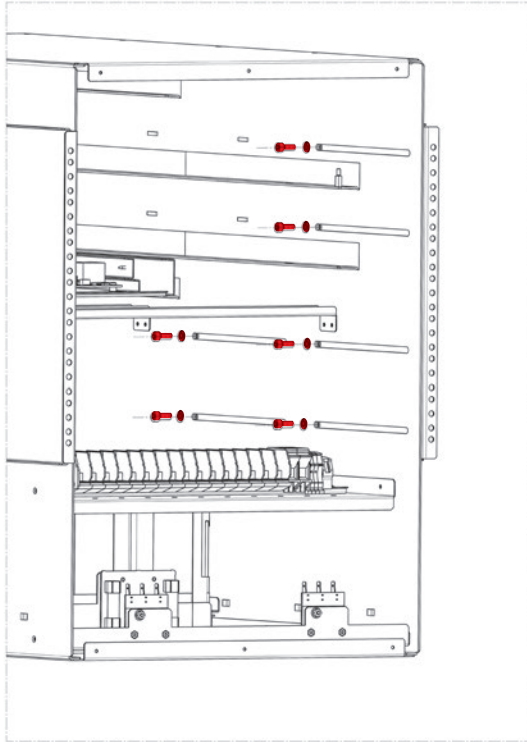
3. Transportation and placement

7) Fix the two lateral support brackets of the UPS to the rear posts.

For each of the two rear posts of the cabinet, use five cage nuts M6 for the front and fix the bracket to the back using five hexagon socket head cap screws M6x20 with washer.

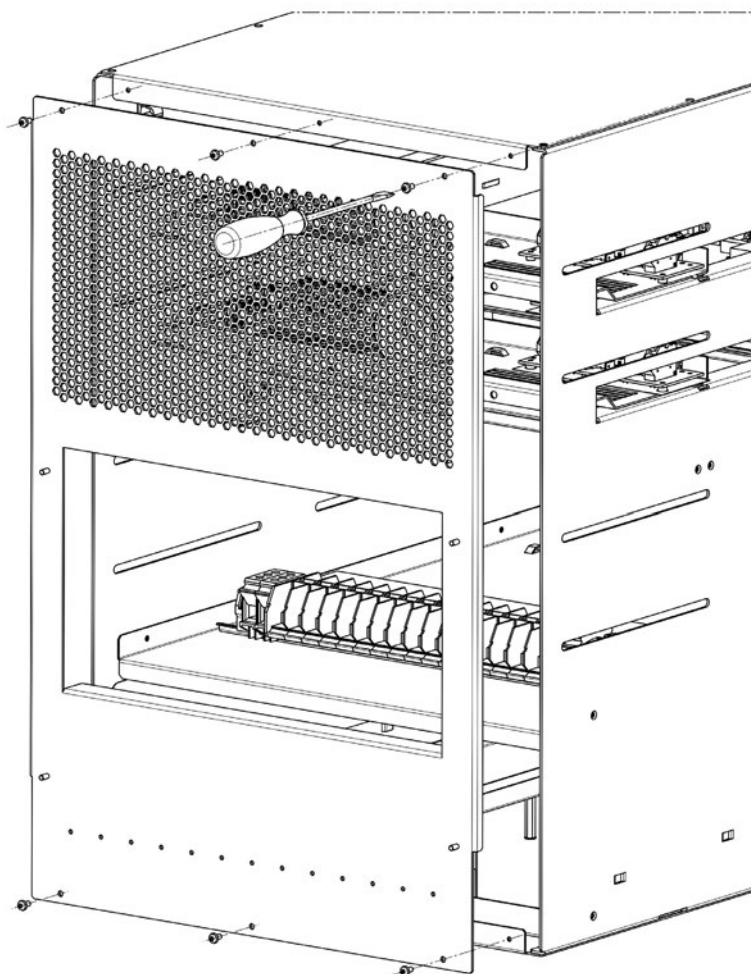


- 8) Fix the two lateral support brackets to the UPS by screwing the six M6 screws with the washer for each bracket. The tightening torque is 8 Nm.



3. Transportation and placement

9) Screw the six M4x8 torx screws to fix the back panel to the UPS



- 10) Remove the film protector from the front of the power modules. Make sure that the power modules are abut and fix them to the front posts of the rack cabinet with four M6 screws.

The UPS must be positioned respecting the following conditions:

- do not cover the cooling vents of the power modules;
- temperature and humidity must be within permitted limits;
- fire regulations must be respected;
- the wiring must be simply made;
- front and rear accessibility must be available for assistance or periodic servicing;
- the cooling flow of air must be guaranteed;
- the air conditioning system must be adequately sized;
- dust, corrosive and explosive atmospheres must be absent;
- the installation site must be free of vibration;
- the support surface must be sized for the weight necessary to support the equipment;
- install the UPS always at the bottom of the rack cabinet due to its weight.

To safeguard the batteries as well as possible it is necessary to bear in mind that their average lifetime is strongly influenced by the operating room temperature. Position the UPS in an environment with a temperature range between +20°C (+68°F) and +25°C (+77°F) to guarantee the optimum life of the batteries.

Before proceeding with the installation operations, make sure that there is enough lighting to clearly see every detail. Provide artificial lighting if the natural lighting does not satisfy this requirement.

In case of maintenance operations in places that are not sufficiently well lit, portable lighting systems must be used, avoiding shadows that prevent or reduce visibility on the point where you intend to work or on the surrounding areas.

4. Installation



All UPS installation operations must be carried out exclusively by a SKILLED TECHNICIAN qualified and authorized by LEGRAND (paragraph 2.2.1).

4.1 Safety regulations




Before carrying out any installation operation you must read and apply the following:

- The UPS has a high leakage current. The earthing connection must be connected before cabling the UPS input. The switchgear must have a safe connection with the earthing and an adequate protection as required by the installation standards.
- The UPS must only be installed in a fixed way with a thermal-magnetic circuit breaker placed upstream of it. Connection to the mains via traditional type plug is not allowed.
- A circuit to protect from voltage backfeed made as in the diagrams shown in paragraph 4.2.5 must be provided outside the UPS.
- The switchgear or the disconnecter switch must be installed near the equipment and must be easily accessible.
- A warning label must be placed on all the mains disconnecter switches installed away from the area of the UPS to remind the assistance personnel of the fact that the circuit is connected to a UPS. The label must contain the following or equivalent text:

Before working on this circuit

- Isolate Uninterruptible Power System (UPS)
- Then check for the presence of Hazardous Voltage between all terminals including the protective earth

 **Risk of Voltage Backfeed**

- Do not carry out the installation in presence of water or humidity.
- Open only the UPS panels necessary for the electrical connections. After that, close and fix them.
- Check that the loads are off and disconnected from the UPS.
- Check that the UPS is off and no voltage is present.
- Check that the fuse breakers on the external battery cabinets (if present) are open.
- Check that all battery drawers (if present) are not fully inserted in the UPS cabinet.
- Check that the mains input voltage and frequency correspond with the values indicated in the technical data on the UPS rating plate.
- Check that the earthing has been carried out in compliance with IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) standards or local regulations.
- Check that the electrical system has been fitted with the necessary differential and thermal-magnetic protections upstream of the UPS.
- The energy quality of the electrical network should comply with the individual voltage harmonics compatibility levels defined by IEC/EN 61000-2-2. For more severe conditions, a power quality audit is required during the UPS commissioning by the LEGRAND Technical Support Service in order to check the compatibility.

4.2 Electrical connections

The electrical hook-up of the UPS to the switchgear or to the external battery cabinets is part of the installation that is not normally performed by the UPS manufacturer. For this reason, the indications that follow are to be considered approximate and it is recommended that the electrical connections are based on local installation standards.

After removing the UPS from the packaging and positioning it in its definitive place, the Skilled Technician can begin to make the electrical connections.



The choice of cables type and their cross sections depending on the rated current and their installations must be made as indicated by the local installation standards and it is a responsibility of the Skilled Technician.

The input current and the output power of the UPS are indicated in chapter 10 and the battery current in table 5 of chapter 11. The cables used for the installation must have a maximum operating temperature of at least 70°C.

INDICATION

Chapter 11 includes tables with the recommended cables, fuses, automatic and differential breakers.

4.2.1 Protective devices

To ensure proper protection from overloads, output short-circuits or electrical shocks, it is necessary to install adequate automatic residual-current and thermal-magnetic breakers upstream of the UPS on the input line. In case there is a separate bypass line, the residual current earth leakage protection system must be common for the AC input and bypass lines and must be installed upstream.

The protective devices must be selected according to the indications in the tables shown in chapter 11.

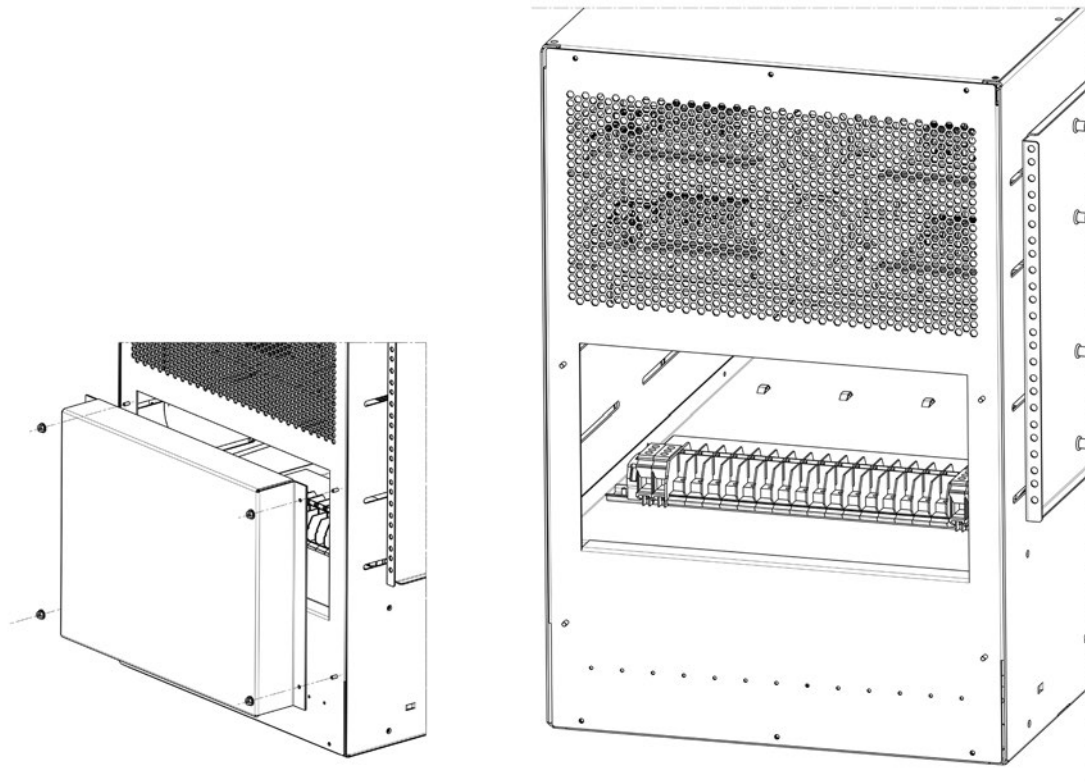


CAUTION

The equipment can cause a d.c. current in the PE conductor. Where a residual current-operated protective device (RCD) is used for protection against electrical shock, only an RCD of Type B is allowed on the supply side of this product.

4.2.2 Disassembly of the distribution panel

To carry out all the electrical connection operations, it is necessary to remove the distribution panel at the back of the UPS. Unscrew the torx M4x8 screws and save them to close the panel and the end of the installation.



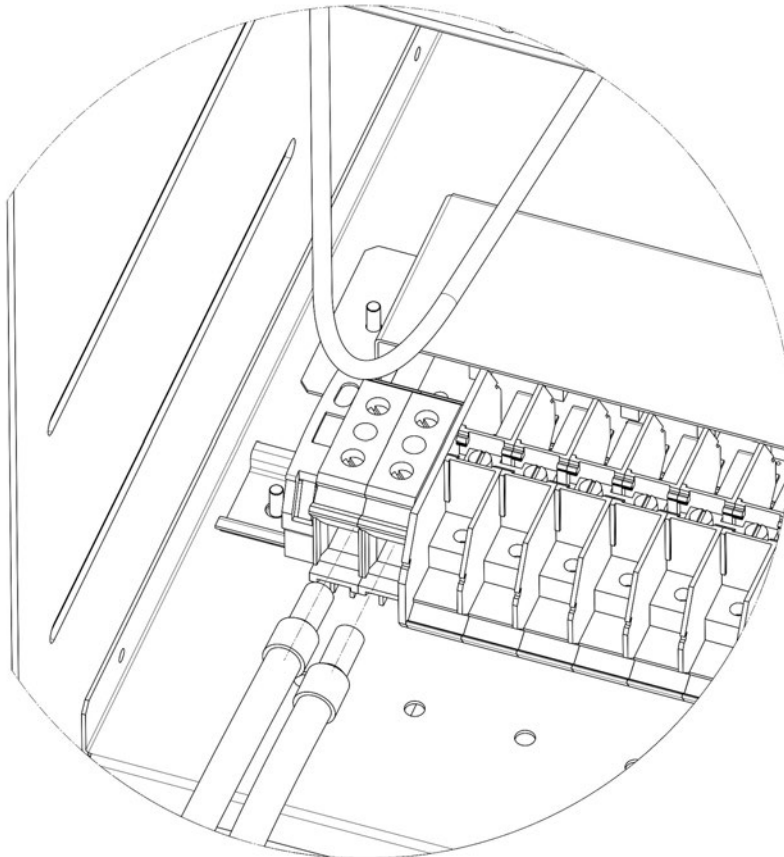
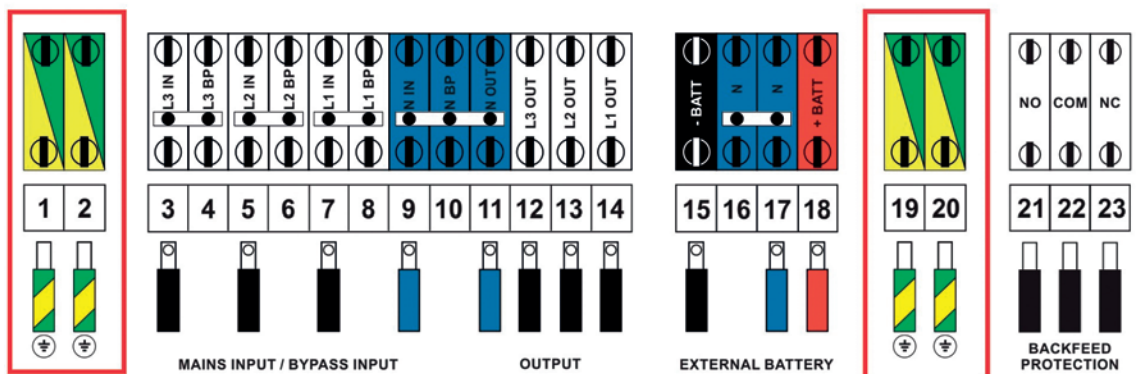
4. Installation

4.2.3 Earthing connection

Before carrying out any other installation operation, connect the earthing wiring coming from the low voltage switchgear to the earthing terminals.

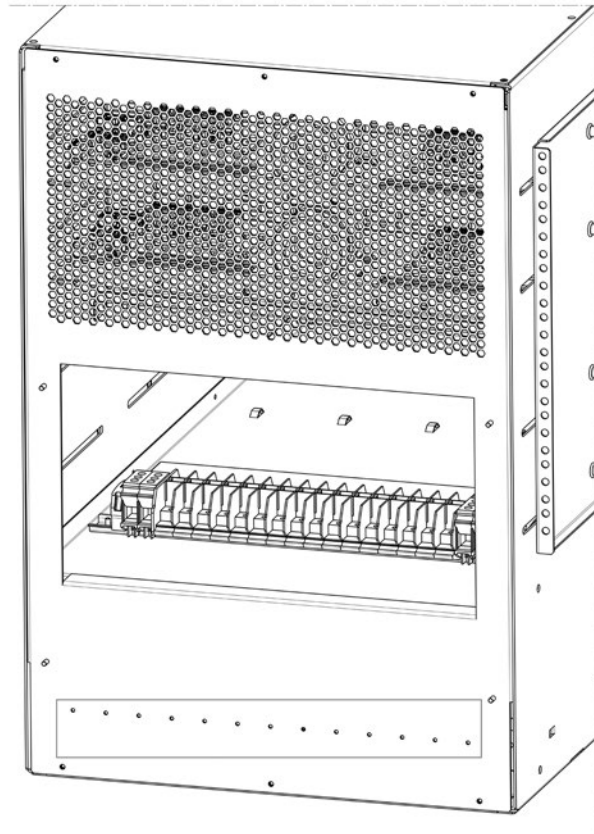
The minimum cross-sectional area of the earthing conductor must be chosen according to the following criteria:

- if the cross-sectional area S of the phase conductors is $S \leq 16 \text{ mm}^2$, the minimum cross-sectional area of the earthing conductor must be the same as the phase conductors;
- if the cross-sectional area S of the phase conductors is $16 \text{ mm}^2 < S \leq 35 \text{ mm}^2$, the minimum cross-sectional area of the earthing conductor must be 16 mm^2 ;
- if the cross-sectional area S of the phase conductors is $S > 35 \text{ mm}^2$, the minimum cross-sectional area of the earthing conductor must be $S/2 \text{ mm}^2$.



4.2.4 Cable fastening

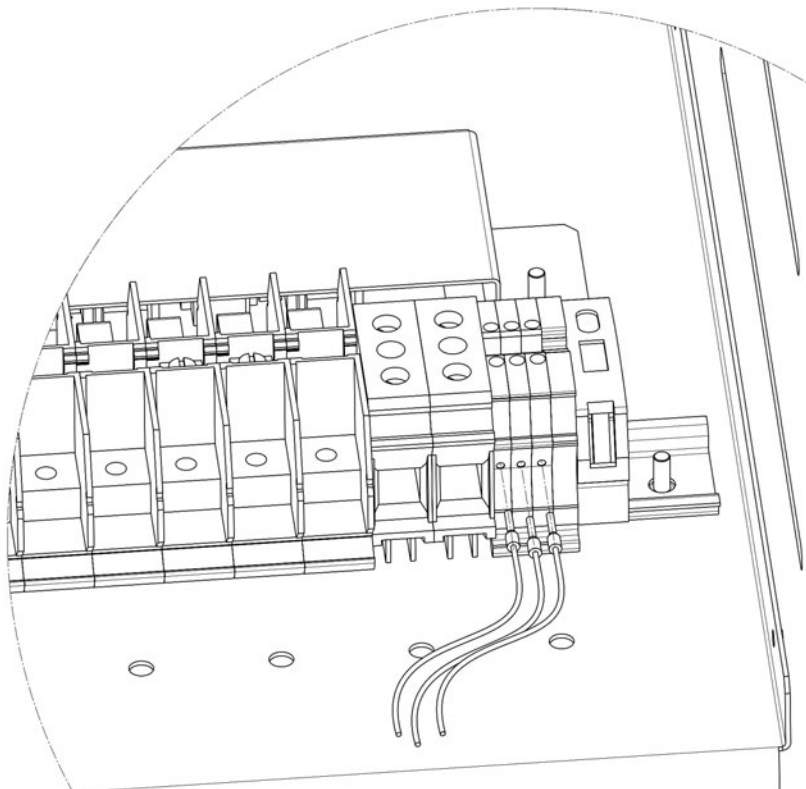
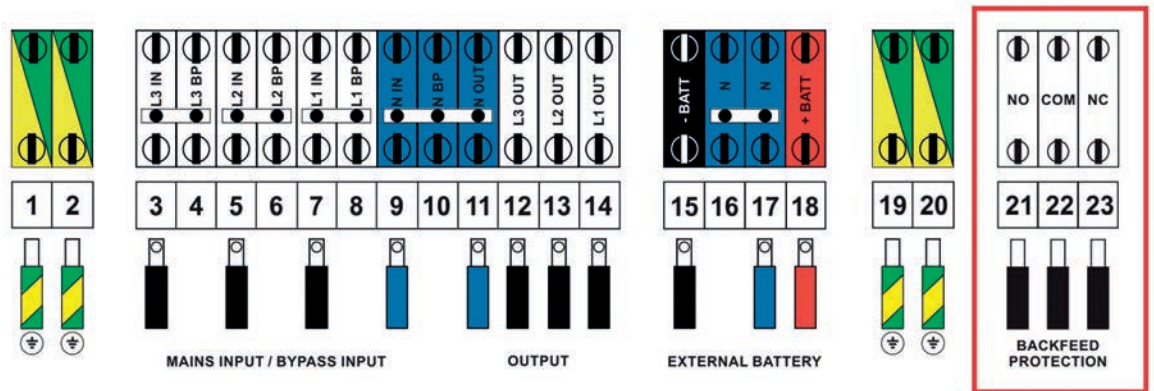
In the accessory box there are plastic supports for cable ties to fasten the installation cables.



4. Installation

4.2.5 Backfeed protection

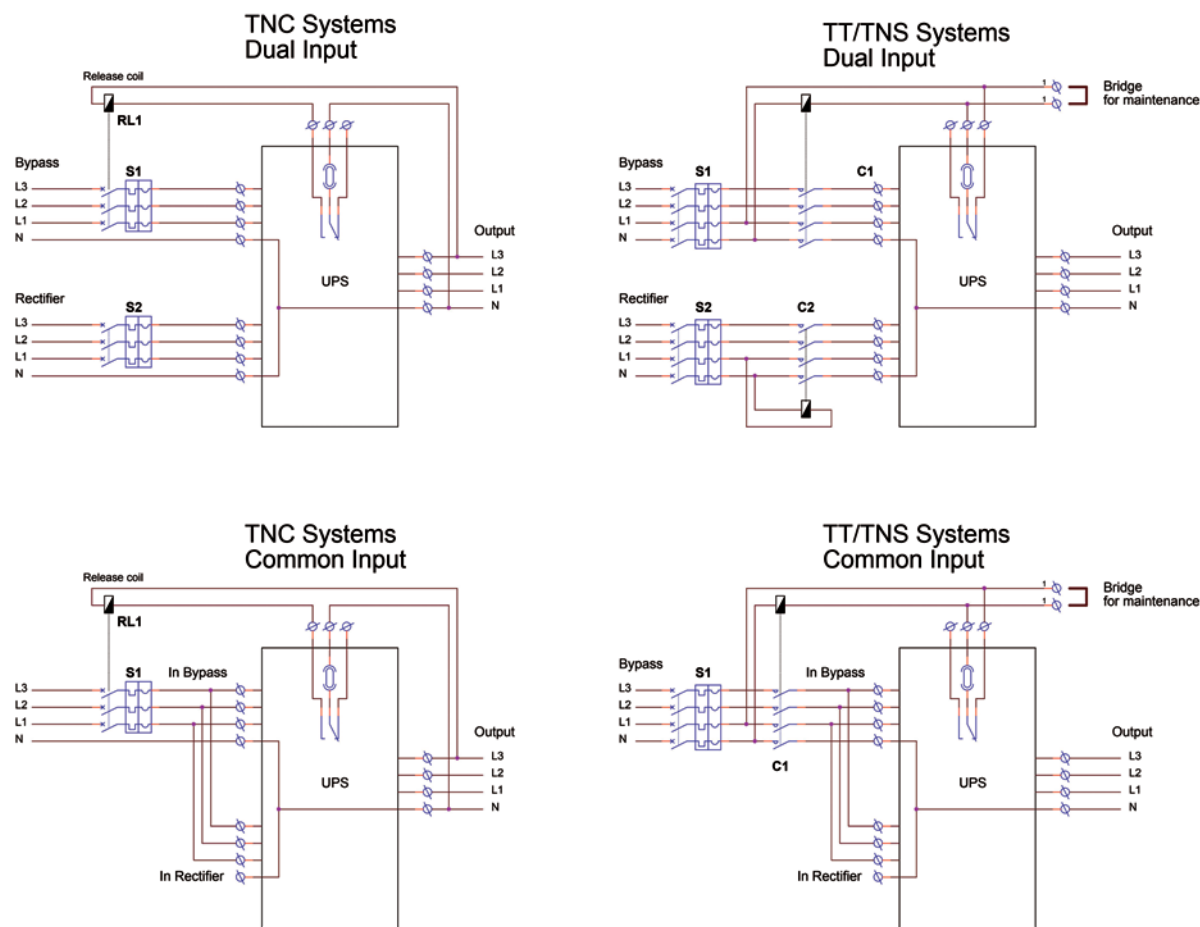
The UPS has an auxiliary contact for the actuation of the external backfeed protection (protection against power transfer towards the input). This auxiliary contact has been created with a C/NC/NO relay and is available on the terminals located on the terminal strip.



If the UPS detects a voltage backfeed, the relay is energized and changes status, enabling the external disconnection of the input lines as indicated in the diagrams shown below.

The relay contacts characteristics are :

- Maximum applicable voltage: 250Vac.
- Maximum applicable current: 6A



INDICATION

If during operation, the UPS signals that the backfeed protection has been actuated, contact the LEGRAND Technical Support Service.

4. Installation

4.2.6 Input cables installation

The default configuration has the input line in common with the bypass line through a metal jumper.

Before the installation of the input cables, check the following:

- the mains line must be able to provide an input voltage of $400\text{ V} + 15\% - 20\%$;
- the available mains power must be at least the same of the UPS nominal power;
- the cables to connect to the UPS must be isolated upstream and no voltage must be present;
- the earthing cable from the low voltage switchgear must be properly connected (see paragraph 4.2.3).



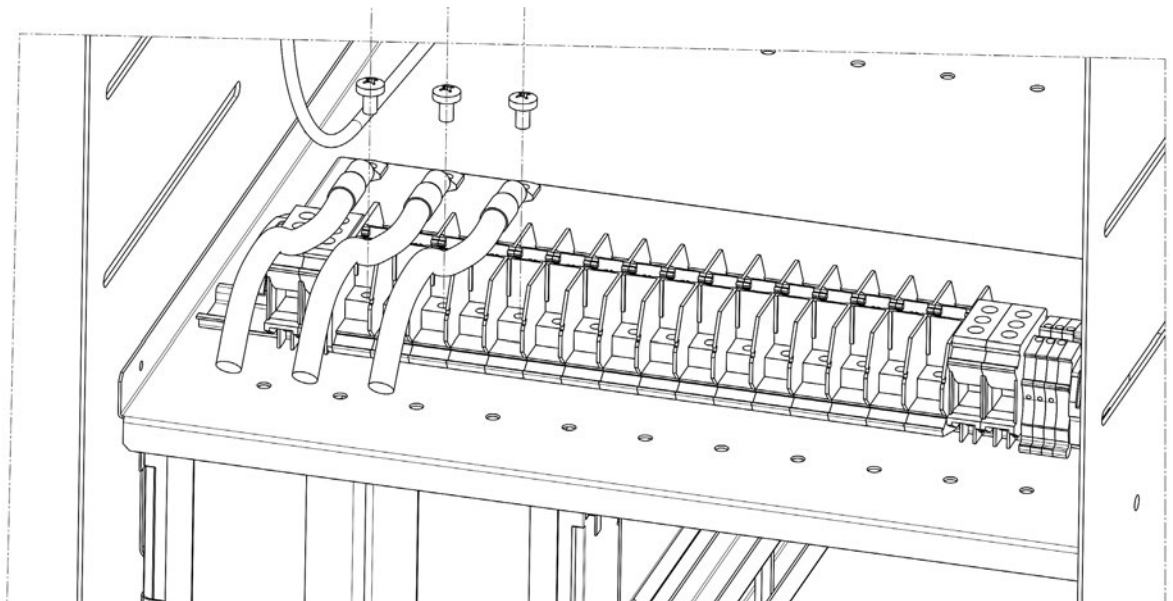
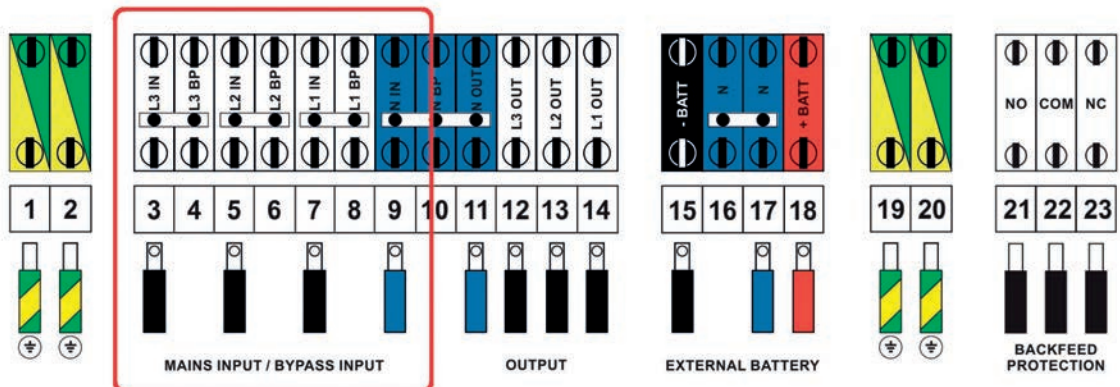
WARNING

The neutral input cable must always be connected.

The default configuration has the input line in common with the bypass line through a metal jumper.

If no change is required, follow these steps:

- crimp the input and neutral cables with M6 contained palm width eyelets;
- connect the input cables L1, L2, L3 to the terminals L1 IN, L2 IN, L3 IN of the terminal strip using the M6x12 screws previously removed.
- do not change the phase sequence (L1, L2, L3);
- connect the input neutral cable to the N IN terminal terminal strip using the M6x12 screw previously removed.



4.2.7 Bypass cables installation

The default configuration has the input line in common with the bypass line through metal jumpers. If no change is required, follow the steps indicated in the previous paragraph.

To perform a dual input installation with a separate bypass line, the following requirement must be met: if the two lines are supplied by the same source, the residual current breaker should be a unique one for both lines. If the two lines have a different electric potential, separate protective devices are required for each line. The UPS does not modify the neutral configuration of the system. The mains, bypass and output neutral are connected internally to each other.

Before the installation of the bypass cables, check the following:

- the bypass line must be able to provide a voltage of 400 V + 15% - 20%;
- the available bypass power must be at least the same of the UPS nominal power;
- the cables to connect to the UPS must be isolated upstream and no voltage must be present;
- the earthing cable from the low voltage switchgear must be properly connected (see paragraph 4.2.3).

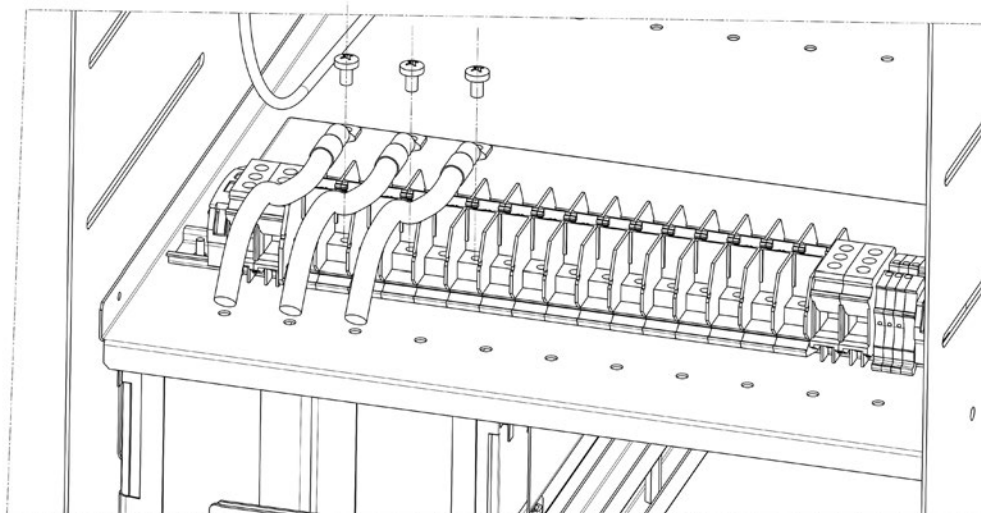
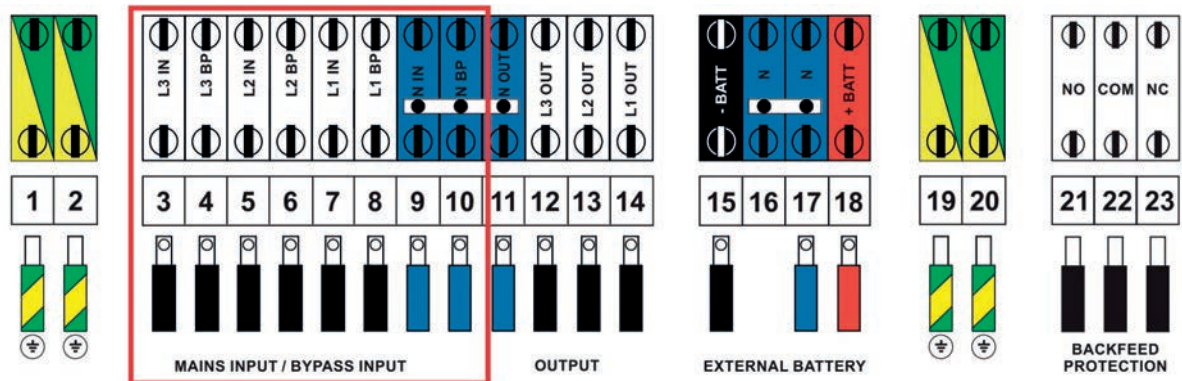


WARNING

The neutral bypass cable must always be connected.

In case the bypass line is separated from the input line, follow these steps:

- Remove the three jumpers linking terminals L1 IN, L2 IN, L3 IN and L1 BP, L2 BP, L3 BP.
- crimp the bypass and neutral cables with M6 contained palm width eyelets;
- connect the bypass cables L1, L2, L3 to the terminals L1 BP, L2 BP, L3 BP of the terminal strip using the M6x12 screws previously removed.
- do not change the phase sequence (L1, L2, L3);
- connect the bypass neutral cable to the N BP terminal using the M6x12 screw previously removed.



4. Installation

4.2.8 Output cables installation

Before the installation of the output cables, check the following:

- the nominal power of the UPS must be at least the same of the nominal power of the load;
- the cables to connect to the UPS must be isolated upstream and no voltage must be present;
- the earthing cable from the low voltage switchgear must be properly connected (see paragraph 4.2.3).

INDICATION

Provide a separate switchgear for the load.

The following information must be indicated on the system switchgear by means of stickers or similar:

- maximum nominal power of the load;
- maximum nominal power of the load at the load outlets;
- if a common switchgear is used (mains and UPS power outlets), make sure that there is an indication of the power source on every power outlet ("Mains" or "UPS").

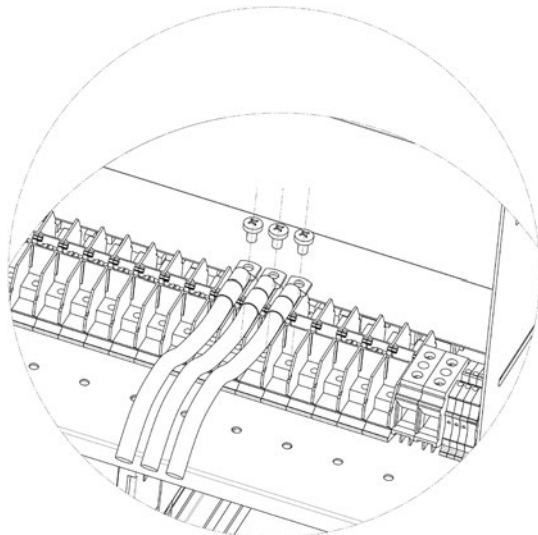
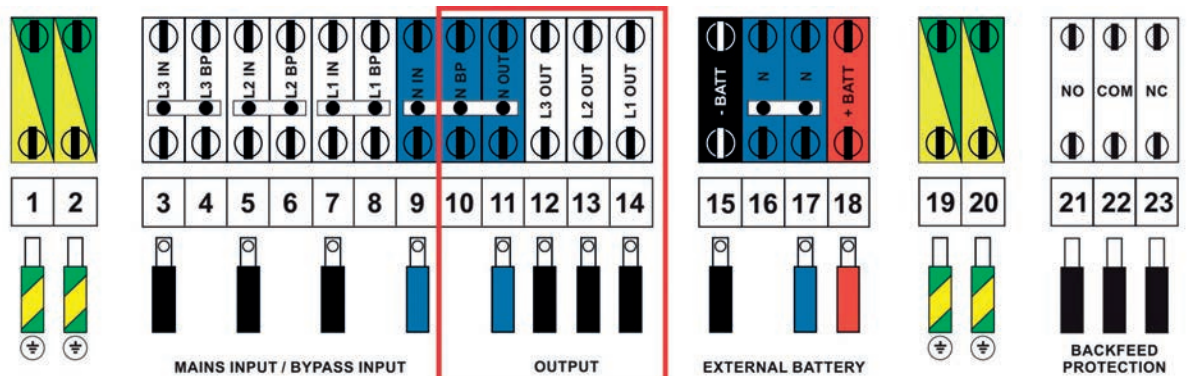


WARNING

The neutral output cable must always be connected.

Follow these steps:

- crimp the output and neutral cables with M6 contained palm width eyelets;
- connect the output cables L1, L2, L3 to the terminals L1 OUT, L2 OUT, L3 OUT of the terminal strip using the M6x12 screws previously removed.
- do not change the phase sequence (L1, L2, L3);
- connect the output neutral cable to the N OUT terminal using the M6x12 screw previously removed.



4.2.9 Battery cables installation

These cables must be installed only if there are external battery cabinets.

Before the installation of the battery cables, check the following:

- the fuse breakers of all the external battery cabinets must be open;
- the cables to connect to the UPS must be isolated upstream and no voltage must be present;
- the earthing cable from the low voltage switchgear must be properly connected (see paragraph 4.2.3).

 **WARNING**

The neutral battery cable must always be connected.

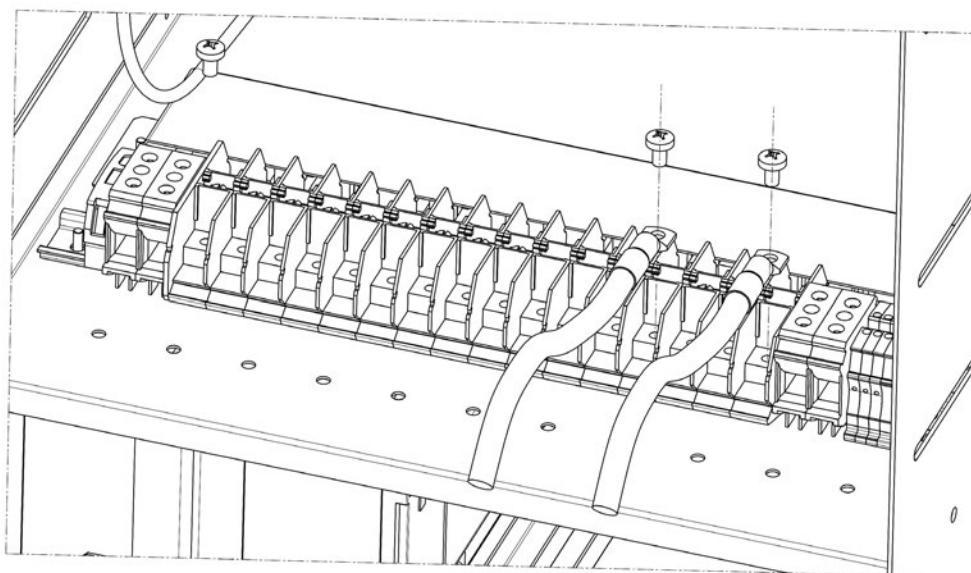
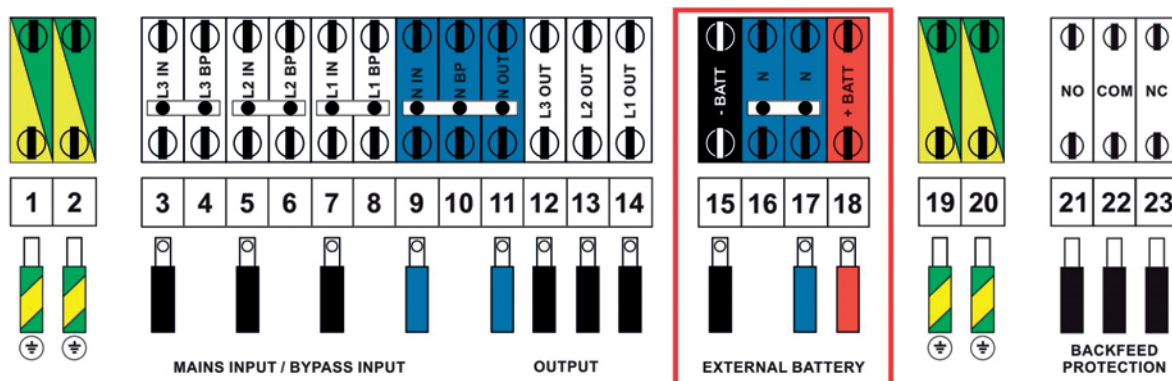
There must be at least 1 KB (Battery Kit) every 25 kVA of nominal UPS power. For internal battery drawers and for external modular battery units, 1 KB is made up of 2 battery drawers.

INDICATION

The maximum length of the battery cables is 25 m.

Follow these steps:

- crimp the positive, negative and neutral battery cables with M6 contained palm width eyelets;
- connect the positive cable of the battery cabinet to the + BATT terminal located on the terminal strip using the M6x12 screw previously removed
- connect the negative cable of the battery cabinet to the - BATT terminal located on the terminal strip using the M6x12 screw previously removed
- connect the neutral cable of the battery cabinet to the N BATT terminal located on the terminal strip using the M6x12 screw previously removed.



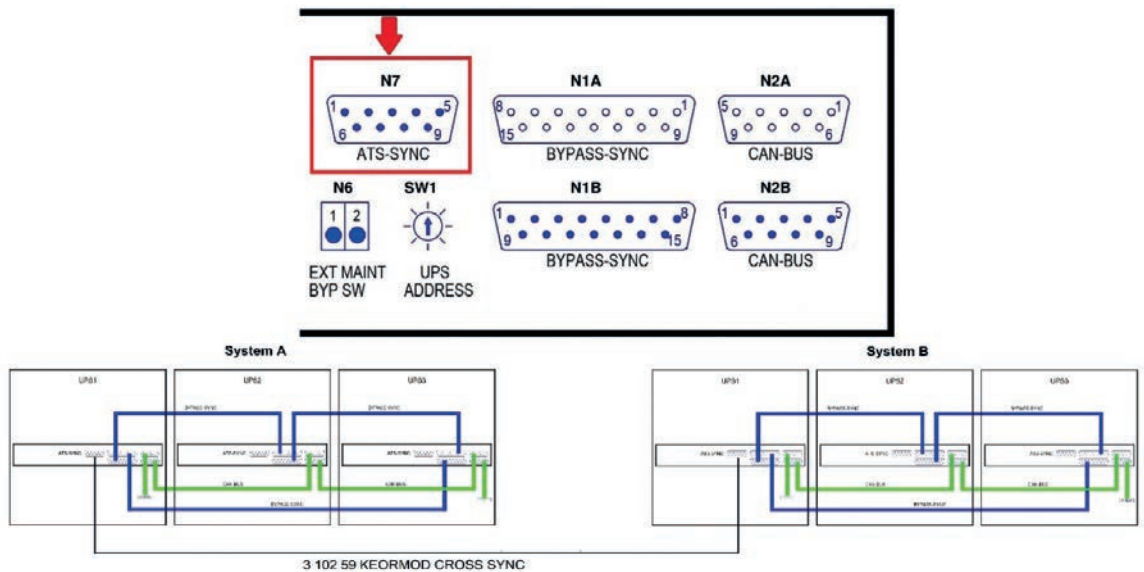
4. Installation

4.2.10 Installation with STS (Static Transfer System)

Static Transfer Systems (STS) are intelligent units that transfer the load to an alternative source when the primary source is out of tolerance. This ensures “high availability” of the power supply for sensitive or critical installations. Normally, STS provide redundancy between 2 independent UPS systems and each STS is sized according to the load it protects.

Follow the installation manual of the STS for the electrical installation of the Keor MOD RI UPS systems to the STS.

The ATS-SYNC ports of the SSS interfaces of the first UPS of each system (the one having lower ID number) must be connected to each other using the Keor Mod cross sync cable Cat. Nos. 3 102 59



For the configuration of this function, check paragraph 5.2 about the start-up procedure.

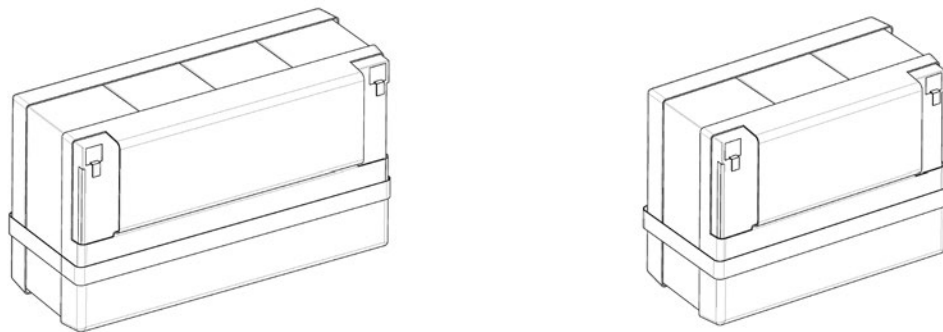
4.3 Battery drawers installation

Keor MOD RI 25 may include two internal battery drawers while Keor MOD RI 50 may include four internal battery drawers. Each battery string is made up of two drawers

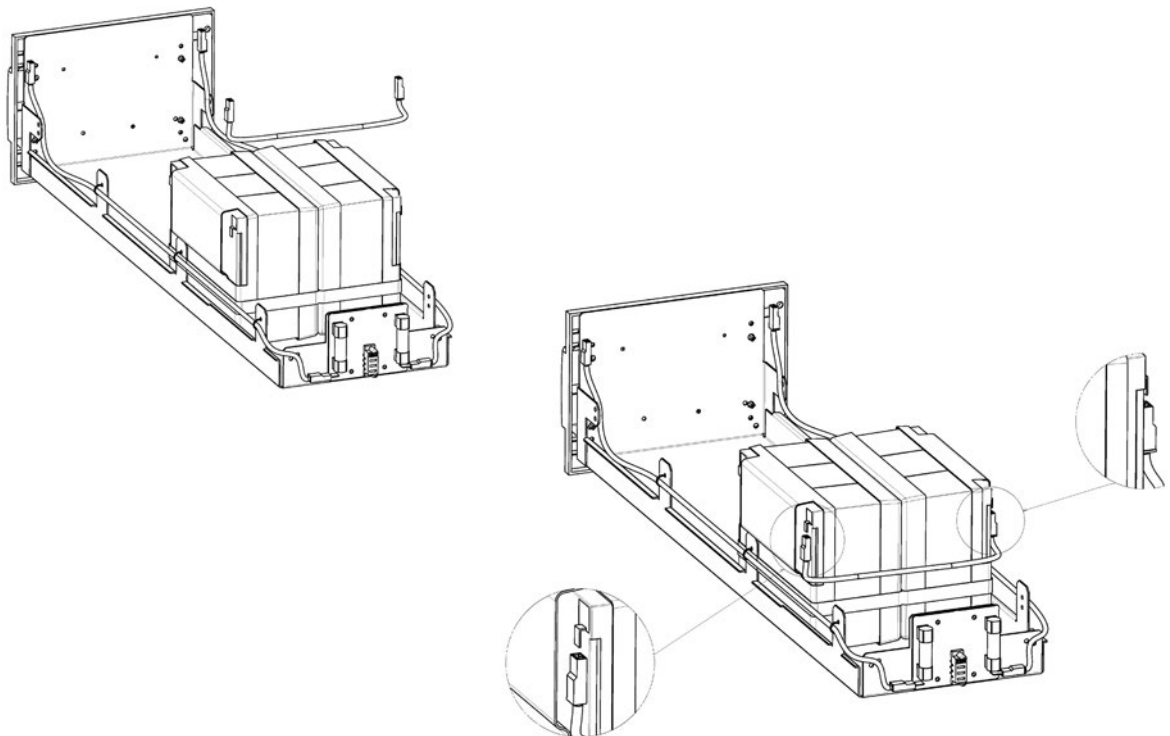
There must be at least 1 KB (Battery Kit) every 25 kVA of nominal UPS power. For internal battery drawers and for external modular battery units, 1 KB is made up of 2 battery drawers.

During the installation it is necessary to use the appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (see paragraph 2.3).

Each drawer is made up of four battery packs having four batteries and two battery packs having three batteries.



Add two battery packs having three batteries on a drawer and connect them in series using the provided cable and respecting the polarity (connect a positive terminal to a negative terminal).

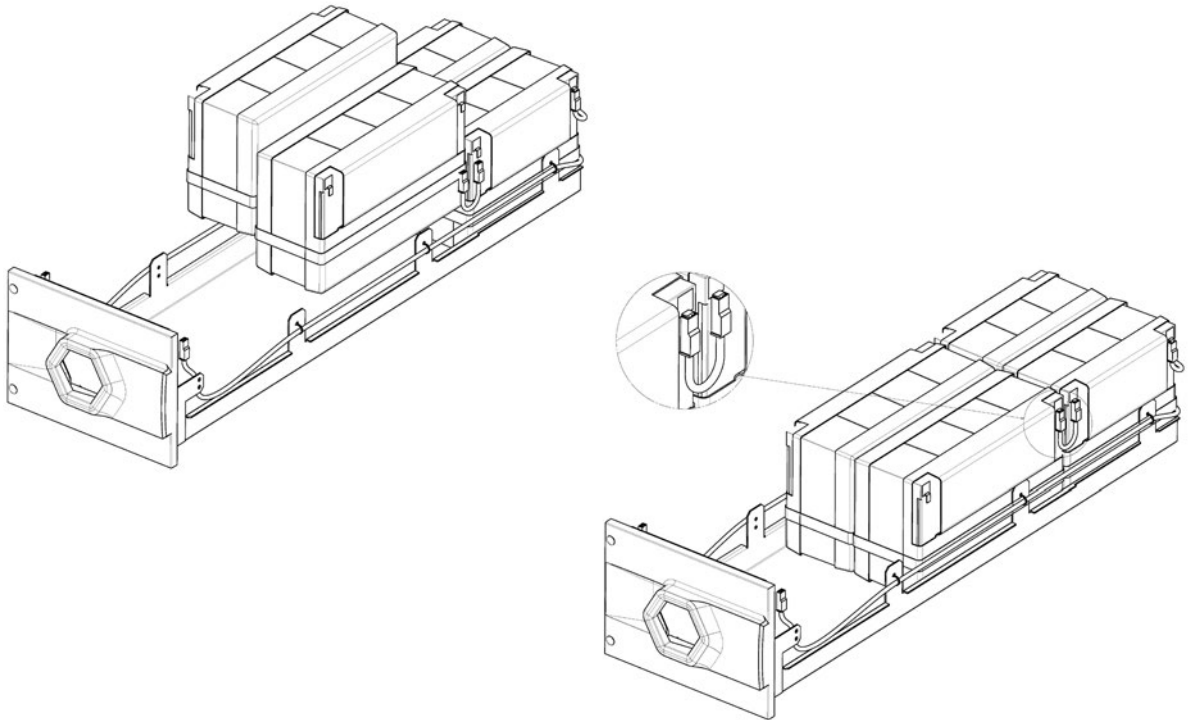


Move the two battery packs having three batteries at the back of the drawer.

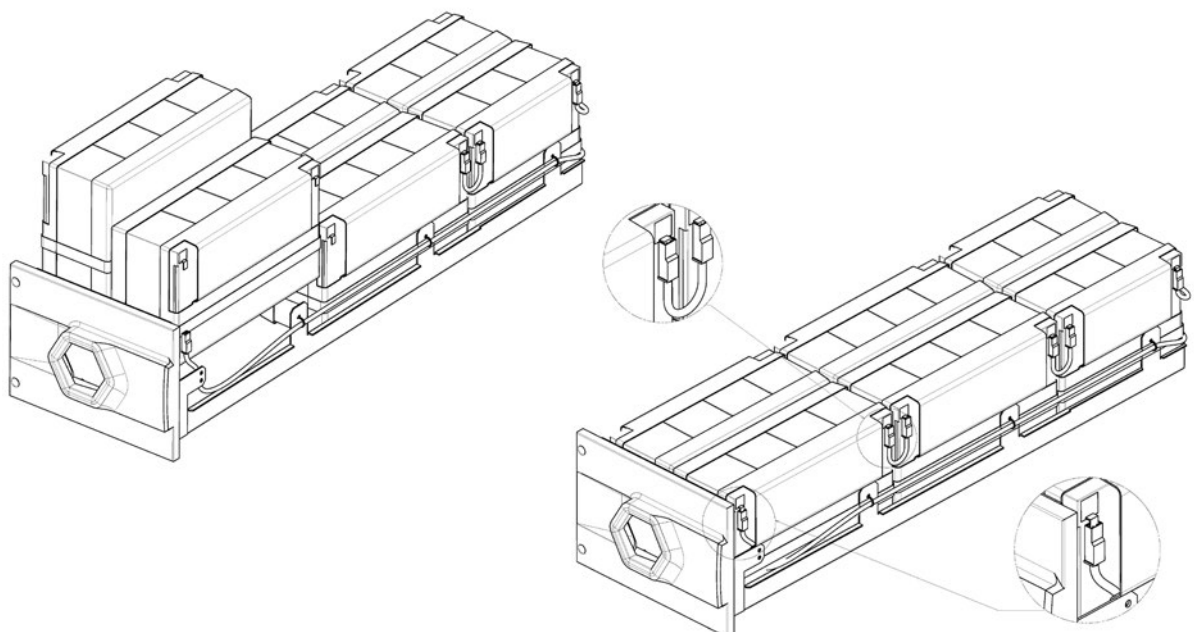
Add two battery packs having four batteries and connect each of them in series to the ones already in the drawer using

4. Installation

one of the short cables and respecting the polarity (connect a positive terminal to a negative terminal).

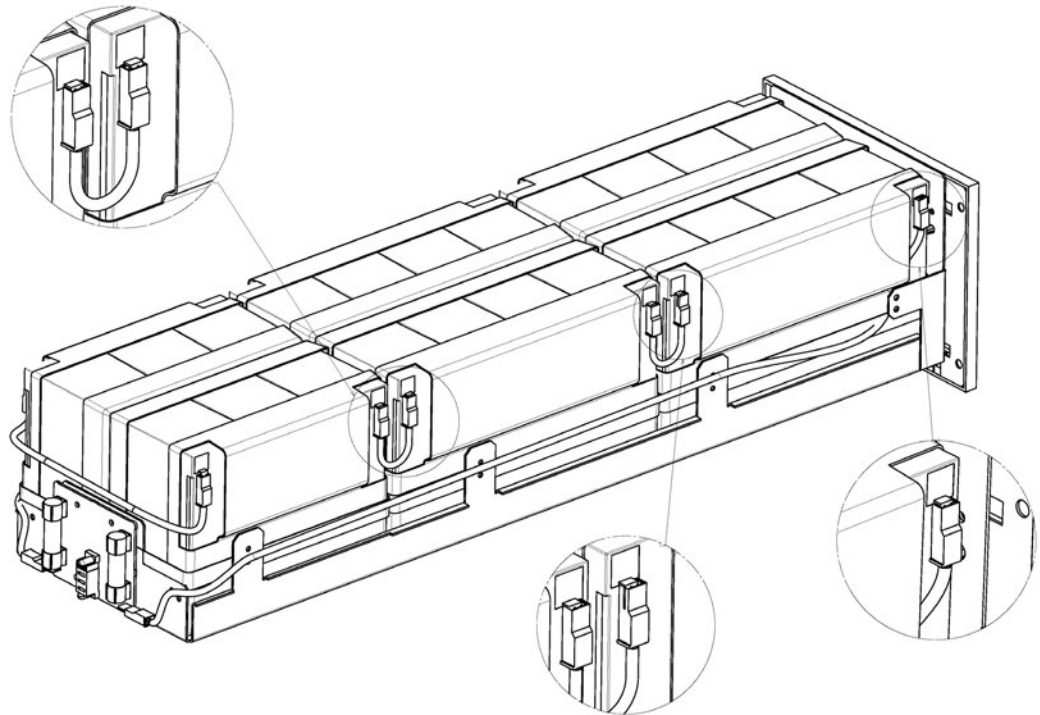


Add other two battery packs having four batteries and connect each of them in series to the other two already in the drawer using one of the short cables and respecting the polarity (connect a positive terminal to a negative terminal). Connect the free terminals of the two batteries located close to the handle of the drawer to the cables that are connected to the back of the drawer.



Check the correct polarity of the whole cabling. Cables should not protrude from the drawer uprights to avoid cuts during

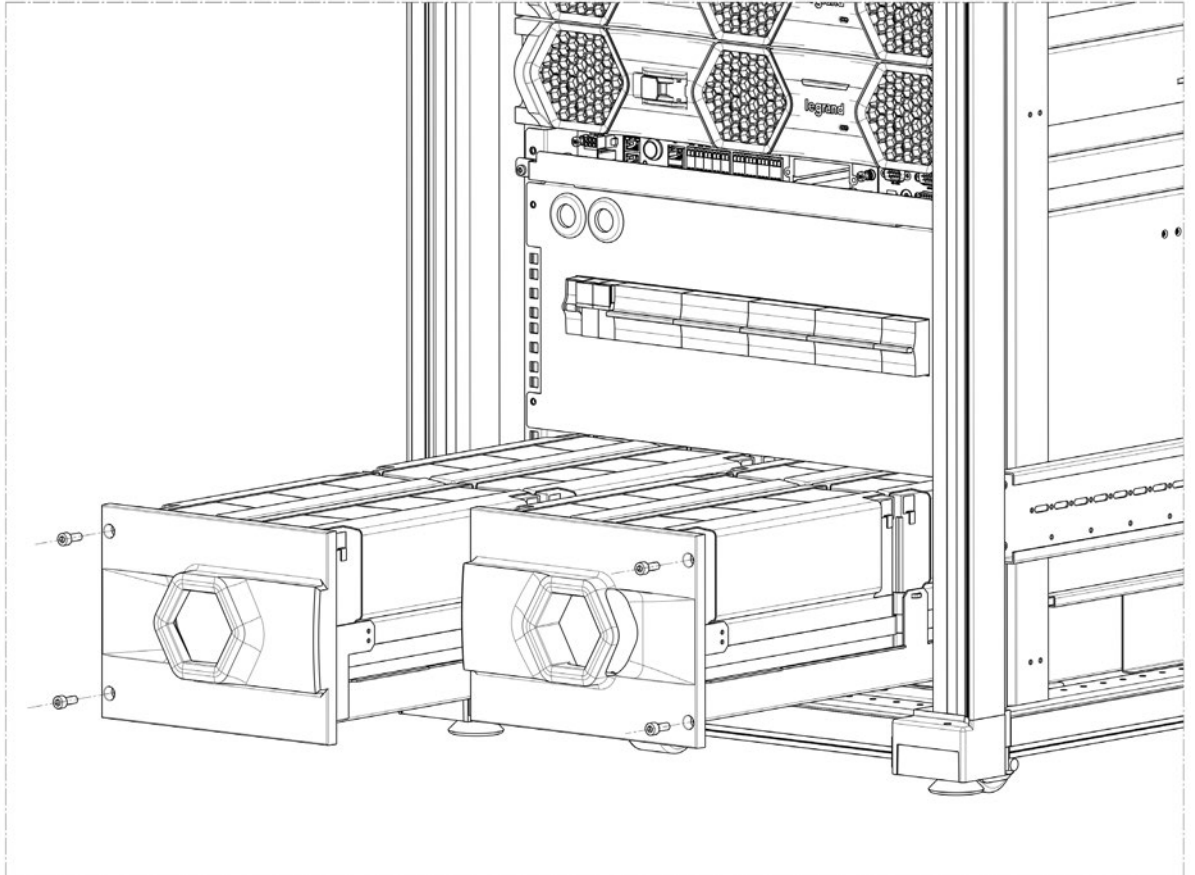
insertion into the cabinet.



4. Installation

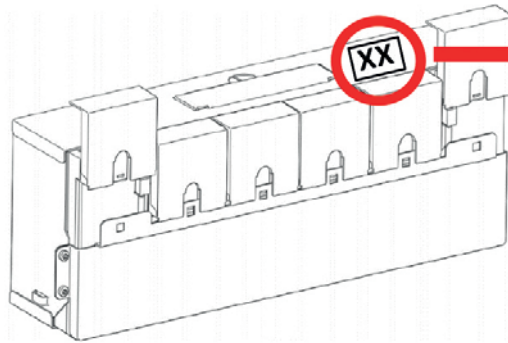
Follow the same procedure to fill the second drawer.

After the two drawers are ready, push them inside the UPS cabinet till they are abut and fix them with four screws included in the battery kit.



 **CAUTION**

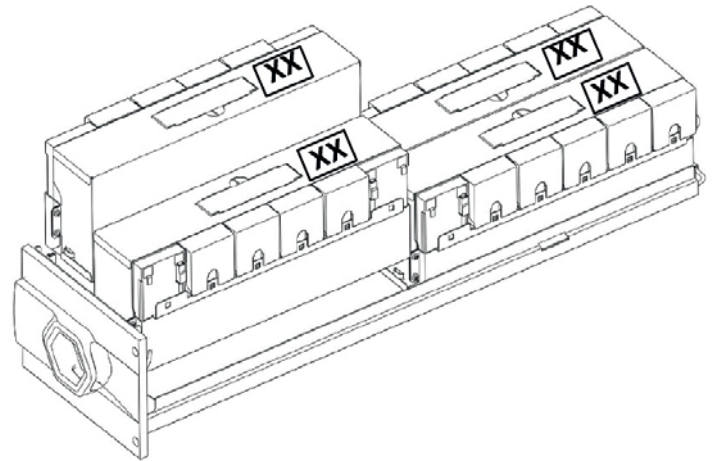
A drawer must be made up of batteries of the same brand and of the same manufacturing date.



CHECK THE BATTERY CODE LABEL ON THE BATTERY BLOCK



XX	XX
XX	XX

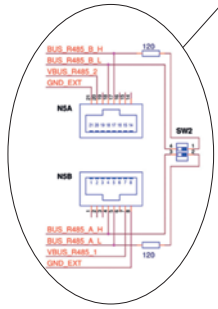
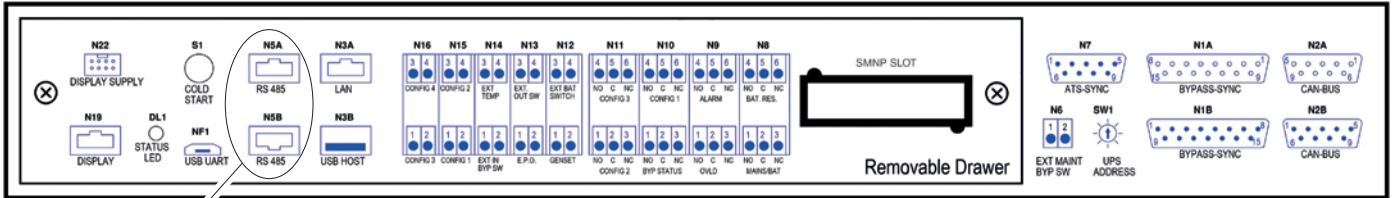


XX	YY
YY	XX

DO NOT MIX DIFFERENT BATTERY CODES ON THE SAME DRAWER!

4. Installation

4.4 SSS interface



	TERMINAL	PINS	FUNCTION	
Analogic floating inputs	N16	1-2	CONFIGURABLE CONTACT 3 <i>(function not yet available)</i>	<p>Maximum input voltage: 15V 15 kΩ pull-up</p>
		3-4	CONFIGURABLE CONTACT 4 <i>(function not yet available)</i>	
	N15	1-2	CONFIGURABLE CONTACT 1 <i>(function not yet available)</i>	
		3-4	CONFIGURABLE CONTACT 2 <i>(function not yet available)</i>	
	N14	1-2	EXTERNAL BYPASS SWITCH <i>(function not yet available)</i>	
		3-4	EXTERNAL TEMPERATURE (maximum Input Voltage: 5V) It allows to check the temperature of the batteries for external cabinets. Use the Keor Mod battery temperature probe 3 104 82.	
Digital floating inputs	N13	1-2	EPO	<p>Maximum input voltage: 5V 1 kΩ pull-up</p>
		3-4	EXTERNAL OUTPUT SWITCH <i>(function not yet available)</i>	
	N12	1-2	GENSET It allows the UPS to know if there is an external generator.	
		3-4	EXTERNAL BATTERY SWITCH <i>(function not yet available)</i>	
Output contacts	N11	4-5-6	CONFIGURABLE CONTACT 3 <i>(function not yet available)</i>	<p>NC/NO contacts 30 Vdc -1 A 125 Vac - 0,5 A (resistive load).</p> <p>Dry Contact</p> <p>When the function is activated, the contact switches from the NC terminal to the NO terminal.</p>
		1-2-3	CONFIGURABLE CONTACT 2 <i>(function not yet available)</i>	
	N10	4-5-6	CONFIGURABLE CONTACT 1 <i>(function not yet available)</i>	
		1-2-3	BYPASS STATUS	
	N9	4-5-6	ALARM	
		1-2-3	OVERLOAD	
	N8	4-5-6	BATTERY AUTONOMY RESERVE	
		1-2-3	MAINS/BATTERY STATUS	
	N6	1-2	AUXILIARY REMOTE BYPASS CONTACT It is possible to enable the bypass mode through this NO contact	

CONNECTOR	TERMINAL
N3B	USB HOST Port used for FW updates

The maximum wire cross sections that can be used for the SSS terminals is 1,5 mm².

4.4.1 Emergency Power Off (EPO)

The UPS has a contact that can be used to activate the immediate stop of the equipment. It can be set as normally closed (NC) or normally open (NO) from the user interface. The default configuration is Normally Open (NO). The EPO terminal is found on pins 1 and 2 of contact N13 of the SSS interface. Use a voltage-free contact to connect the epo externally.

INDICATION

It is not possible to connect in parallel the EPO circuits of several UPS. If necessary, use contacts on the EPO emergency pushbutton isolated from each other.

The electric characteristics of the EPO interface are:

- voltage between terminals 1 and 2 of contact N13 with open circuit: 5 Vdc
- current between terminals 1 and 2 of contact N13 with closed circuit: 5 mA

5. Configuration and start-up



DANGER

All the configurations and start-up operations must be carried out exclusively by a SKILLED TECHNICIAN (paragraph 2.2.1).

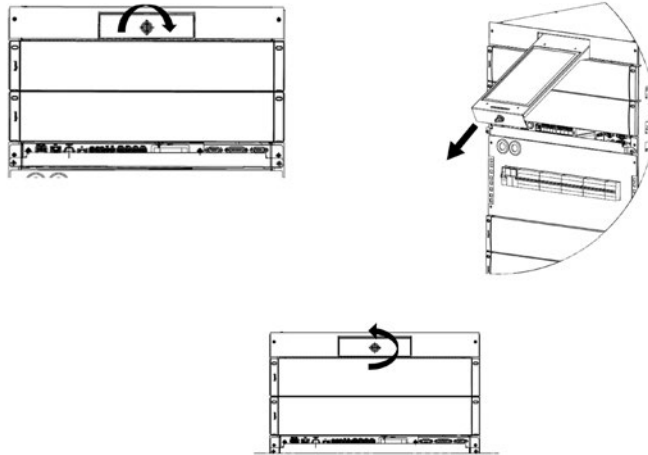
5.1 Pre-start-up checks

Before powering the equipment, carry out the following checks:

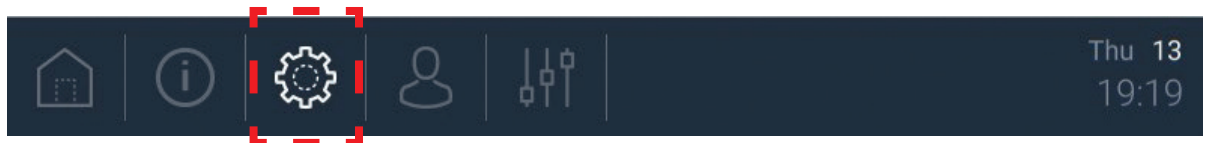
1. Close all the distribution panels on the UPS cabinet.
2. Check that the input breaker is open (OFF position).
3. Check that the bypass breaker is open (OFF position).
4. Check that the output breaker is open (OFF position).
5. Check that the battery disconnectors of the external battery cabinets (if present) are open.
6. Check that the maintenance breaker is open (OFF position).
7. Check that the input and output wiring has been done and that all the connections have been tightened up properly.
8. Check the correct phase sequence of the input and bypass line (if separate).
9. Check that the parameters (voltage and frequency) of the mains input are compatible with those shown on the UPS rating plate.
10. Check that all the power modules are inserted properly and that the fixing screws are screwed up to abut the relative slots (use hex socket M6x16 screws along with M6 toothed washers).
11. Check that all the battery drawers (if present) are inserted properly and that the fixing screws are screwed up to abut the relative slots (use hex socket M6x16 screws along with M6 toothed washers).
12. Check the presence of the EPO terminal according to the setting (see paragraph 4.5.1)

5.2 Start-up procedure

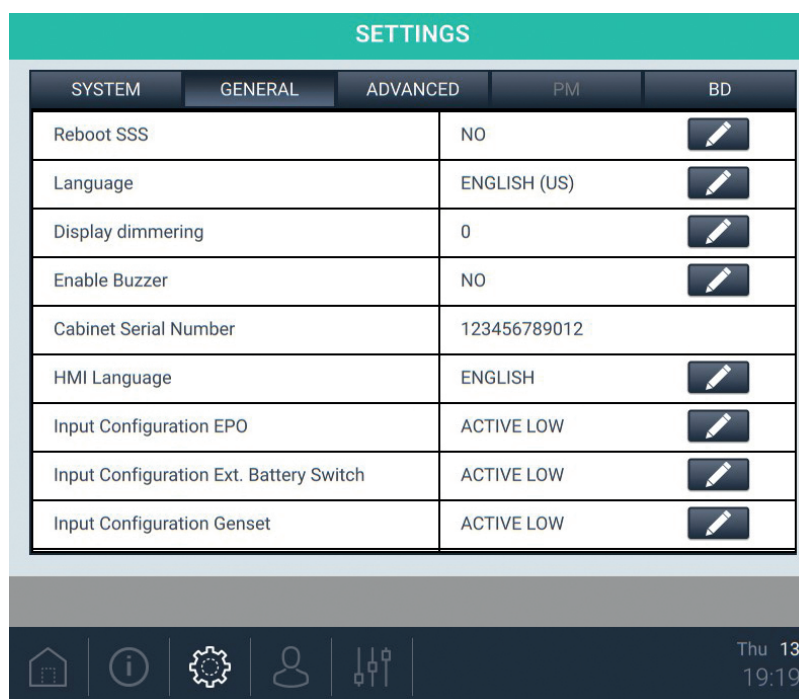
The display has to be pulled out as indicated in the following pictures:



1. Insert the battery fuses into the appropriate fuse breakers of the external battery cabinets (if present).
2. Close the Cold Start breaker (ON position). Press for at least 5 seconds the COLD START button of the SSS interface. The display turns on and the UPS boot starts.
3. The UPS boot ends when the LEDs on the power modules turn to steady blue. Tap on the *Settings* icon of the menu bar at the bottom of the display.

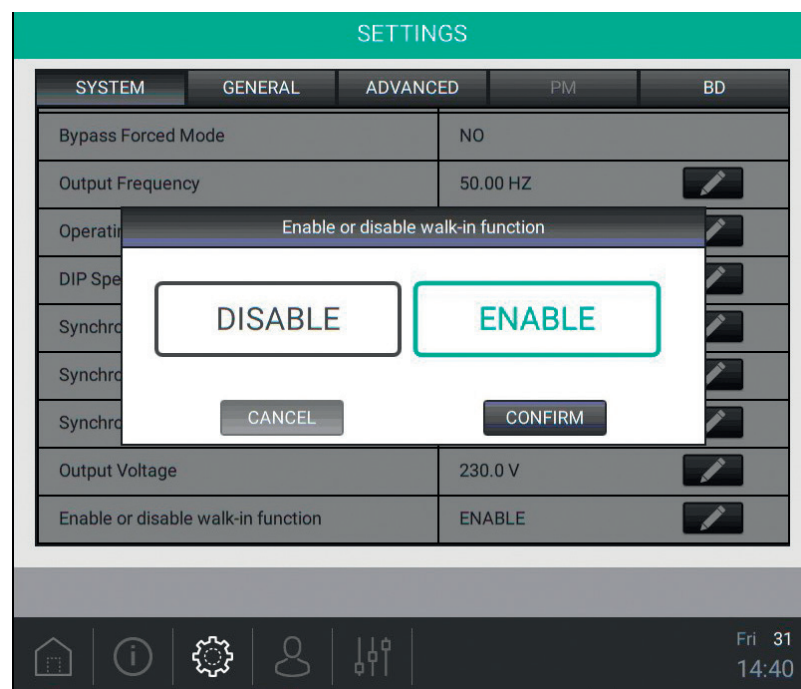
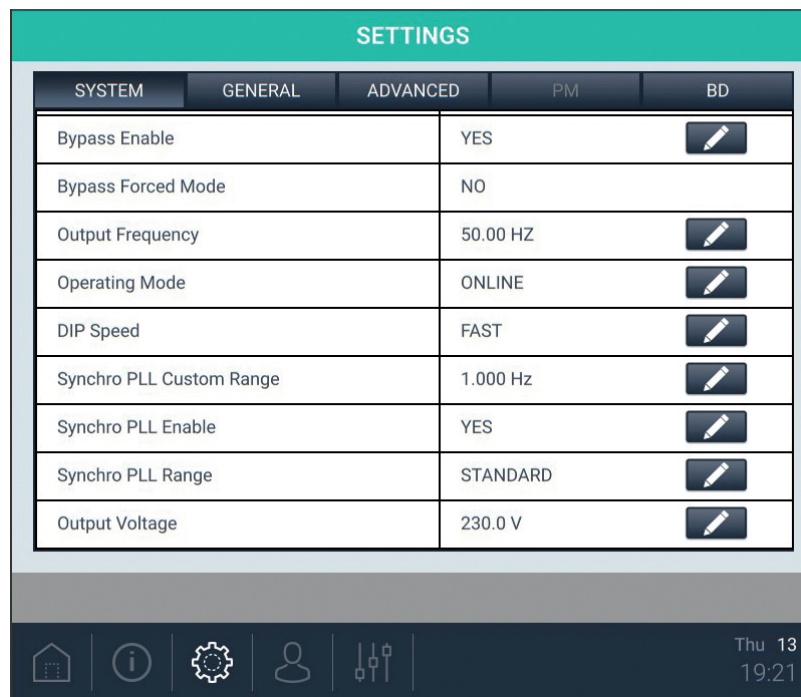


4. Choose the desired language in the tab *GENERAL* by tapping on the pencil icon on the item *Language*.

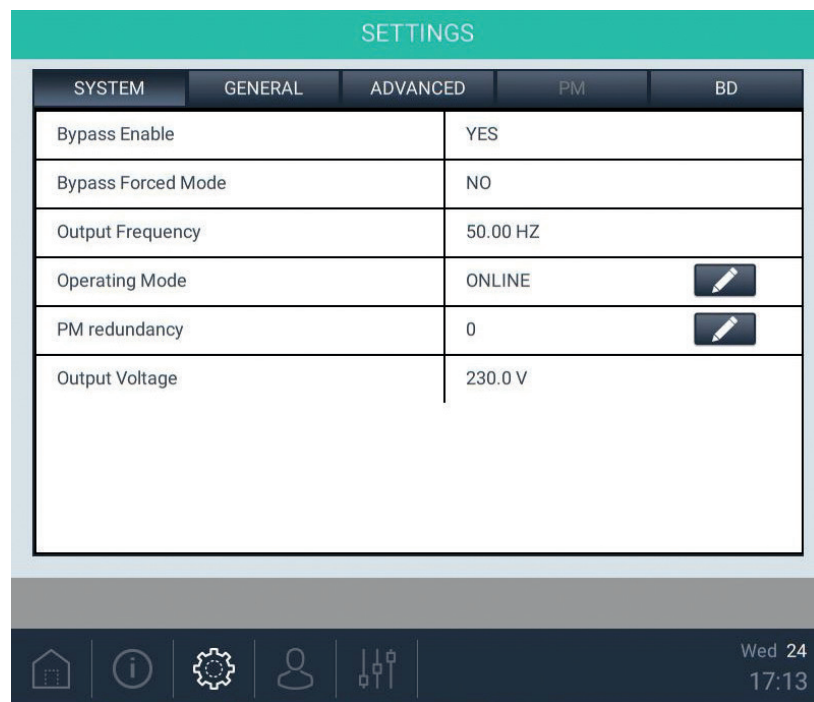


5. Configuration and start-up

- Set the desired voltage and frequency output in the tab *SYSTEM* by tapping on the pencil icon on the items *Output Voltage* and *Output Frequency*.
In the same tab there is also the item *Enable or disable walk-in function*. If the UPS turns from battery mode to normal mode while it is connected to an external generator, especially with full load, there could be some frequency fluctuations causing a condition where the bypass is not available. If the walk-in function is enabled, the PM are not turned from battery mode to normal mode all together; they are turned to normal mode one by one with a time interval of 2 seconds. Tap on the pencil icon of the item *Enable or disable walk-in function* and select *ENABLE* or *DISABLE*.

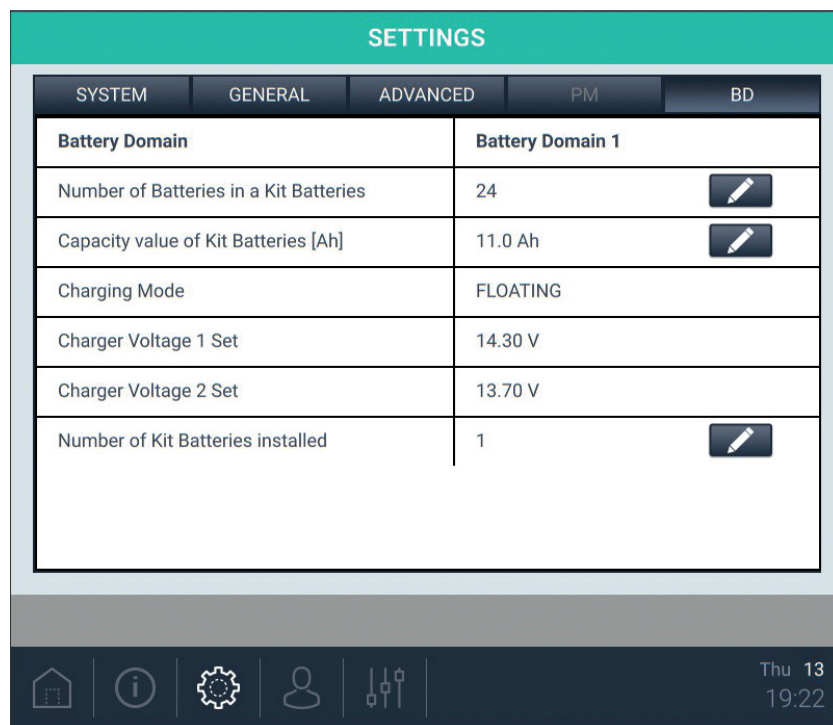


6. If there is the additional PM for redundancy, tap on the SYSTEM tab. Then, tap on the *Pencil* icon of the item *PM redundancy*. The default value is 0. Select the value 1 if the additional PM for redundancy is installed.

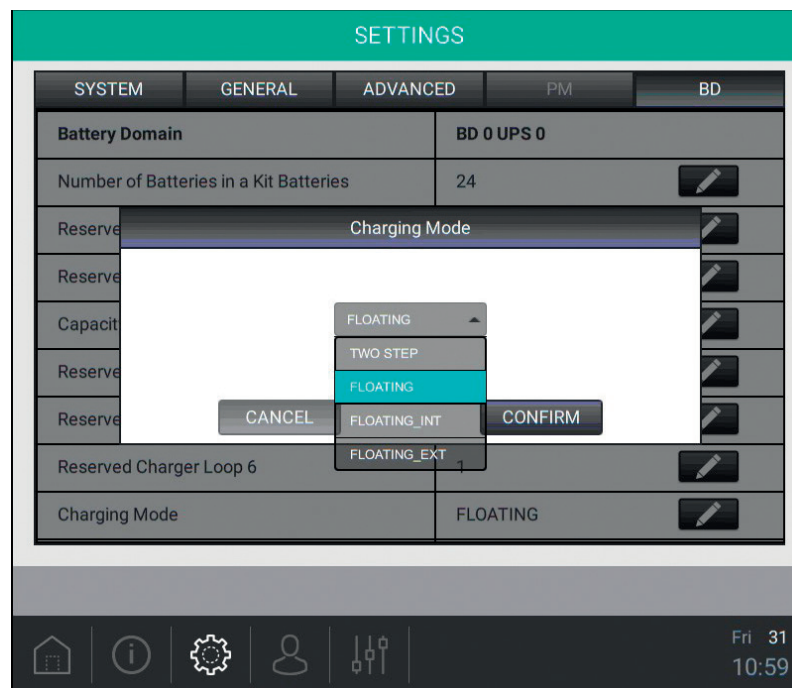


5. Configuration and start-up

7. Select the tab BD to set the following parameters:
 - *Number of Batteries in a Kit Batteries*. For internal battery drawers, this is the number of batteries included in a single drawer and it is 22. Tap on the pencil icon to insert the correct value.
 - *Capacity value of Kit Batteries [Ah]*. This is the value of a single KB (Battery Kit) and for internal battery drawers is 9 or 11. Tap on the *pencil* icon to insert the correct value.
 - *Number of Kit Batteries installed*. For internal battery drawers, 1 KB (Battery Kit) is made up of two drawers and it represents a string of 44 batteries in series. Tap on the *pencil* icon to insert the correct value.

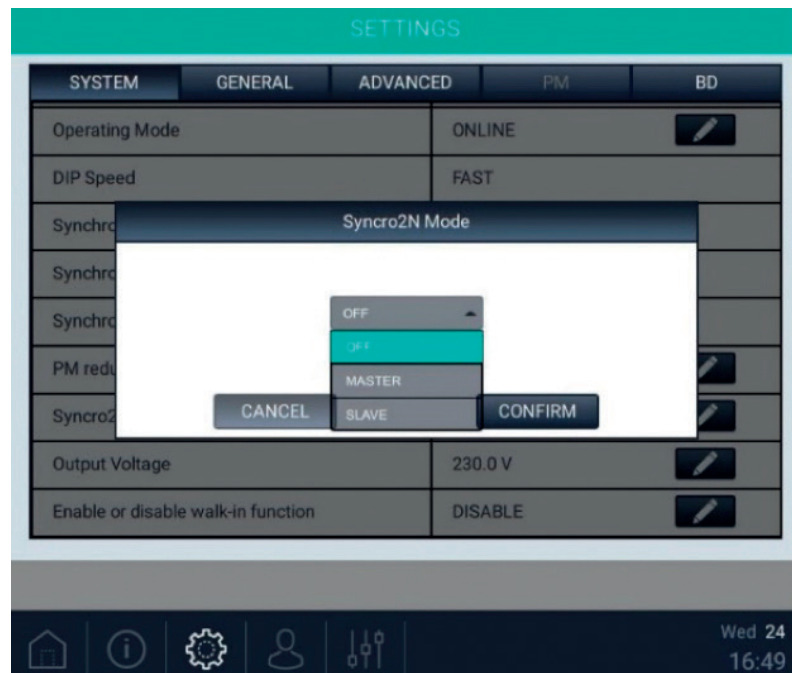


8. In the *BD* tab, select the the charge mode of the UPS. There are 2 modes available:
- Floating mode: the voltage on the batteries is maintained to 13.8 V. For this mode it is also possible to have a tune of the charging voltage according to the temperature detected by an internal sensor of the SSS (in case of internal battery drawers) or through an external sensor (in case of external battery cabinets).
 - 2 step mode: smart charge with an advanced cycle that limits any chance of overcharging or overheating the batteries.
- Tap on the pencil icon of the item *Charging Mode* and choose between these 4 options: *TWO STEP*, *FLOATING*, *FLOATING_INT* and *FLOATING_EXT*.
- The last two options refer to the floating mode with internal or external temperature control.



5. Configuration and start-up

9. If there are two Keor MOD RI systems connected to an STS (see paragraph 4.2.11), it is necessary to set a proper configuration for one of the UPS in each system.
 Tap on the *Settings* icon of the menu bar at the bottom of the display. Select the *System* tab.
 Tap on the pencil icon of the item *Syncro2N Mode*. If the UPS is part of the system which is the primary source of supply to the load through the STS, select *MASTER*. If the UPS is part of the secondary system which is the alternative source, select *SLAVE*.



10. Provide the mains supply to the UPS by closing the input/bypass breakers (ON position). Close also the Cold Start breaker (ON position).
 11. Ensure that the EPO is connected to the SSS interface (the default setting is NC).
 Tap on the *General Commands* icon of the menu bar at the bottom of the display. Find the item *System Power On* and tap on the button *ON* to turn on the UPS.
 12. The LEDs on the power modules turn to steady yellow while they are powered from the batteries. When they are powered from the mains and the UPS is on-line, the LEDs turn to steady green.
 13. Check that the output voltage and frequency values set correspond with the requirements of the load. If not, turn off the UPS and set the correct values (see step 6).
 14. Provide the power supply to the load by closing the output breaker (ON position).
 15. Close the rack cabinet door and remove the key.

DANGER

Do not remove the power modules during the functioning of the UPS without activating the hot-swap procedure (described in paragraph 6.3.1). The removal of one or more power modules without the proper use of the hot-swap procedure could damage the equipment.

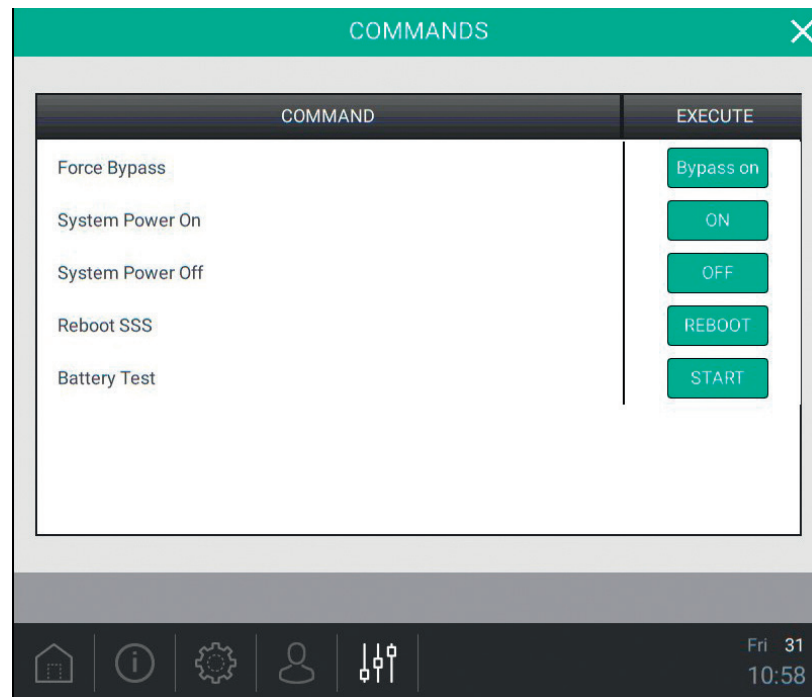
CAUTION

The keys to open the rack cabinet door and the installation manual must not be left at the disposal of the operator.

5.3 Turning off the UPS

Follow this procedure in case there is the need to turn off the UPS:

1. Tap on the *General Commands* icon of the menu bar at the bottom of the display.
2. Then locate the item *System Power Off* and tap on the button *OFF* to turn off the UPS.



3. The LEDs on the power modules turn to steady blue when they are in stand-by mode and the UPS is no longer supplying the load.

DANGER

In this stand-by condition there are still hazardous voltages on the UPS.

To disconnect the UPS from all sources of supply:

- open the mains input/bypass and Cold Start breakers (OFF position);
- open all the fuse breakers of the external battery cabinets (if present);
- remove at least one battery drawer for every shelf present to interrupt the battery string.

6. Maintenance



DANGER

INSTALLATION and ORDINARY MAINTENANCE operations must be carried out only by SKILLED TECHNICIANS (paragraph 2.2.1).

EXTRAORDINARY MAINTENANCE operations must be carried out only by LEGRAND TECHNICAL SUPPORT SERVICE. LEGRAND declines all liability for any injury or damage caused by activities carried out differently from the instructions written in this manual.

6.1 Preventive maintenance

The UPS does not contain parts for preventative maintenance by the operator.

The operator must regularly perform:

- a general external cleaning;
- a check to verify there is no alarm indication on the display;
- a check to verify the correct functioning of the ventilating fans on each power module.

6.2 Periodical checks

The correct functioning of the UPS must be guaranteed by periodical maintenance inspections. These are essential to safeguard the reliability of the equipment.

These inspections should also be made to determine if components, wiring, and connections exhibit evidence of overheating.

During a maintenance inspection, the skilled technician must carry out the following checks:

- no alarm presence;
- list of the memorised events;
- correct function of the static and maintenance bypass;
- integrity of the electrical installation;
- flow of cold air;
- battery status;
- characteristics of the applied load;
- conditions of the installation location.

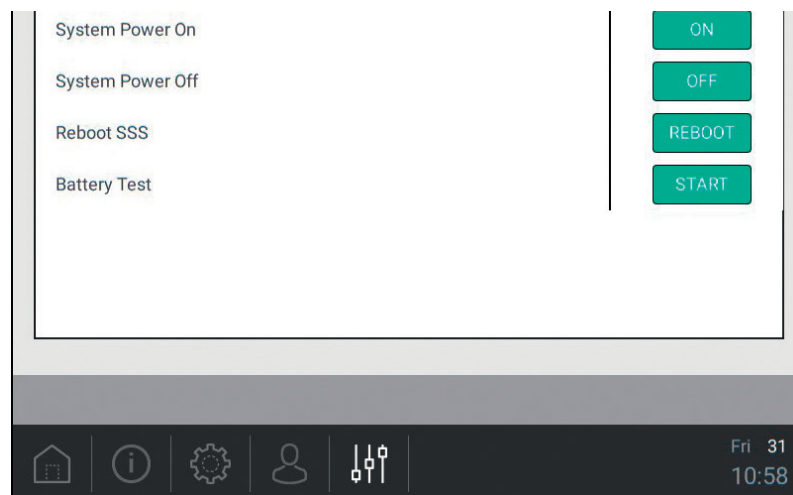
Contact the LEGRAND Technical Support Service in case of problems.



WARNING

The periodical checks involve operations inside the UPS in presence of dangerous voltages. Only maintenance personnel trained by LEGRAND are authorized to intervene.

It is also possible to perform an automatic battery test. With this function, only one PM is switched to battery mode to verify the battery status. Tap on the *General Commands* icon of the menu bar at the bottom of the display. Find the item *Battery Test* and tap on the button *START*.



CAUTION

Do not power off the UPS during a battery test.

6.3 Ordinary maintenance

6.3.1 Hot-swap procedure for the replacement of power modules

The hot-swap procedure makes it possible to replace a faulty power module while the load is powered by the UPS in on-line mode. In case of a black-out during the procedure, there is no risk to power off the load since it is supplied by the other power modules.

INDICATION

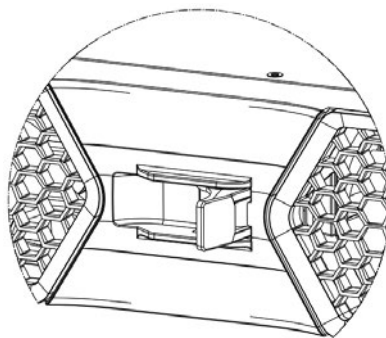
To use this function, the UPS must have at least two power modules and the output power required must not be above the one available during the hot-swap procedure.

Always replace just one PM at a time.

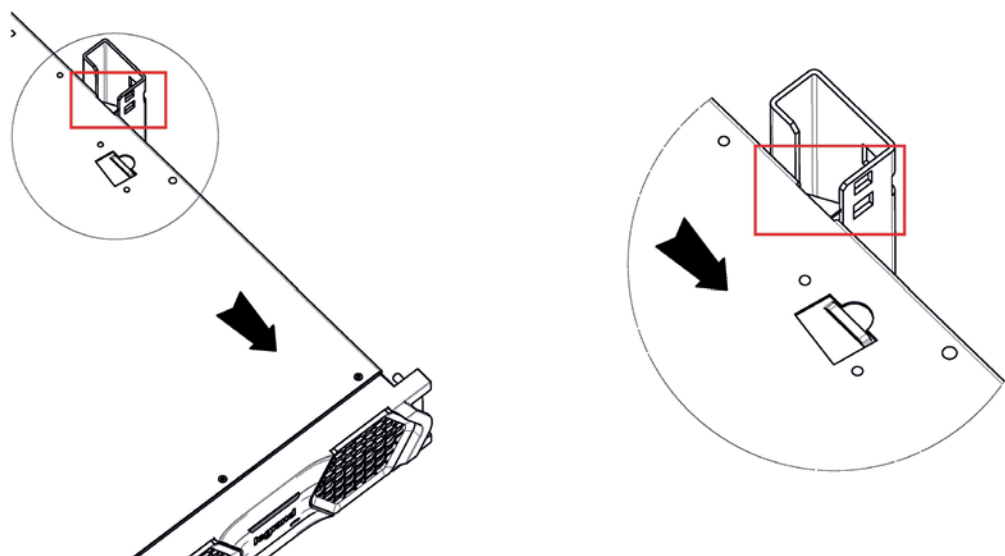
If the load power does not allow the hot-swap without overload, perform the manual bypass mode maintenance procedure.

The following is the hot-swap procedure:

1. Check that the load connected to the UPS allows the power module replacement without causing an overload.
2. Open the frontal switch of the PM that must be replaced. When the frontal switch is open, it is not possible to restart the PM by simply closing it. It is necessary to extract the PM.

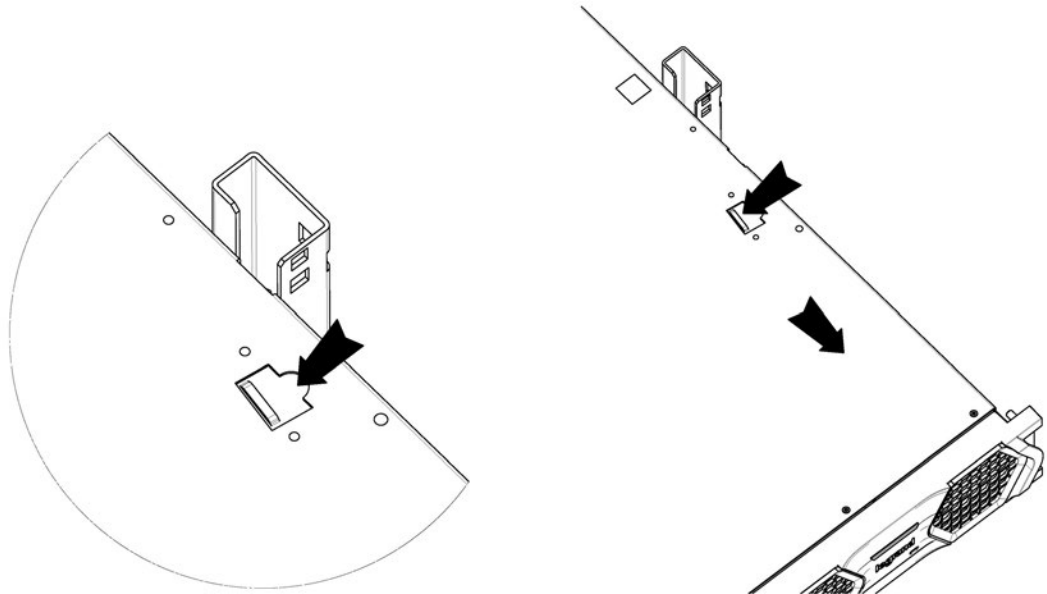


3. Initially, the LED on the PM turns blue. Wait until it turns white: the PM is ready to be replaced.
4. Unscrew the fixing screws of the PM and save them.
5. Extract the PM until the safety block prevents the extraction from continuing.

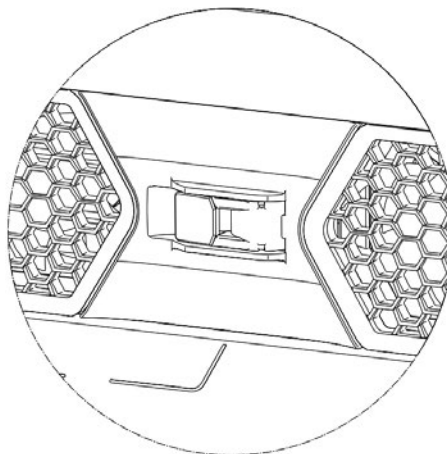


6. Maintenance

6. Push the safety hook located on the top right of the PM to unlock the block and pull the PM to finalize the extraction.



7. Insert the new PM on the free slot making sure that the frontal switch is open and that the module is in abutment.
8. Fix the PM to the cabinet using the screws previously unscrewed.
9. Close the frontal switch of the PM.



10. The LED on the PM turns red. After the boot of the PM, the LED turns blue. Next, the PM starts in battery mode (yellow LED). Finally, the LED turns green and the PM is powered by the mains.

INDICATION

If one or more screws are lost, use only hex socket M6x16 screws along with M6 toothed washers to fix the power modules.

CAUTION

If there is a hot-swap replacement of a PM and the UPS battery charger status was set to OFF, it is important to verify its status at the end of the procedure. If the charger has turned on, it is necessary to change the status to OFF.

6.3.2 Installation/replacement of power modules with the UPS in maintenance bypass mode

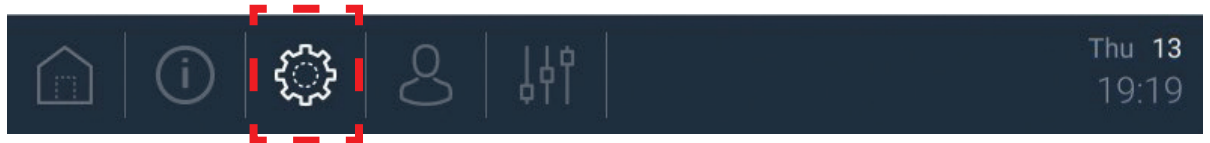
If the hot-swap procedure explained in the previous paragraph is not applicable, it is possible to replace or even to add PM with the UPS in maintenance bypass mode.

INDICATION

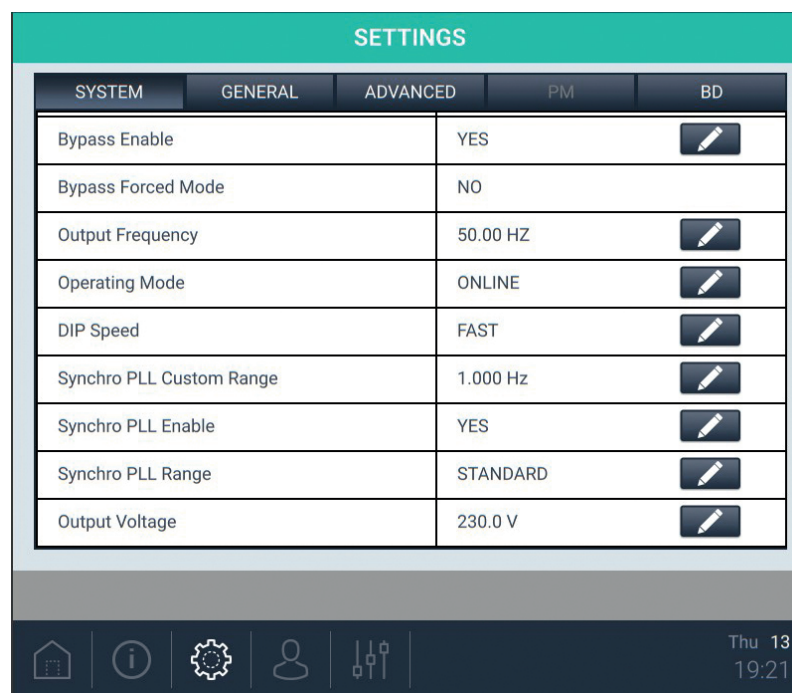
During this procedure, the load is not protected by the UPS because it is powered from the bypass input line.

6.3.2.1 Setting the UPS in maintenance bypass mode

1. Tap on the *Settings* icon of the menu bar at the bottom of the display.



2. Check on the tab *System* that the item *Bypass Enable* is set to YES. If not, tap on the item and enable the bypass.

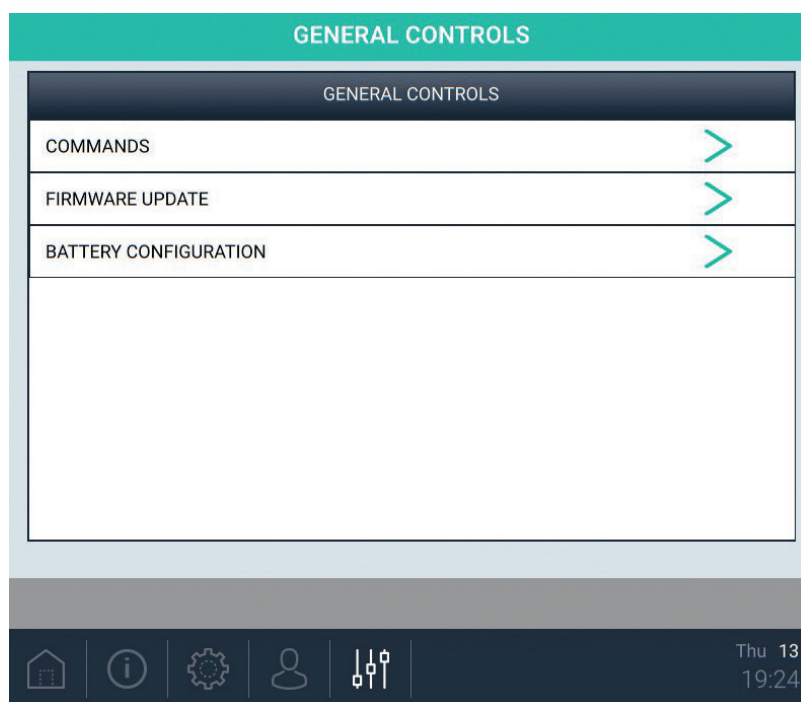


6. Maintenance

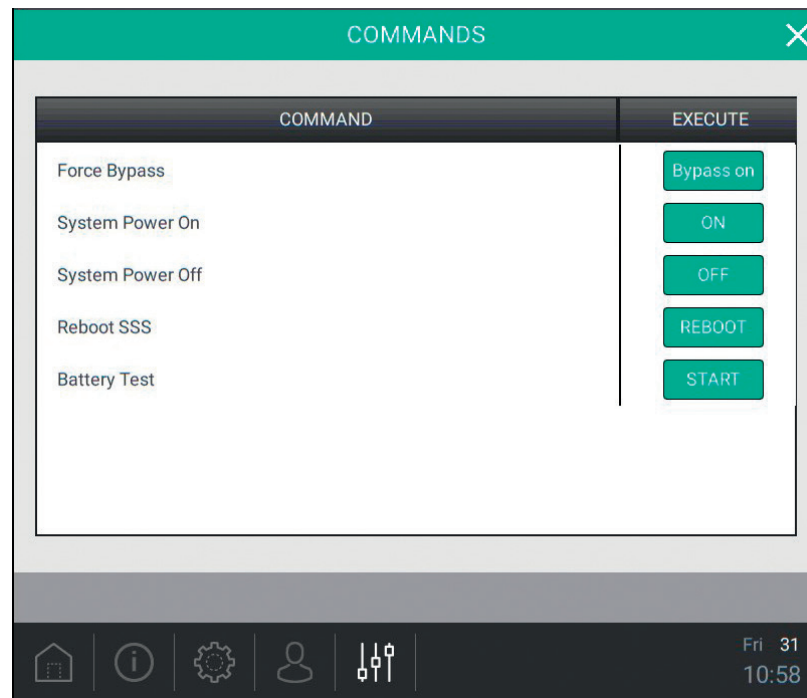
3. Tap on the *General Commands* icon of the menu bar at the bottom of the display.



4. Tap on the icon > of the item *COMMANDS*.



5. Tap on the *Bypass on* button of the item *Force Bypass*. The LEDs of the PM blink fast in orange.



6. Close the maintenance breaker by bringing it to the ON position. The load is powered directly from the bypass line.
7. Turn OFF the UPS by following the procedure described at paragraph 5.3. The LEDs of the PM turn to blue when the PM are in stand-by mode.
8. If present, open the battery disconnectors of the external battery cabinets.

 **DANGER**

If there are battery drawers installed in the cabinet, some internal parts of the UPS are still live with dangerous voltage. Remove at least one battery drawer for every shelf present to interrupt the battery string.

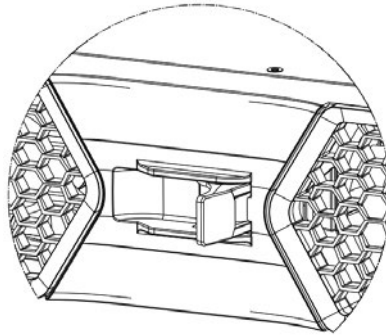
6. Maintenance

6.3.2.2 Installation/replacement of power modules

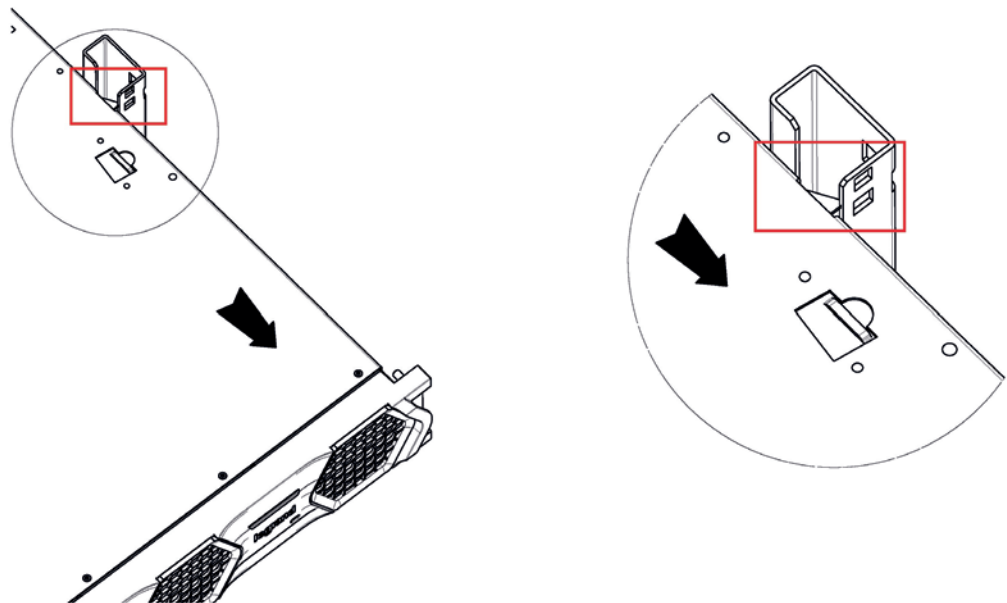
Check that the procedure for setting the maintenance bypass mode described in paragraph 6.3.2.1 has been applied.

To replace a PM:

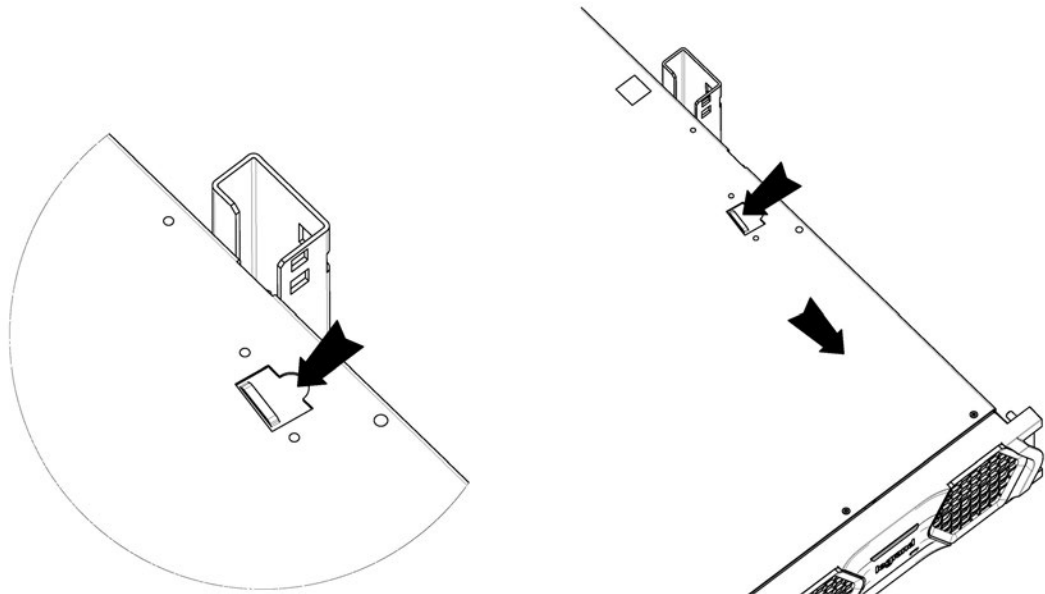
1. Open the frontal switch of the PM to be replaced.



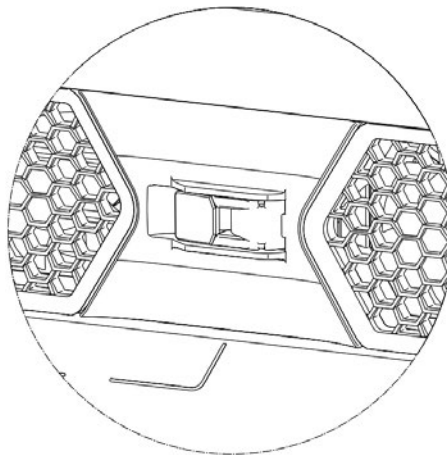
2. Unscrew the fixing screws of the PM and save them.
3. Extract the PM until the safety block prevents to continue the extraction.



4. Push the safety hook located on the top right of the PM to unlock the block and pull the PM to finalize the extraction.



5. Insert the new PM on the free slot making sure that the frontal switch is open and that the module is in abutment.
6. Fix the PM to the cabinet using the screws previously unscrewed.
7. Close the frontal switch of the PM and wait until the LED of the PM turns blue.



To add a PM:

1. Unscrew the screws of the protective cover of a free slot starting from the top of the cabinet.
2. Insert the new PM on the free slot making sure that the frontal switch is open and that the module is in abutment.
3. Fix the module using the screws previously unscrewed.
4. Close the frontal switch of the PM.

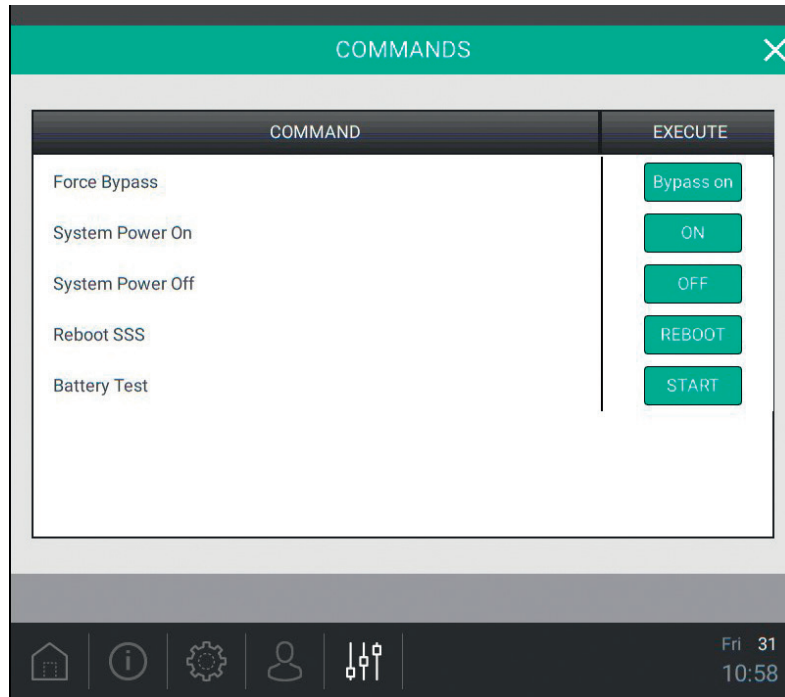
INDICATION

If one or more screws are lost, use only hex socket M6x16 screws along with M6 toothed washers to fix the power modules.

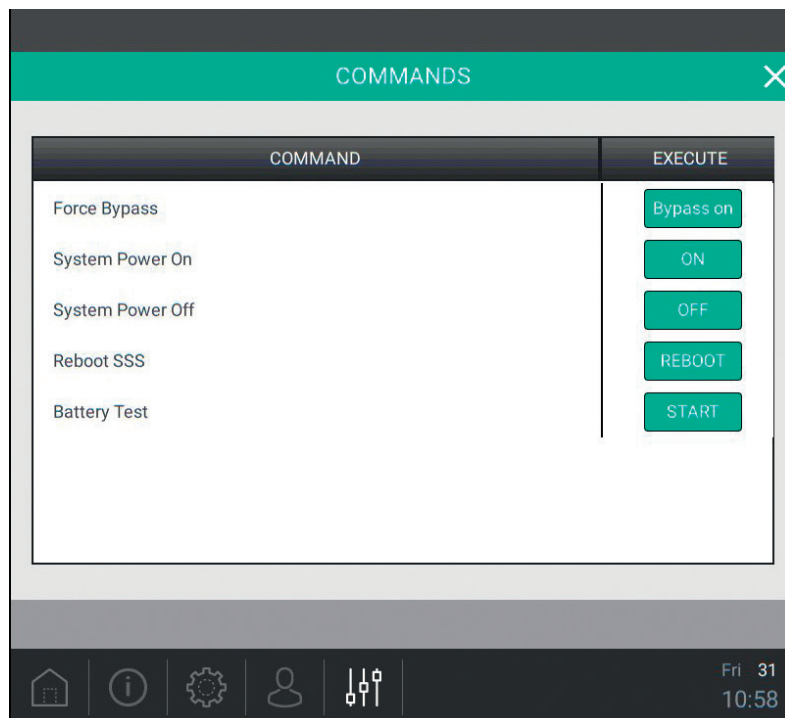
6. Maintenance

6.3.2.3 Exit the UPS from the maintenance bypass mode

1. If present, close the battery disconnectors of the external battery cabinets and insert all the internal battery drawers.
2. Tap on the *General Commands* icon of the menu bar at the bottom of the display. Find the item *System Power On* and tap on the button *ON* to turn on the UPS.



3. Wait for the UPS boot until the LEDs of the PM blink fast in orange.
4. Open the maintenance breaker by bringing it to the OFF position
5. Tap on the *General Commands* icon of the menu bar at the bottom of the display. Tap on the icon > of the item *COMMANDS*. Tap on the *Bypass off* button of the item *Force Bypass*. The LEDs of the PM turn to steady green.



6.3.3 Replacement of the SSS drawer

Contact the LEGRAND Technical Support Service to know the procedure to replace the SSS drawer.

6. Maintenance

6.4 Battery drawers replacement



WARNING

A battery can present a risk of electrical shock and high short circuit current. Read and apply the safety instructions in chapter 2 before operating on batteries

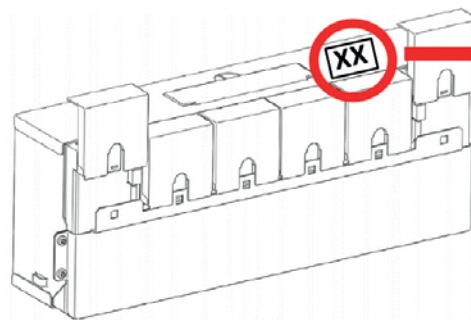
INDICATION

The battery drawers must always be added/removed in multiples of two (1 KB consists of two battery drawers). Always replace just one KB at a time. If one KB is added, start from the free slots at the top which are covered by protective covers. If a KB is completely removed, install the protective covers to block any access to live parts. If the installation/removal procedure changes the total number of KB installed in the UPS, it is necessary to update this setting from the control panel.



CAUTION

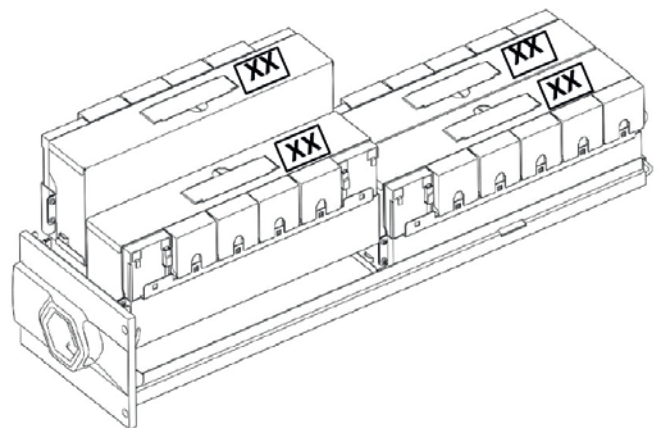
A drawer must be made up of batteries of the same brand and of the same manufacturing date.



CHECK THE BATTERY CODE LABEL ON THE BATTERY BLOCK



XX	XX
XX	XX



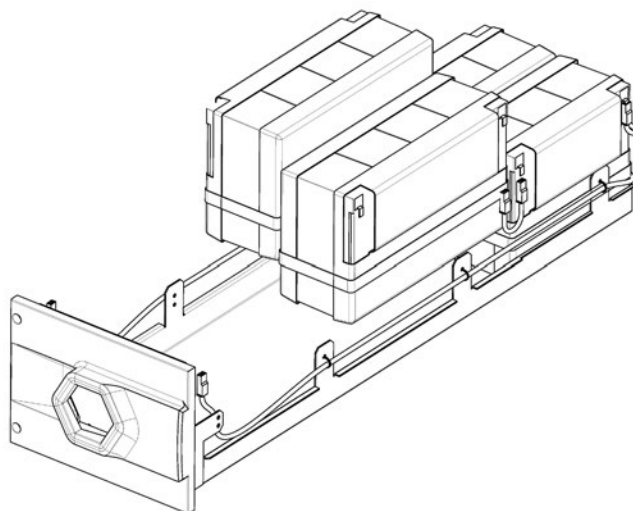
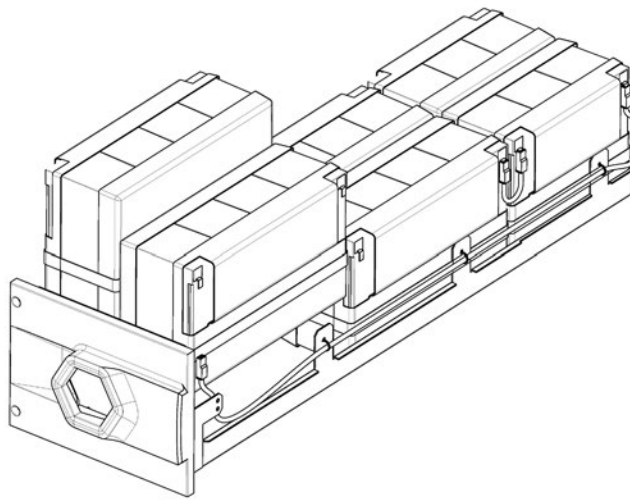
XX	YY
YY	XX

DO NOT MIX DIFFERENT BATTERY CODES ON THE SAME DRAWER!

6.4.1 Installation/replacement of battery drawers with UPS in on-line mode

To replace a battery drawer:

1. Check that there is at least 1KB every 25kVA of nominal UPS power.
2. Check that the UPS is not working in battery mode and that the battery charger is in the "maintenance" or "standby" state.
3. Extract the battery drawer.
4. Remove all the battery packs from the drawer.



5. Follow the procedure shown at paragraph 4.4 to insert a new battery drawer

INDICATION

If the UPS turns to battery mode during these operations, do not continue the installation/replacement. It is possible to resume the operations when the UPS turns to on-line mode.

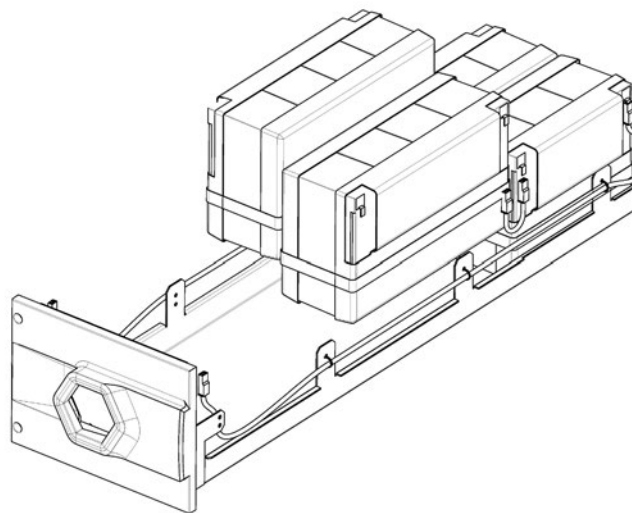
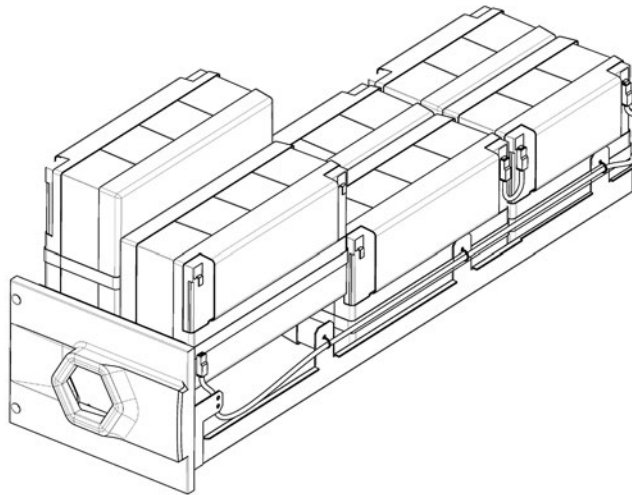
When there is a black-out during the replacement of battery drawers, the backup time is reduced. It is necessary to carefully assess this event before starting with the installation/replacement procedure.

6. Maintenance

6.4.2 Installation/replacement of battery drawers with UPS in maintenance manual bypass

To replace a battery drawer:

1. Follow the procedure described in paragraph 6.3.2.1 for setting the UPS in maintenance bypass mode.
2. Extract the battery drawer.
3. Remove all the battery packs from the drawer.



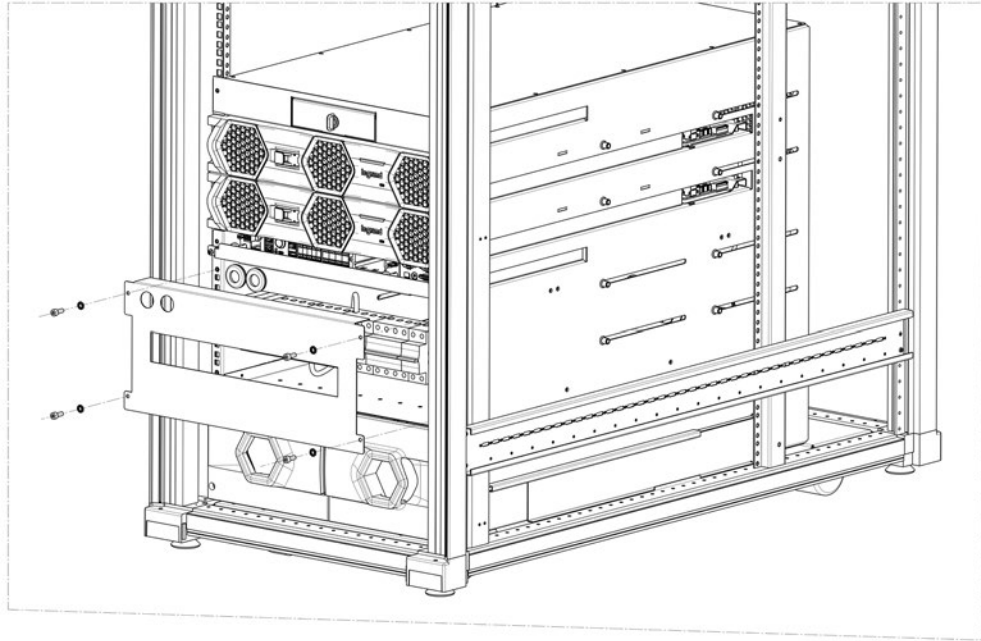
4. Follow the procedure shown at paragraph 4.4 to insert a new battery drawer
5. Follow the procedure described in paragraph 6.3.2.3 to exit from the maintenance bypass mode.

INDICATION

During the installation/replacement operations, the load is not protected by the UPS because it is powered from the bypass input line.

6.5 Replacing the fuses and surge arrester (DIN rail)

A surge arrester and two fuse holders can be found in the DIN rail where there are the breakers. It is necessary to open the front panel for the replacement.



The first fuse holder contains a 16A GG 10x38mm fuse (LG-013316). It is in series to the surge arrester.

The second fuse holder contains a 2A GG 10x38mm fuse (LG-013302). It is in series to the input bypass disconnecter release coil.

The surge arrester is a T2 40kA 1P SPD (LG-412230).

INDICATION

It is mandatory to verify monthly the indication on the surge arrester. The device works correctly if the indicator is green. If the device is damaged, the indicator is red and the surge arrester must be replaced.

6.6 Extraordinary maintenance

Contact the LEGRAND Technical Support Service if there are failures that require the access to internal parts of the UPS.

7. Warehousing



DANGER

All storage operations must be carried out only by a **SKILLED TECHNICIAN** (paragraph 2.2.1)



DANGER

A SKILLED TECHNICIAN must check that there is no voltage present before disconnecting the cables. All the battery isolator switches on the external battery cabinet must be open.

The battery drawers of the UPS and of the external battery cabinet (if present) must be removed.

7.1 UPS

The UPS must be stored in an environment with a room temperature between -25°C (-13°F) and +55°C (+131°F) and humidity less than 95% (not condensing).

7.2 Batteries

It is possible to store batteries without recharging them in the following conditions:

- up to 6 months if the temperature is between +20°C (+68°F) and +30°C (+86°F);
- up to 3 months if the temperature is between +30°C (+86°F) and +40°C (+104°F);
- up to 2 months if the temperature is over +40°C (+104°F).



CAUTION

Batteries must never be stored if partially or totally discharged.

LEGRAND is not liable for any damage or bad functioning caused to the UPS by wrong warehousing of the batteries.

8. Dismantling



DANGER

Dismantling and disposal operations must be carried out only by a **SKILLED TECHNICIAN** (paragraph 2.2.1). The instructions in this chapter are to be considered indicative: in every country there are different regulations regarding the disposal of electronic or hazardous waste such as batteries. It is necessary to strictly adhere to the standards in force in the country where the equipment is used.
Do not throw any component of the equipment in the ordinary rubbish.

8.1 Battery disposal

Batteries must be disposed of in a site intended for the recovery of toxic waste. Disposal in the traditional rubbish is not allowed. Apply to the competent agencies in your countries for the proper procedure.



WARNING

A battery may constitute a risk of electric shock and high short-circuit current. When working on batteries, the prescriptions indicated in chapter 2 must be adhered to.

8.2 UPS dismantling

The dismantling of the UPS must occur after the dismantling of the various parts it consists of. For the dismantling operations, it is necessary to wear the Personal Protective Equipment mentioned in paragraph 2.3. Sub-divide the components separating the metal from the plastic, from the copper and so on according to the type of selective waste disposal in the country where the equipment is dismantled. If the dismantled components must be stored before their disposal, be careful to keep them in a safe place protected from atmospheric agents to avoid soil and groundwater contamination.

8.3 Electronic component dismantling

For the disposal of electronic waste, it is necessary to refer to the relevant standards.



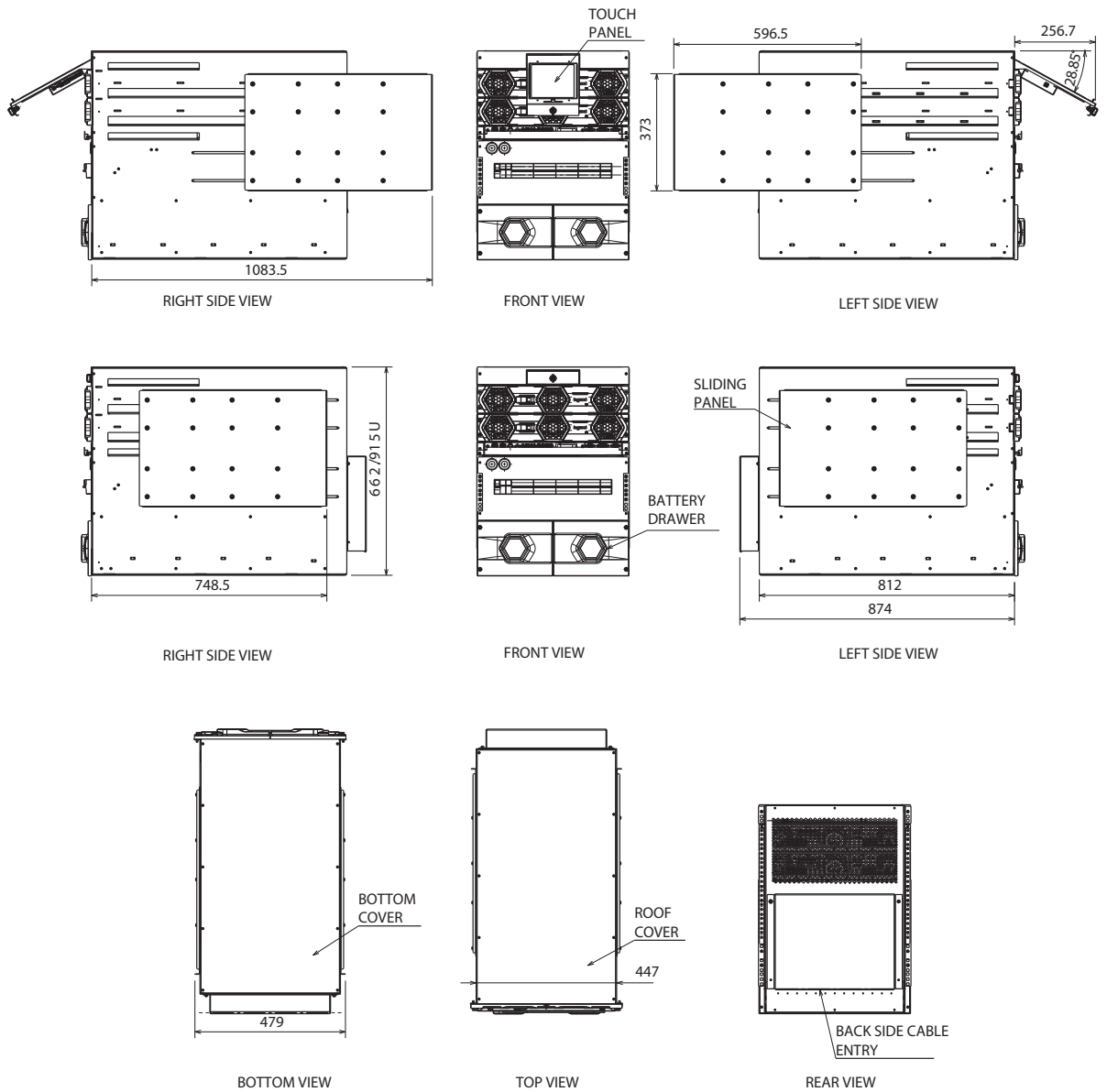
This symbol indicates that in order to prevent any negative effects on the environment and on people, this product should be disposed of separately from other household waste, by taking it to authorised collection centres, in accordance with the EU countries local waste disposal legislations. Disposing of the product without following local regulations may be punished by law. It is recommended to check that this equipment subject to WEEE legislations in the country where it is used.

9. Mechanical characteristics

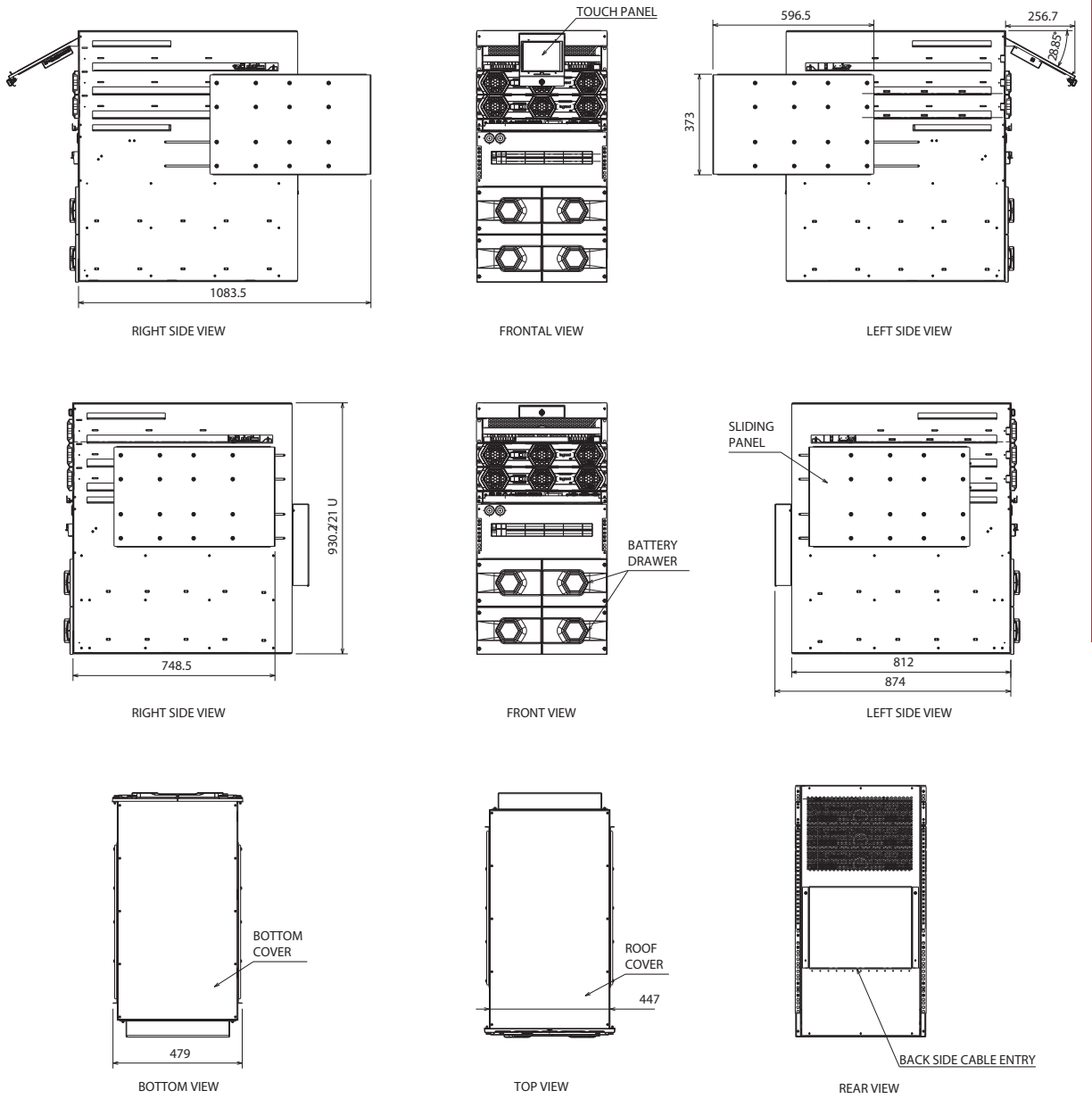
Keor MOD RI UPS are sold as empty power cabinets. It is necessary to purchase the power modules and the battery drawers separately.

9.1 Cabinets

(all the dimensions are in mm)



3 111 34 Keor MOD RI 25 kVA

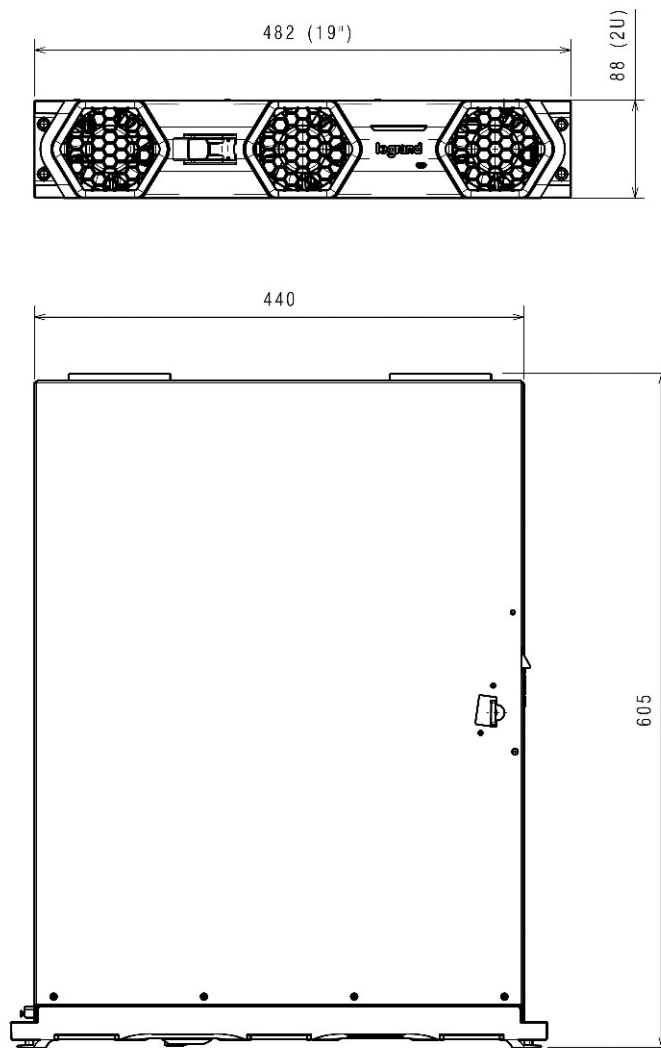


3 111 35 Keor MOD RI 50 kVA

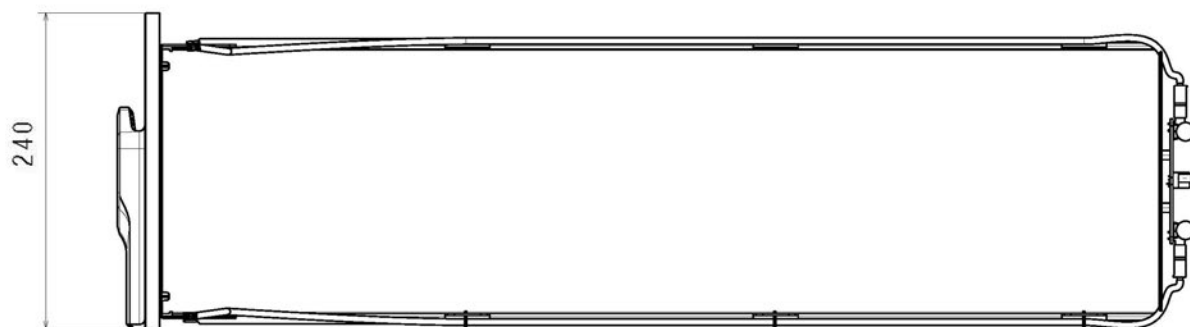
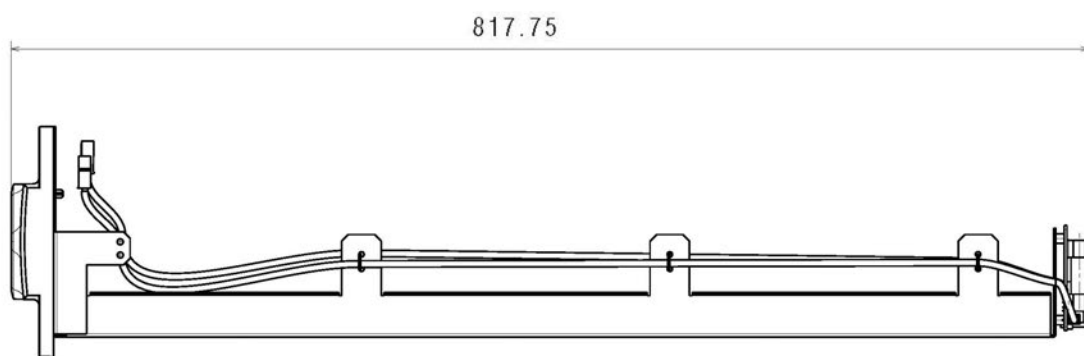
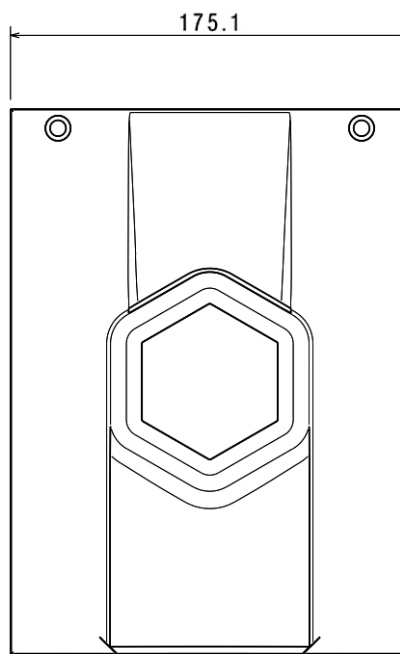
9. Mechanical characteristics

9.2 Power module PM25

(all the dimensions are in mm)



9.3 Battery drawer
(all the dimensions are in mm)



10. Technical data

Main features

	3 111 34 Keor MOD RI 25	3 111 35 Keor MOD RI 50
Nominal Power (kVA)	25	50
Active Power (kW)	25	50
Number of power modules	1 (1 free slot for redundancy)	2 (1 free slot for redundancy)
Technology	online, double conversion VFI-SS-11 (EN IEC 62040-3)	
IN/OUT configuration	Three-phase / Three-phase	
Dual Input	Available	
UPS system	Modular, expandable and redundant	
Neutral system	Neutral passing straight from input to output (not isolated)	
Bypass	Automatic (static) Manual (for maintenance)	
Overvoltage category	OVC II	
Protection Class (EN/IEC 61140)	I	
AC power distribution system compatibility	TN, TT	

Input electrical characteristics

	3 111 34 Keor MOD RI 25	3 111 35 Keor MOD RI 50
Rated input current (A) (full load and 400V input voltage)	38	76
Maximum input current (A) (full load and 320V input voltage)	47	94
Input voltage (V)	400 + 15% - 20% (3P+N+PE)	
Input frequency (Hz)	50 / 60 ± 2% or 50 / 60 +14% - 6% (autosensing and/or selectable by the user)	
Input Power Factor	> 0.99	
Total harmonic distortion of the input current	THDi < 4% (at full load)	
Icp Prospective short-circuit current (kA)	10	

Output electrical characteristics (normal mode)

	3 111 34 Keor MOD RI 25	3 111 35 Keor MOD RI 50
Rated output current (A) (full load and 400V input voltage)	36	72
Maximum output current (A) (full load and 380V input voltage)	38	76
Output voltage (V)	380/400/415 ± 1% (3P+N+PE)	
Output frequency (Hz)	50 / 60 (selectable by the user)	
Range of the output frequency	If synchronized with the bypass frequency: adjustable range from +14% to -6% If not synchronized (free run): ± 0.1 Hz	
Crest factor admitted on the output current	3:1	
Total harmonic distortion of the output voltage	THDv < 3.3% (measured according to EN IEC 62040-3)	
Efficiency in Normal Mode	up to 96.5%	
Efficiency in Eco Mode	up to 98.8%	
Overload capacity	125% for 10 minutes without automatic bypass intervention 150% for 60 seconds without automatic bypass intervention	

Output electrical characteristics (stored energy mode)

	3 111 34 Keor MOD RI 25	3 111 35 Keor MOD RI 50
Output voltage (V)	380/400/415 ± 1%	
Output frequency (Hz)	50 / 60 Hz ± 1%	
Total harmonic distortion of the output voltage	THDv < 3.2% (measured according to EN IEC 62040-3)	
Overload capacity	115% for 10 minutes	
Shortcircuit	I _{cc} = 3 I _n for 50 ms	

10. Technical data

Batteries and battery charger characteristics

	3 111 34 Keor MOD RI 25	3 111 35 Keor MOD RI 50
Nominal battery voltage (V)	± 264 (44 blocks)	
Battery voltage range (V)	± 264 to ± 312 (44-52 blocks)	
Battery wiring	Internal batteries string made up of 2 drawers (one drawer has 22 batteries: 4 blocks of 4 batteries and 2 blocks of 3 batteries)	
Battery type	External batteries VRLA 12 Vdc - 9 Ah 12 Vdc - 11 Ah	
Type of battery charger	High performance PWM, one for each power module Smart charge technology (3-stage advanced cycle)	
Maximum recharge current (A)	5 (for each power module)	

Features

	3 111 34 Keor MOD RI 25	3 111 35 Keor MOD RI 50
Display	10-inch colour touchscreen	
Communication ports	2 x RS485 ports (one for external accessories) 10 input floating contacts 8 output floating contacts 1 interface slot USB host port	
Protections	Backfeed protections (NC/NO auxiliary contact) Emergency Power Off (EPO) Electronic against overloads, short-circuit and excessive battery discharge Block of functions due to the end of autonomy In-rush limiter on start up Internal battery circuit fuses (for internal battery drawers)	
Remote management	available	

Mechanical characteristics

	3 111 34 Keor MOD RI 25	3 111 35 Keor MOD RI 50
Net weight (kg)	67	72
Dimensions H x W x D (mm)	663 (15U) x 447 x 874	930 (21U) x 447 x 874
Installable power modules PM25 3 106 75	up to 2 (1 only for redundancy)	up to 3 (1 only for redundancy)
Installable battery drawers	2	4
PM25 net weight (kg)	22.5	
Weight of one battery drawer (kg)	63 (9Ah batteries) 71 (11Ah batteries)	

Environmental conditions

	3 111 34 Keor MOD RI 25	3 111 35 Keor MOD RI 50
Operating temperature (°C)	0 ÷ +40	
Relative humidity during operation	0% ÷ 95% non-condensing	
Storage temperature (°C)	-25 ÷ +55 (excluding batteries)	
Noise level at 1 metre (dBA)	50 ÷ 65 (one PM 25)	
Pollution degree	PD2	
Climatic class EN IEC 60721-3-3	3K22	
Special climatic class EN IEC 60721-3-3	3Z2	
Biological class EN IEC 60721-3-3	3B2	
Mechanical active substances class EN IEC 60721-3-3	3S5	
Mechanical class EN IEC 60721-3-3	3M11	
Ingress Protection Code	IP 20	
Operating height	up to 1000 metres above sea level without derating	
Heat dissipation with full load (BTU/h)	3560	7120

Reference directives and standards

	3 111 34 Keor MOD RI 25	3 111 35 Keor MOD RI 50
Marks	CE, CMIM, UKCA	
Safety	2014/35/EU Directive EN IEC 62040-1	
EMC	2014/30/EU Directive EN IEC 62040-2	
Performance and test requirements	EN IEC 62040-3	

11. Tables



CAUTION

The choice of the type and section of the power cables must be done according to the voltage and rated current as well as the local wiring standards and regulations. It is a responsibility of the installation engineer. The input current and the output power of the UPS are indicated in chapter 10 and the battery current in table 5 of this chapter.

The following tables give an indication of the wire cross sections to use if the wires are unipolar with simple PVC installation and installation in tube in the air.

TABLE 1

POWER	INPUT CABLE	BYPASS CABLE (in case of separate bypass line)	OUTPUT CABLE
25 kVA	5 x 16 mm ²	5 x 16 mm ²	5 x 16 mm ²
50 KVA	5 x 35 mm ²	5 x 35 mm ²	5 x 35mm ²

INDICATION

Only flexible cables must be used.

TABLE 2

Maximum wire cross sections and maximum crimping lugs

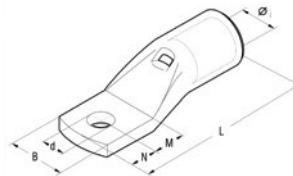


TABLE 2

POWER	
25 kVA	up to 50 mm ²
50 KVA	B = 11,5 mm (M6 contained palm width)

INDICATION

Only flexible cables must be used.

TABLE 3
Automatic breaker recommended for input and bypass line

POWER	AUTOMATIC CIRCUIT BREAKER
25 kVA	In=50 A curve C I _{cp} ≥10kA
50 kVA	In=100 A curve C I _{cp} ≥10kA

TABLE 4
Residual current breaker recommended for input and bypass line

POWER	RESIDUAL CURRENT BREAKER (I _{Δn})
25 kVA	≥ 300 mA type B
50 kVA	

TABLE 5
Maximum current absorbed by the batteries at full load and recommended wire cross sections for connecting the UPS to the external battery cabinets

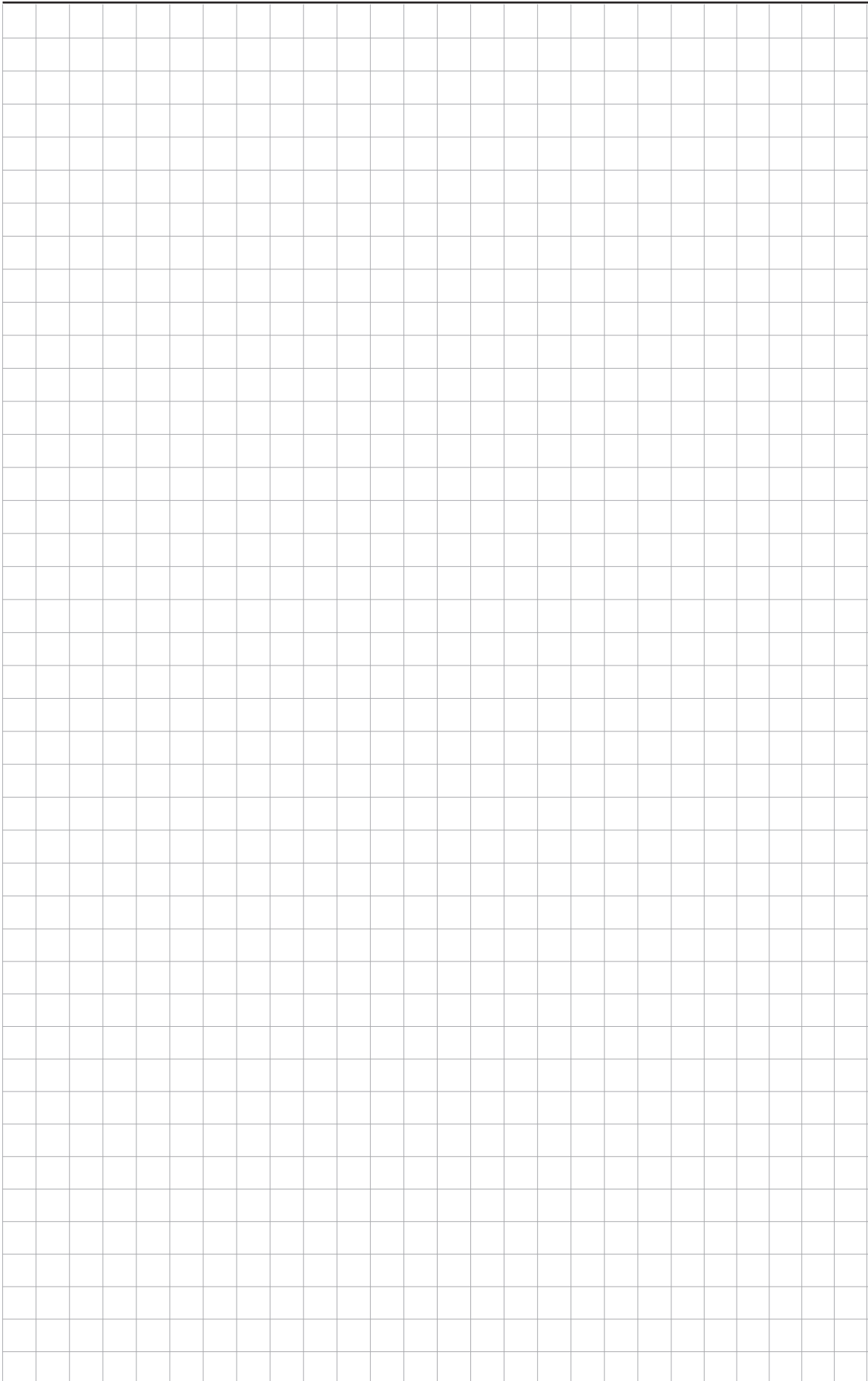
POWER	MAXIMUM BATTERY CURRENT	RECOMMENDED WIRE CROSS SECTION
25 kVA	65 A	3 x 25mm ²
50 kVA	130 A	3 x 50mm ²

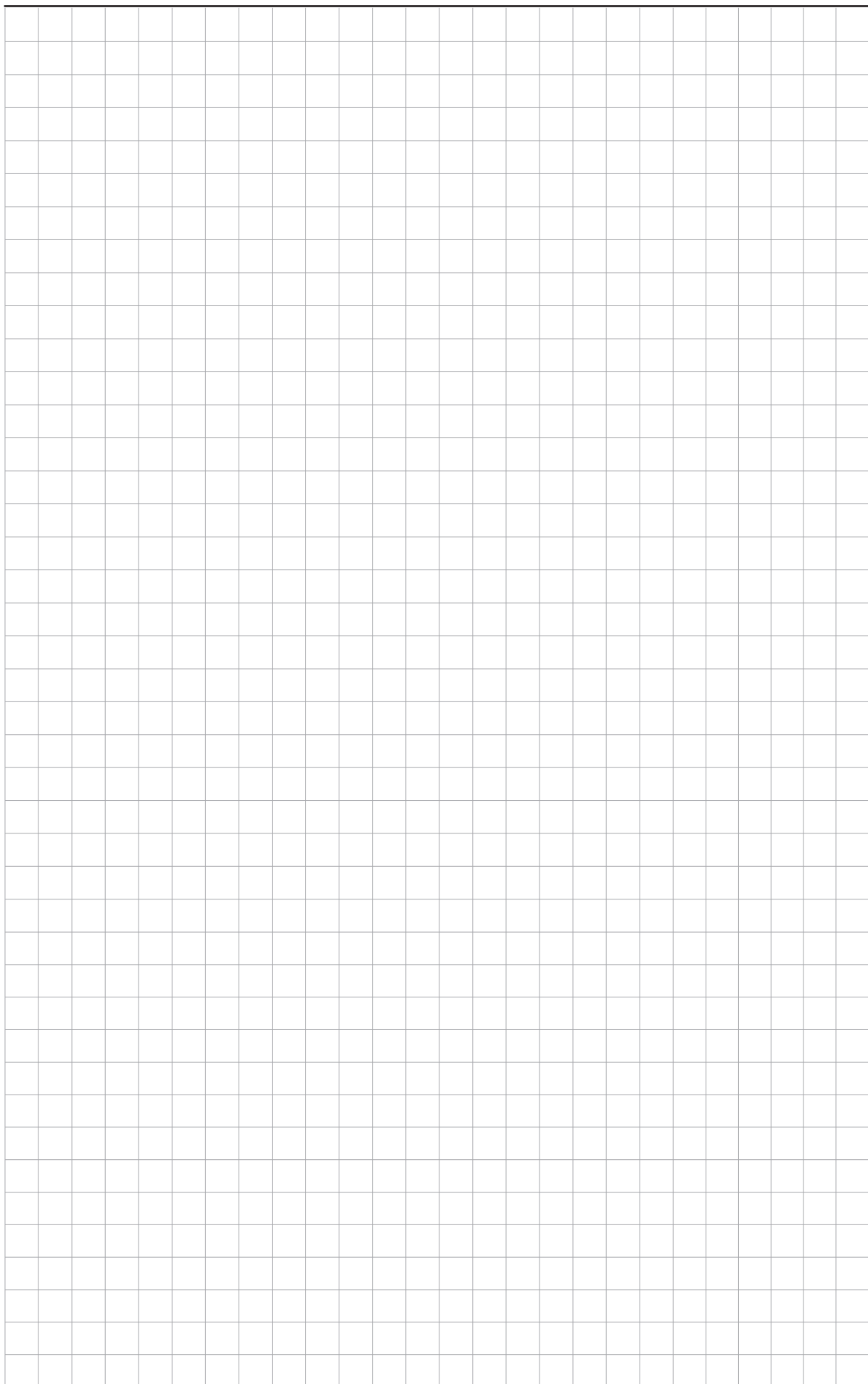
INDICATION

The maximum length of the battery cables is 25m. Only flexible cables must be used.

TABLE 6
External battery cabinets

ITEM CODE	CABINET DIMENSION (L X D X H) mm	SWITCHES AND PROTECTION KIT	BATTERIES (Ah)
3 109 65	1200 x 900 x 1900	1x FUSE HOLDER 3P NH2 400A - 3x aR FUSE 315A	70-93
3 109 67	1200 x 900 x 1900	1x FUSE HOLDER 3P NH2 400A - 3x aR FUSE 350A	105
3 109 44	1200 x 900 x 1900	1x FUSE HOLDER 3P NH1 250A - 3x aR FUSE 250A	55
3 109 89	2 cabinets 810 x 840 x 1900	2 cabinets 2x FUSE HOLDER 3P NH2 400A - 3x gR FUSE 315A	80





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